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(21) International Application Number: PCT/US99/15838 (22) International Filing Date: 14 July 1999 (14.07.99) (30) Priority Data: <table border="0"> <tr> <td>09/115,453</td> <td>14 July 1998 (14.07.98)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/116,134</td> <td>14 July 1998 (14.07.98)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/159,822</td> <td>23 September 1998 (23.09.98)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/159,812</td> <td>23 September 1998 (23.09.98)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/232,880</td> <td>15 January 1999 (15.01.99)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/232,149</td> <td>15 January 1999 (15.01.99)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/288,946</td> <td>9 April 1999 (09.04.99)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> </table> (71) Applicant: CORIXA CORPORATION [US/US]; Suite 200, 1124 Columbia Street, Seattle, WA 98104 (US). (72) Inventors: DILLON, Davin, Clifford; 21607 N.E. 24th Street, Redmond, WA 98053 (US). HARLOCKER, Susan, Louise; 6203 20th Avenue N.W., Seattle, WA 98107 (US). YUQIU, Jiang; 5001 South 232nd Street, Kent, WA 98032 (US). XU, Jiangchun; 15805 S.E. 43rd Place, Bellevue, WA 98006 (US). MITCHAM, Jennifer, Lynn; 16677 Northeast 88th Street, Redmond, WA 98052 (US).		09/115,453	14 July 1998 (14.07.98)	US	09/116,134	14 July 1998 (14.07.98)	US	09/159,822	23 September 1998 (23.09.98)	US	09/159,812	23 September 1998 (23.09.98)	US	09/232,880	15 January 1999 (15.01.99)	US	09/232,149	15 January 1999 (15.01.99)	US	09/288,946	9 April 1999 (09.04.99)	US	(74) Agents: MAKI, David, J. et al.; Seed and Berry LLP, 6300 Columbia, 701 Fifth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104-7092 (US). (81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published <i>Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.</i>
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09/288,946	9 April 1999 (09.04.99)	US																					
(54) Title: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER (57) Abstract <p>Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more prostate tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a prostate tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as prostate cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a prostate tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.</p>																							

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COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates generally to therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The invention is more specifically related to polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, and to polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides. Such polypeptides and polynucleotides may be used in vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions for prevention and treatment of prostate cancer, and for the diagnosis and monitoring of such cancers.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Prostate cancer is the most common form of cancer among males, with an estimated incidence of 30% in men over the age of 50. Overwhelming clinical evidence shows that human prostate cancer has the propensity to metastasize to bone, and the disease appears to progress inevitably from androgen dependent to androgen refractory status, leading to increased patient mortality. This prevalent disease is currently the second leading cause of cancer death among men in the U.S.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for the disease, prostate cancer remains difficult to treat. Commonly, treatment is based on surgery and/or radiation therapy, but these methods are ineffective in a significant percentage of cases. Two previously identified prostate specific proteins - prostate specific antigen (PSA) and prostatic acid phosphatase (PAP) - have limited therapeutic and diagnostic potential. For example, PSA levels do not always correlate well with the presence of prostate cancer, being positive in a percentage of non-prostate cancer cases, including benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH). Furthermore, PSA measurements correlate with prostate volume, and do not indicate the level of metastasis.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for these and other cancers, prostate cancer remains difficult to diagnose and treat effectively. Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved methods for detecting and treating such cancers. The present invention fulfills these needs and further provides other related advantages.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Briefly stated, the present invention provides compositions and methods for the diagnosis and therapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. In one aspect, the present

invention provides polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof. Certain portions and other variants are immunogenic, such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished. Within certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: (a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; (b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and (c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b). In certain specific embodiments, such a polypeptide comprises at least a portion, or variant thereof, of a tumor protein that includes an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

The present invention further provides polynucleotides that encode a polypeptide as described above, or a portion thereof (such as a portion encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein), expression vectors comprising such polynucleotides and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors.

Within other aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within a related aspect of the present invention, vaccines are provided. Such vaccines comprise a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions that comprise: (a) an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein; and (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B cells.

Within related aspects, vaccines are provided that comprise: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides, in other aspects, fusion proteins that comprise at least one polypeptide as described above, as well as polynucleotides encoding such fusion proteins.

Within related aspects, pharmaceutical compositions comprising a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier are provided.

Vaccines are further provided, within other aspects, that comprise a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition or vaccine as recited above.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the protein from the sample.

Within related aspects, methods are provided for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated as described above.

Methods are further provided, within other aspects, for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide as described above; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and/or (iii) an antigen presenting cell that expresses such a polypeptide; under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells. Isolated T cell populations comprising T cells prepared as described above are also provided.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population as described above.

The present invention further provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and (iii) an antigen-presenting cell that expressed such a polypeptide; and (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient. Proliferated cells may, but need not, be cloned prior to administration to the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited

above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within preferred embodiments, the binding agent is an antibody, more preferably a monoclonal antibody. The cancer may be prostate cancer.

The present invention also provides, within other aspects, methods for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient. Such methods comprise the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample a level of a polynucleotide, preferably mRNA, that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and (c) comparing the level of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within certain embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected via polymerase chain reaction using, for example, at least one oligonucleotide primer that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide. Within other embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected using a hybridization technique, employing an oligonucleotide probe that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide.

In related aspects, methods are provided for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides antibodies, such as monoclonal antibodies, that bind to a polypeptide as described above, as well as diagnostic

kits comprising such antibodies. Diagnostic kits comprising one or more oligonucleotide probes or primers as described above are also provided.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached drawings. All references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS AND SEQUENCE IDENTIFIERS

Figure 1 illustrates the ability of T cells to kill fibroblasts expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S, as compared to control fibroblasts. The percentage lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated.

Figures 2A and 2B illustrate the ability of T cells to recognize cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S. In each case, the number of γ -interferon spots is shown for different numbers of responders. In Figure 2A, data is presented for fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide, as compared to fibroblasts pulsed with a control E75 peptide. In Figure 2B, data is presented for fibroblasts expressing P502S, as compared to fibroblasts expressing HER-2/*neu*.

Figure 3 represents a peptide competition binding assay showing that the P1S#10 peptide, derived from P501S, binds HLA-A2. Peptide P1S#10 inhibits HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58 peptide to CTL clone D150M58 in TNF release bioassay. D150M58 CTL is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58.

Figure 4 illustrates the ability of T cell lines generated from P1S#10 immunized mice to specifically lyse P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets, as compared to EGFP-transduced Jurkat A2Kb. The percent lysis is shown as a series of effector to target ratios, as indicated.

Figure 5 illustrates the ability of a T cell clone to recognize and specifically lyse Jurkat A2Kb cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P501S, thereby demonstrating that the P1S#10 peptide may be a naturally processed epitope of the P501S polypeptide.

Figures 6A and 6B are graphs illustrating the specificity of a CD8⁺ cell line (3A-1) for a representative prostate tumor antigen (P501S). Figure 6A shows the results of a ⁵¹Cr release assay. The percent specific lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated. Figure 6B shows the production of interferon-gamma by 3A-1 cells stimulated with autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S, at varying effector:target ratios as indicated.

SEQ ID NO: 1 is the determined cDNA sequence for F1-13

SEQ ID NO: 2 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-12

SEQ ID NO: 3 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for F1-12
SEQ ID NO: 4 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-16
SEQ ID NO: 5 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-1
SEQ ID NO: 6 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-9
SEQ ID NO: 7 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-4
SEQ ID NO: 8 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 9 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 10 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 11 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 12 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 13 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 14 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-13
SEQ ID NO: 15 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-13
SEQ ID NO: 16 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-19
SEQ ID NO: 17 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-19
SEQ ID NO: 18 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-25
SEQ ID NO: 19 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-25
SEQ ID NO: 20 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-24
SEQ ID NO: 21 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-24
SEQ ID NO: 22 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for K1-58
SEQ ID NO: 23 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-58
SEQ ID NO: 24 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for K1-63
SEQ ID NO: 25 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-63
SEQ ID NO: 26 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-4
SEQ ID NO: 27 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-4
SEQ ID NO: 28 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-14
SEQ ID NO: 29 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-14
SEQ ID NO: 30 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-12
SEQ ID NO: 31 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-16
SEQ ID NO: 32 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-21
SEQ ID NO: 33 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-48
SEQ ID NO: 34 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-55
SEQ ID NO: 35 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-2
SEQ ID NO: 36 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-6
SEQ ID NO: 37 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1858
SEQ ID NO: 38 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1860
SEQ ID NO: 39 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1861

SEQ ID NO: 40 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1864
SEQ ID NO: 41 is the determined cDNA sequence for P5
SEQ ID NO: 42 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8
SEQ ID NO: 43 is the determined cDNA sequence for P9
SEQ ID NO: 44 is the determined cDNA sequence for P18
SEQ ID NO: 45 is the determined cDNA sequence for P20
SEQ ID NO: 46 is the determined cDNA sequence for P29
SEQ ID NO: 47 is the determined cDNA sequence for P30
SEQ ID NO: 48 is the determined cDNA sequence for P34
SEQ ID NO: 49 is the determined cDNA sequence for P36
SEQ ID NO: 50 is the determined cDNA sequence for P38
SEQ ID NO: 51 is the determined cDNA sequence for P39
SEQ ID NO: 52 is the determined cDNA sequence for P42
SEQ ID NO: 53 is the determined cDNA sequence for P47
SEQ ID NO: 54 is the determined cDNA sequence for P49
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SEQ ID NO: 57 is the determined cDNA sequence for P55
SEQ ID NO: 58 is the determined cDNA sequence for P60
SEQ ID NO: 59 is the determined cDNA sequence for P64
SEQ ID NO: 60 is the determined cDNA sequence for P65
SEQ ID NO: 61 is the determined cDNA sequence for P73
SEQ ID NO: 62 is the determined cDNA sequence for P75
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SEQ ID NO: 64 is the determined cDNA sequence for P79
SEQ ID NO: 65 is the determined cDNA sequence for P84
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SEQ ID NO: 72 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1A-3905
SEQ ID NO: 73 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3686
SEQ ID NO: 74 is the determined cDNA sequence for R1-2330
SEQ ID NO: 75 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1B-3976
SEQ ID NO: 76 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3679

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SEQ ID NO: 79 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4741
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SEQ ID NO: 81 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4734
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SEQ ID NO: 83 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4781
SEQ ID NO: 84 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4785
SEQ ID NO: 85 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4787
SEQ ID NO: 86 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4796
SEQ ID NO: 87 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4807
SEQ ID NO: 88 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4810
SEQ ID NO: 89 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4811
SEQ ID NO: 90 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1J-4876
SEQ ID NO: 91 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1K-4884
SEQ ID NO: 92 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1K-4896
SEQ ID NO: 93 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4761
SEQ ID NO: 94 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4762
SEQ ID NO: 95 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4766
SEQ ID NO: 96 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4770
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SEQ ID NO: 104 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4304
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SEQ ID NO: 106 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4280
SEQ ID NO: 107 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S)
SEQ ID NO: 108 is the predicted amino acid sequence for F1-12
SEQ ID NO: 109 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 110 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 111 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 112 is the predicted amino acid sequence for J1-17

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SEQ ID NO: 185 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4785
SEQ ID NO: 186 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4787

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SEQ ID NO: 194 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4761
SEQ ID NO: 195 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4762
SEQ ID NO: 196 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4766
SEQ ID NO: 197 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1H-4770
SEQ ID NO: 198 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1H-4771
SEQ ID NO: 199 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4772
SEQ ID NO: 200 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4309
SEQ ID NO: 201 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D.1-4278
SEQ ID NO: 202 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4288
SEQ ID NO: 203 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4283
SEQ ID NO: 204 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4304
SEQ ID NO: 205 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4296
SEQ ID NO: 206 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4280
SEQ ID NO: 207 is the determined cDNA sequence for 10-d8fwd
SEQ ID NO: 208 is the determined cDNA sequence for 10-H10con
SEQ ID NO: 209 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11-C8rev
SEQ ID NO: 210 is the determined cDNA sequence for 7.g6fwd
SEQ ID NO: 211 is the determined cDNA sequence for 7.g6rev
SEQ ID NO: 212 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b5fwd
SEQ ID NO: 213 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b5rev
SEQ ID NO: 214 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b6fwd
SEQ ID NO: 215 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b6 rev
SEQ ID NO: 216 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-d4fwd
SEQ ID NO: 217 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-d9rev
SEQ ID NO: 218 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-g3fwd
SEQ ID NO: 219 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-g3rev
SEQ ID NO: 220 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-h11rev
SEQ ID NO: 221 is the determined cDNA sequence for g-f12fwd
SEQ ID NO: 222 is the determined cDNA sequence for g-f3rev
SEQ ID NO: 223 is the determined cDNA sequence for P509S

SEQ ID NO: 224 is the determined cDNA sequence for P510S
SEQ ID NO: 225 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703DE5
SEQ ID NO: 226 is the determined cDNA sequence for 9-A11
SEQ ID NO: 227 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-C6
SEQ ID NO: 228 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-H7
SEQ ID NO: 229 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN13
SEQ ID NO: 230 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN14
SEQ ID NO: 231 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN23
SEQ ID NO: 232 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN24
SEQ ID NO: 233 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN25
SEQ ID NO: 234 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN30
SEQ ID NO: 235 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN34
SEQ ID NO: 236 is the determined cDNA sequence for PTPN35
SEQ ID NO: 237 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN36
SEQ ID NO: 238 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN38
SEQ ID NO: 239 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN39
SEQ ID NO: 240 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN40
SEQ ID NO: 241 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN41
SEQ ID NO: 242 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN42
SEQ ID NO: 243 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN45
SEQ ID NO: 244 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN46
SEQ ID NO: 245 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN51
SEQ ID NO: 246 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN56
SEQ ID NO: 247 is the determined cDNA sequence for PTPN64
SEQ ID NO: 248 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN65
SEQ ID NO: 249 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN67
SEQ ID NO: 250 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN76
SEQ ID NO: 251 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN84
SEQ ID NO: 252 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN85
SEQ ID NO: 253 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN86
SEQ ID NO: 254 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN87
SEQ ID NO: 255 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN88
SEQ ID NO: 256 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F1
SEQ ID NO: 257 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F2
SEQ ID NO: 258 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C2
SEQ ID NO: 259 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B1
SEQ ID NO: 260 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B2

SEQ ID NO: 261 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D3
SEQ ID NO: 262 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A4
SEQ ID NO: 263 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F5
SEQ ID NO: 264 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E6
SEQ ID NO: 265 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D6
SEQ ID NO: 266 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B5
SEQ ID NO: 267 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A6
SEQ ID NO: 268 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E8
SEQ ID NO: 269 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D7
SEQ ID NO: 270 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D9
SEQ ID NO: 271 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C10
SEQ ID NO: 272 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A9
SEQ ID NO: 273 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F12
SEQ ID NO: 274 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E12
SEQ ID NO: 275 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D11
SEQ ID NO: 276 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C11
SEQ ID NO: 277 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C12
SEQ ID NO: 278 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B12
SEQ ID NO: 279 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A12
SEQ ID NO: 280 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G2
SEQ ID NO: 281 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H1
SEQ ID NO: 282 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H2
SEQ ID NO: 283 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A3
SEQ ID NO: 284 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A4
SEQ ID NO: 285 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C3
SEQ ID NO: 286 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G4
SEQ ID NO: 287 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B6
SEQ ID NO: 288 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D6
SEQ ID NO: 289 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F5
SEQ ID NO: 290 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A8
SEQ ID NO: 291 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C7
SEQ ID NO: 292 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D7
SEQ ID NO: 293 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8D8
SEQ ID NO: 294 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E7
SEQ ID NO: 295 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F8
SEQ ID NO: 296 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G8
SEQ ID NO: 297 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B10

SEQ ID NO: 298 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C10
SEQ ID NO: 299 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E9
SEQ ID NO: 300 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E10
SEQ ID NO: 301 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F9
SEQ ID NO: 302 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H9
SEQ ID NO: 303 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C12
SEQ ID NO: 304 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E11
SEQ ID NO: 305 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E12
SEQ ID NO: 306 is the amino acid sequence for the peptide PS2#12
SEQ ID NO: 307 is the determined cDNA sequence for P711P
SEQ ID NO: 308 is the determined cDNA sequence for P712P
SEQ ID NO: 309 is the determined cDNA sequence for CLONE23
SEQ ID NO: 310 is the determined cDNA sequence for P774P
SEQ ID NO: 311 is the determined cDNA sequence for P775P
SEQ ID NO: 312 is the determined cDNA sequence for P715P
SEQ ID NO: 313 is the determined cDNA sequence for P710P
SEQ ID NO: 314 is the determined cDNA sequence for P767P
SEQ ID NO: 315 is the determined cDNA sequence for P768P
SEQ ID NO: 316-325 are the determined cDNA sequences of previously isolated genes
SEQ ID NO: 326 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PDE5
SEQ ID NO: 327 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PDE5
SEQ ID NO: 328 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P6.26
SEQ ID NO: 329 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P6.26
SEQ ID NO: 330 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PX-23
SEQ ID NO: 331 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PX-23
SEQ ID NO: 332 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for P509S
SEQ ID NO: 333 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for P707P (also referred to as 11-C9)
SEQ ID NO: 334 is the determined cDNA sequence for P714P
SEQ ID NO: 335 is the determined cDNA sequence for P705P (also referred to as 9-F3)
SEQ ID NO: 336 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P705P
SEQ ID NO: 337 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide P1S#10
SEQ ID NO: 338 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide p5
SEQ ID NO: 339 is the predicted amino acid sequence of P509S
SEQ ID NO: 340 is the determined cDNA sequence for P778P
SEQ ID NO: 341 is the determined cDNA sequence for P786P
SEQ ID NO: 342 is the determined cDNA sequence for P789P

SEQ ID NO: 343 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens MM46 mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 344 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens TNF-alpha stimulated ABC protein (ABC50) mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 345 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens mRNA for E-cadherin

SEQ ID NO: 346 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human nuclear-encoded mitochondrial serine hydroxymethyltransferase (SHMT)

SEQ ID NO: 347 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens natural resistance-associated macrophage protein2 (NRAMP2)

SEQ ID NO: 348 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens phosphoglucomutase-related protein (PGMRP)

SEQ ID NO: 349 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human mRNA for proteosome subunit p40

SEQ ID NO: 350 is the determined cDNA sequence for P777P

SEQ ID NO: 351 is the determined cDNA sequence for P779P

SEQ ID NO: 352 is the determined cDNA sequence for P790P

SEQ ID NO: 353 is the determined cDNA sequence for P784P

SEQ ID NO: 354 is the determined cDNA sequence for P776P

SEQ ID NO: 355 is the determined cDNA sequence for P780P

SEQ ID NO: 356 is the determined cDNA sequence for P544S

SEQ ID NO: 357 is the determined cDNA sequence for P745S

SEQ ID NO: 358 is the determined cDNA sequence for P782P

SEQ ID NO: 359 is the determined cDNA sequence for P783P

SEQ ID NO: 360 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17984

SEQ ID NO: 361 is the determined cDNA sequence for P787P

SEQ ID NO: 362 is the determined cDNA sequence for P788P

SEQ ID NO: 363 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17994

SEQ ID NO: 364 is the determined cDNA sequence for P781P

SEQ ID NO: 365 is the determined cDNA sequence for P785P

SEQ ID NO: 366-375 are the determined cDNA sequences for splice variants of B305D.

SEQ ID NO: 376 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 366.

SEQ ID NO: 377 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 372.

SEQ ID NO: 378 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 373.

SEQ ID NO: 379 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 374.

SEQ ID NO: 380 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 375.

SEQ ID NO: 381 is the determined cDNA sequence for B716P.

SEQ ID NO: 382 is the determined full-length cDNA sequence for P711P.

SEQ ID NO: 383 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P711P.

SEQ ID NO: 384 is the cDNA sequence for P1000C.

SEQ ID NO: 385 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-82.

SEQ ID NO:386 is the cDNA sequence for 23320.

SEQ ID NO:387 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-69.

SEQ ID NO:388 is the cDNA sequence for L-iditol-2-dehydrogenase.

SEQ ID NO:389 is the cDNA sequence for 23379.

SEQ ID NO:390 is the cDNA sequence for 23381.

SEQ ID NO:391 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0122.

SEQ ID NO:392 is the cDNA sequence for 23399.

SEQ ID NO:393 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.

SEQ ID NO:394 is the cDNA sequence for HCLBP.

SEQ ID NO:395 is the cDNA sequence for transglutaminase.

SEQ ID NO:396 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.

SEQ ID NO:397 is the cDNA sequence for PAP.

SEQ ID NO:398 is the cDNA sequence for Ets transcription factor PDEF.

SEQ ID NO:399 is the cDNA sequence for hTGR.

SEQ ID NO:400 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0295.

SEQ ID NO:401 is the cDNA sequence for 22545.

SEQ ID NO:402 is the cDNA sequence for 22547.

SEQ ID NO:403 is the cDNA sequence for 22548.

SEQ ID NO:404 is the cDNA sequence for 22550.

SEQ ID NO:405 is the cDNA sequence for 22551.

SEQ ID NO:406 is the cDNA sequence for 22552.

SEQ ID NO:407 is the cDNA sequence for 22553.

SEQ ID NO:408 is the cDNA sequence for 22558.

SEQ ID NO:409 is the cDNA sequence for 22562.

SEQ ID NO:410 is the cDNA sequence for 22565.

SEQ ID NO:411 is the cDNA sequence for 22567.

SEQ ID NO:412 is the cDNA sequence for 22568.

SEQ ID NO:413 is the cDNA sequence for 22570.

SEQ ID NO:414 is the cDNA sequence for 22571.
SEQ ID NO:415 is the cDNA sequence for 22572.
SEQ ID NO:416 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.
SEQ ID NO:417 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.
SEQ ID NO:418 is the cDNA sequence for 22575.
SEQ ID NO:419 is the cDNA sequence for 22580.
SEQ ID NO:420 is the cDNA sequence for 22581.
SEQ ID NO:421 is the cDNA sequence for 22582.
SEQ ID NO:422 is the cDNA sequence for 22583.
SEQ ID NO:423 is the cDNA sequence for 22584.
SEQ ID NO:424 is the cDNA sequence for 22585.
SEQ ID NO:425 is the cDNA sequence for 22586.
SEQ ID NO:426 is the cDNA sequence for 22587.
SEQ ID NO:427 is the cDNA sequence for 22588.
SEQ ID NO:428 is the cDNA sequence for 22589.
SEQ ID NO:429 is the cDNA sequence for 22590.
SEQ ID NO:430 is the cDNA sequence for 22591.
SEQ ID NO:431 is the cDNA sequence for 22592.
SEQ ID NO:432 is the cDNA sequence for 22593.
SEQ ID NO:433 is the cDNA sequence for 22594.
SEQ ID NO:434 is the cDNA sequence for 22595.
SEQ ID NO:435 is the cDNA sequence for 22596.
SEQ ID NO:436 is the cDNA sequence for 22847.
SEQ ID NO:437 is the cDNA sequence for 22848.
SEQ ID NO:438 is the cDNA sequence for 22849.
SEQ ID NO:439 is the cDNA sequence for 22851.
SEQ ID NO:440 is the cDNA sequence for 22852.
SEQ ID NO:441 is the cDNA sequence for 22853.
SEQ ID NO:442 is the cDNA sequence for 22854.
SEQ ID NO:443 is the cDNA sequence for 22855.
SEQ ID NO:444 is the cDNA sequence for 22856.
SEQ ID NO:445 is the cDNA sequence for 22857.
SEQ ID NO:446 is the cDNA sequence for 23601.
SEQ ID NO:447 is the cDNA sequence for 23602.
SEQ ID NO:448 is the cDNA sequence for 23605.
SEQ ID NO:449 is the cDNA sequence for 23606.
SEQ ID NO:450 is the cDNA sequence for 23612.

SEQ ID NO:451 is the cDNA sequence for 23614.
SEQ ID NO:452 is the cDNA sequence for 23618.
SEQ ID NO:453 is the cDNA sequence for 23622.
SEQ ID NO:454 is the cDNA sequence for folate hydrolase.
SEQ ID NO:455 is the cDNA sequence for LIM protein.
SEQ ID NO:456 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:457 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:458 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.
SEQ ID NO:459 is the cDNA sequence for 23045.
SEQ ID NO:460 is the cDNA sequence for 23032.
SEQ ID NO:461 is the cDNA sequence for 23054.
SEQ ID NOs:462-467 are cDNA sequences for known genes.
SEQ ID NOs:468-471 are cDNA sequences for P710P.
SEQ ID NO:472 is a cDNA sequence for P1001C.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

As noted above, the present invention is generally directed to compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The compositions described herein may include prostate tumor polypeptides, polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides, binding agents such as antibodies, antigen presenting cells (APCs) and/or immune system cells (*e.g.*, T cells). Polypeptides of the present invention generally comprise at least a portion (such as an immunogenic portion) of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. A "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed in prostate tumor cells at a level that is at least two fold, and preferably at least five fold, greater than the level of expression in a normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein. Certain prostate tumor proteins are tumor proteins that react detectably (within an immunoassay, such as an ELISA or Western blot) with antisera of a patient afflicted with prostate cancer. Polynucleotides of the subject invention generally comprise a DNA or RNA sequence that encodes all or a portion of such a polypeptide, or that is complementary to such a sequence. Antibodies are generally immune system proteins, or antigen-binding fragments thereof, that are capable of binding to a polypeptide as described above. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B-cells that express a polypeptide as described above. T cells that may be employed within such compositions are generally T cells that are specific for a polypeptide as described above.

The present invention is based on the discovery of human prostate tumor proteins. Sequences of polynucleotides encoding certain tumor proteins, or portions thereof, are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Sequences of polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

PROSTATE TUMOR PROTEIN POLYNUCLEOTIDES

Any polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion or other variant thereof as described herein is encompassed by the present invention. Preferred polynucleotides comprise at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably at least 30 consecutive nucleotides and more preferably at least 45 consecutive nucleotides, that encode a portion of a prostate tumor protein. More preferably, a polynucleotide encodes an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein. Polynucleotides complementary to any such sequences are also encompassed by the present invention. Polynucleotides may be single-stranded (coding or antisense) or double-stranded, and may be DNA (genomic, cDNA or synthetic) or RNA molecules. RNA molecules include HnRNA molecules, which contain introns and correspond to a DNA molecule in a one-to-one manner, and mRNA molecules, which do not contain introns. Additional coding or non-coding sequences may, but need not, be present within a polynucleotide of the present invention, and a polynucleotide may, but need not, be linked to other molecules and/or support materials.

Polynucleotides may comprise a native sequence (*i.e.*, an endogenous sequence that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof) or may comprise a variant of such a sequence. Polynucleotide variants may contain one or more substitutions, additions, deletions and/or insertions such that the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide is not diminished, relative to a native tumor protein. The effect on the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide may generally be assessed as described herein. Variants preferably exhibit at least about 70% identity, more preferably at least about 80% identity and most preferably at least about 90% identity to a polynucleotide sequence that encodes a native prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof.

Two polynucleotide or polypeptide sequences are said to be "identical" if the sequence of nucleotides or amino acids in the two sequences is the same when aligned for maximum correspondence as described below. Comparisons between two sequences are typically performed by comparing the sequences over a comparison window to identify and compare local regions of sequence similarity. A "comparison window" as used herein, refers to a segment of at least about 20 contiguous positions, usually 30 to about 75, 40 to about 50,

in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned.

Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted using the Megalign program in the Lasergene suite of bioinformatics software (DNASTAR, Inc., Madison, WI), using default parameters. This program embodies several alignment schemes described in the following references: Dayhoff, M.O. (1978) A model of evolutionary change in proteins – Matrices for detecting distant relationships. In Dayhoff, M.O. (ed.) Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure, National Biomedical Research Foundation, Washington DC Vol. 5, Suppl. 3, pp. 345-358; Hein J. (1990) Unified Approach to Alignment and Phylogenesis pp. 626-645 *Methods in Enzymology* vol. 183, Academic Press, Inc., San Diego, CA; Higgins, D.G. and Sharp, P.M. (1989) *CABIOS* 5:151-153; Myers, E.W. and Muller W. (1988) *CABIOS* 4:11-17; Robinson, E.D. (1971) *Comb. Theor* 11:105; Santou, N. Nes, M. (1987) *Mol. Biol. Evol.* 4:406-425; Sneath, P.H.A. and Sokal, R.R. (1973) *Numerical Taxonomy – the Principles and Practice of Numerical Taxonomy*, Freeman Press, San Francisco, CA; Wilbur, W.J. and Lipman, D.J. (1983) *Proc. Natl. Acad., Sci. USA* 80:726-730.

Preferably, the “percentage of sequence identity” is determined by comparing two optimally aligned sequences over a window of comparison of at least 20 positions, wherein the portion of the polynucleotide or polypeptide sequence in the comparison window may comprise additions or deletions (*i.e.*, gaps) of 20 percent or less, usually 5 to 15 percent, or 10 to 12 percent, as compared to the reference sequences (which does not comprise additions or deletions) for optimal alignment of the two sequences. The percentage is calculated by determining the number of positions at which the identical nucleic acid bases or amino acid residue occurs in both sequences to yield the number of matched positions, dividing the number of matched positions by the total number of positions in the reference sequence (*i.e.*, the window size) and multiplying the results by 100 to yield the percentage of sequence identity.

Variants may also, or alternatively, be substantially homologous to a native gene, or a portion or complement thereof. Such polynucleotide variants are capable of hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions to a naturally occurring DNA sequence encoding a native prostate tumor protein (or a complementary sequence). Suitable moderately stringent conditions include prewashing in a solution of 5 X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0); hybridizing at 50°C-65°C, 5 X SSC, overnight; followed by washing twice at 65°C for 20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS.

It will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art that, as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code, there are many nucleotide sequences that encode a polypeptide as described herein. Some of these polynucleotides bear minimal homology to

the nucleotide sequence of any native gene. Nonetheless, polynucleotides that vary due to differences in codon usage are specifically contemplated by the present invention. Further, alleles of the genes comprising the polynucleotide sequences provided herein are within the scope of the present invention. Alleles are endogenous genes that are altered as a result of one or more mutations, such as deletions, additions and/or substitutions of nucleotides. The resulting mRNA and protein may, but need not, have an altered structure or function. Alleles may be identified using standard techniques (such as hybridization, amplification and/or database sequence comparison).

Polynucleotides may be prepared using any of a variety of techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be identified, as described in more detail below, by screening a microarray of cDNAs for tumor-associated expression (*i.e.*, expression that is at least five fold greater in a prostate tumor than in normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein). Such screens may be performed using a Synteni microarray (Palo Alto, CA) according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Alternatively, polypeptides may be amplified from cDNA prepared from cells expressing the proteins described herein, such as prostate tumor cells. Such polynucleotides may be amplified via polymerase chain reaction (PCR). For this approach, sequence-specific primers may be designed based on the sequences provided herein, and may be purchased or synthesized.

An amplified portion may be used to isolate a full length gene from a suitable library (*e.g.*, a prostate tumor cDNA library) using well known techniques. Within such techniques, a library (cDNA or genomic) is screened using one or more polynucleotide probes or primers suitable for amplification. Preferably, a library is size-selected to include larger molecules. Random primed libraries may also be preferred for identifying 5' and upstream regions of genes. Genomic libraries are preferred for obtaining introns and extending 5' sequences.

For hybridization techniques, a partial sequence may be labeled (*e.g.*, by nick-translation or end-labeling with ^{32}P) using well known techniques. A bacterial or bacteriophage library is then screened by hybridizing filters containing denatured bacterial colonies (or lawns containing phage plaques) with the labeled probe (*see* Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989). Hybridizing colonies or plaques are selected and expanded, and the DNA is isolated for further analysis. cDNA clones may be analyzed to determine the amount of additional sequence by, for example, PCR using a primer from the partial sequence and a primer from the vector. Restriction maps and partial sequences may be generated to identify one or more overlapping clones. The complete sequence may then be determined using

standard techniques, which may involve generating a series of deletion clones. The resulting overlapping sequences are then assembled into a single contiguous sequence. A full length cDNA molecule can be generated by ligating suitable fragments, using well known techniques.

Alternatively, there are numerous amplification techniques for obtaining a full length coding sequence from a partial cDNA sequence. Within such techniques, amplification is generally performed via PCR. Any of a variety of commercially available kits may be used to perform the amplification step. Primers may be designed using, for example, software well known in the art. Primers are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length, have a GC content of at least 50% and anneal to the target sequence at temperatures of about 68°C to 72°C. The amplified region may be sequenced as described above, and overlapping sequences assembled into a contiguous sequence.

One such amplification technique is inverse PCR (see Triglia et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 16:8186, 1988), which uses restriction enzymes to generate a fragment in the known region of the gene. The fragment is then circularized by intramolecular ligation and used as a template for PCR with divergent primers derived from the known region. Within an alternative approach, sequences adjacent to a partial sequence may be retrieved by amplification with a primer to a linker sequence and a primer specific to a known region. The amplified sequences are typically subjected to a second round of amplification with the same linker primer and a second primer specific to the known region. A variation on this procedure, which employs two primers that initiate extension in opposite directions from the known sequence, is described in WO 96/38591. Another such technique is known as "rapid amplification of cDNA ends" or RACE. This technique involves the use of an internal primer and an external primer, which hybridizes to a polyA region or vector sequence, to identify sequences that are 5' and 3' of a known sequence. Additional techniques include capture PCR (Lagerstrom et al., *PCR Methods Applic.* 1:111-19, 1991) and walking PCR (Parker et al., *Nucl. Acids. Res.* 19:3055-60, 1991). Other methods employing amplification may also be employed to obtain a full length cDNA sequence.

In certain instances, it is possible to obtain a full length cDNA sequence by analysis of sequences provided in an expressed sequence tag (EST) database, such as that available from GenBank. Searches for overlapping ESTs may generally be performed using well known programs (e.g., NCBI BLAST searches), and such ESTs may be used to generate a contiguous full length sequence.

Certain nucleic acid sequences of cDNA molecules encoding at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Isolation of these

polynucleotides is described below. Each of these prostate tumor proteins was overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue.

Polynucleotide variants may generally be prepared by any method known in the art, including chemical synthesis by, for example, solid phase phosphoramidite chemical synthesis. Modifications in a polynucleotide sequence may also be introduced using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis (*see* Adelman et al., *DNA* 2:183, 1983). Alternatively, RNA molecules may be generated by *in vitro* or *in vivo* transcription of DNA sequences encoding a prostate tumor protein, or portion thereof, provided that the DNA is incorporated into a vector with a suitable RNA polymerase promoter (such as T7 or SP6). Certain portions may be used to prepare an encoded polypeptide, as described herein. In addition, or alternatively, a portion may be administered to a patient such that the encoded polypeptide is generated *in vivo* (e.g., by transfecting antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic cells, with a cDNA construct encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide, and administering the transfected cells to the patient).

A portion of a sequence complementary to a coding sequence (*i.e.*, an antisense polynucleotide) may also be used as a probe or to modulate gene expression. cDNA constructs that can be transcribed into antisense RNA may also be introduced into cells of tissues to facilitate the production of antisense RNA. An antisense polynucleotide may be used, as described herein, to inhibit expression of a tumor protein. Antisense technology can be used to control gene expression through triple-helix formation, which compromises the ability of the double helix to open sufficiently for the binding of polymerases, transcription factors or regulatory molecules (*see* Gee et al., *In Huber and Carr, Molecular and Immunologic Approaches*, Futura Publishing Co. (Mt. Kisco, NY; 1994)). Alternatively, an antisense molecule may be designed to hybridize with a control region of a gene (e.g., promoter, enhancer or transcription initiation site), and block transcription of the gene; or to block translation by inhibiting binding of a transcript to ribosomes.

A portion of a coding sequence, or of a complementary sequence, may also be designed as a probe or primer to detect gene expression. Probes may be labeled with a variety of reporter groups, such as radionuclides and enzymes, and are preferably at least 10 nucleotides in length, more preferably at least 20 nucleotides in length and still more preferably at least 30 nucleotides in length. Primers, as noted above, are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length.

Any polynucleotide may be further modified to increase stability *in vivo*. Possible modifications include, but are not limited to, the addition of flanking sequences at the 5' and/or 3' ends; the use of phosphorothioate or 2' O-methyl rather than phosphodiesterase linkages in the backbone; and/or the inclusion of nontraditional bases such

as inosine, queosine and wybutosine, as well as acetyl-, methyl-, thio- and other modified forms of adenine, cytidine, guanine, thymine and uridine.

Nucleotide sequences as described herein may be joined to a variety of other nucleotide sequences using established recombinant DNA techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be cloned into any of a variety of cloning vectors, including plasmids, phagemids, lambda phage derivatives and cosmids. Vectors of particular interest include expression vectors, replication vectors, probe generation vectors and sequencing vectors. In general, a vector will contain an origin of replication functional in at least one organism, convenient restriction endonuclease sites and one or more selectable markers. Other elements will depend upon the desired use, and will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Within certain embodiments, polynucleotides may be formulated so as to permit entry into a cell of a mammal, and expression therein. Such formulations are particularly useful for therapeutic purposes, as described below. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that there are many ways to achieve expression of a polynucleotide in a target cell, and any suitable method may be employed. For example, a polynucleotide may be incorporated into a viral vector such as, but not limited to, adenovirus, adeno-associated virus, retrovirus, or vaccinia or other pox virus (*e.g.*, avian pox virus). Techniques for incorporating DNA into such vectors are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. A retroviral vector may additionally transfer or incorporate a gene for a selectable marker (to aid in the identification or selection of transduced cells) and/or a targeting moiety, such as a gene that encodes a ligand for a receptor on a specific target cell, to render the vector target specific. Targeting may also be accomplished using an antibody, by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Other formulations for therapeutic purposes include colloidal dispersion systems, such as macromolecule complexes, nanocapsules, microspheres, beads, and lipid-based systems including oil-in-water emulsions, micelles, mixed micelles, and liposomes. A preferred colloidal system for use as a delivery vehicle *in vitro* and *in vivo* is a liposome (*i.e.*, an artificial membrane vesicle). The preparation and use of such systems is well known in the art.

PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Within the context of the present invention, polypeptides may comprise at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof, as described herein. As noted above, a "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed by prostate tumor cells. Proteins that are prostate tumor proteins also react detectably within an immunoassay (such as an ELISA) with antisera from a patient with prostate cancer. Polypeptides as described herein may be of any length. Additional sequences derived from

the native protein and/or heterologous sequences may be present, and such sequences may (but need not) possess further immunogenic or antigenic properties.

An "immunogenic portion," as used herein is a portion of a protein that is recognized (*i.e.*, specifically bound) by a B-cell and/or T-cell surface antigen receptor. Such immunogenic portions generally comprise at least 5 amino acid residues, more preferably at least 10, and still more preferably at least 20 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. Certain preferred immunogenic portions include peptides in which an N-terminal leader sequence and/or transmembrane domain have been deleted. Other preferred immunogenic portions may contain a small N- and/or C-terminal deletion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids), relative to the mature protein.

Immunogenic portions may generally be identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, *Fundamental Immunology*, 3rd ed., 243-247 (Raven Press, 1993) and references cited therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptides for the ability to react with antigen-specific antibodies, antisera and/or T-cell lines or clones. As used herein, antisera and antibodies are "antigen-specific" if they specifically bind to an antigen (*i.e.*, they react with the protein in an ELISA or other immunoassay, and do not react detectably with unrelated proteins). Such antisera and antibodies may be prepared as described herein, and using well known techniques. An immunogenic portion of a native prostate tumor protein is a portion that reacts with such antisera and/or T-cells at a level that is not substantially less than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide (*e.g.*, in an ELISA and/or T-cell reactivity assay). Such immunogenic portions may react within such assays at a level that is similar to or greater than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide. Such screens may generally be performed using methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as those described in Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. For example, a polypeptide may be immobilized on a solid support and contacted with patient sera to allow binding of antibodies within the sera to the immobilized polypeptide. Unbound sera may then be removed and bound antibodies detected using, for example, ¹²⁵I-labeled Protein A.

As noted above, a composition may comprise a variant of a native prostate tumor protein. A polypeptide "variant," as used herein, is a polypeptide that differs from a native prostate tumor protein in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions, such that the immunogenicity of the polypeptide is not substantially diminished. In other words, the ability of a variant to react with antigen-specific antisera may be enhanced or unchanged, relative to the native protein, or may be diminished by less than 50%, and preferably less than 20%, relative to the native protein. Such variants may generally be identified by modifying one of the above polypeptide sequences and evaluating the reactivity of the modified polypeptide with antigen-specific antibodies or antisera as described herein.

Preferred variants include those in which one or more portions, such as an N-terminal leader sequence or transmembrane domain, have been removed. Other preferred variants include variants in which a small portion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids) has been removed from the N- and/or C-terminal of the mature protein. Polypeptide variants preferably exhibit at least about 70%, more preferably at least about 90% and most preferably at least about 95% identity (determined as described above) to the identified polypeptides.

Preferably, a variant contains conservative substitutions. A "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. Amino acid substitutions may generally be made on the basis of similarity in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity and/or the amphipathic nature of the residues. For example, negatively charged amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid; positively charged amino acids include lysine and arginine; and amino acids with uncharged polar head groups having similar hydrophilicity values include leucine, isoleucine and valine; glycine and alanine; asparagine and glutamine; and serine, threonine, phenylalanine and tyrosine. Other groups of amino acids that may represent conservative changes include: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln, asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his. A variant may also, or alternatively, contain nonconservative changes. In a preferred embodiment, variant polypeptides differ from a native sequence by substitution, deletion or addition of five amino acids or fewer. Variants may also (or alternatively) be modified by, for example, the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the immunogenicity, secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide.

As noted above, polypeptides may comprise a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (*e.g.*, poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

Polypeptides may be prepared using any of a variety of well known techniques. Recombinant polypeptides encoded by DNA sequences as described above may be readily prepared from the DNA sequences using any of a variety of expression vectors known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Expression may be achieved in any appropriate host cell that has been transformed or transfected with an expression vector containing a DNA molecule that encodes a recombinant polypeptide. Suitable host cells include prokaryotes, yeast and higher eukaryotic cells. Preferably, the host cells employed are

E. coli, yeast or a mammalian cell line such as COS or CHO. Supernatants from suitable host/vector systems which secrete recombinant protein or polypeptide into culture media may be first concentrated using a commercially available filter. Following concentration, the concentrate may be applied to a suitable purification matrix such as an affinity matrix or an ion exchange resin. Finally, one or more reverse phase HPLC steps can be employed to further purify a recombinant polypeptide.

Portions and other variants having fewer than about 100 amino acids, and generally fewer than about 50 amino acids, may also be generated by synthetic means, using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such polypeptides may be synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a growing amino acid chain. See Merrifield, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 85:2149-2146, 1963. Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division (Foster City, CA), and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Within certain specific embodiments, a polypeptide may be a fusion protein that comprises multiple polypeptides as described herein, or that comprises at least one polypeptide as described herein and an unrelated sequence, such as a known tumor protein. A fusion partner may, for example, assist in providing T helper epitopes (an immunological fusion partner), preferably T helper epitopes recognized by humans, or may assist in expressing the protein (an expression enhancer) at higher yields than the native recombinant protein. Certain preferred fusion partners are both immunological and expression enhancing fusion partners. Other fusion partners may be selected so as to increase the solubility of the protein or to enable the protein to be targeted to desired intracellular compartments. Still further fusion partners include affinity tags, which facilitate purification of the protein.

Fusion proteins may generally be prepared using standard techniques, including chemical conjugation. Preferably, a fusion protein is expressed as a recombinant protein, allowing the production of increased levels, relative to a non-fused protein, in an expression system. Briefly, DNA sequences encoding the polypeptide components may be assembled separately, and ligated into an appropriate expression vector. The 3' end of the DNA sequence encoding one polypeptide component is ligated, with or without a peptide linker, to the 5' end of a DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide component so that the reading frames of the sequences are in phase. This permits translation into a single fusion protein that retains the biological activity of both component polypeptides.

A peptide linker sequence may be employed to separate the first and the second polypeptide components by a distance sufficient to ensure that each polypeptide folds into its secondary and tertiary structures. Such a peptide linker sequence is incorporated into

the fusion protein using standard techniques well known in the art. Suitable peptide linker sequences may be chosen based on the following factors: (1) their ability to adopt a flexible extended conformation; (2) their inability to adopt a secondary structure that could interact with functional epitopes on the first and second polypeptides; and (3) the lack of hydrophobic or charged residues that might react with the polypeptide functional epitopes. Preferred peptide linker sequences contain Gly, Asn and Ser residues. Other near neutral amino acids, such as Thr and Ala may also be used in the linker sequence. Amino acid sequences which may be usefully employed as linkers include those disclosed in Maratea et al., *Gene* 40:39-46, 1985; Murphy et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83:8258-8262, 1986; U.S. Patent No. 4,935,233 and U.S. Patent No. 4,751,180. The linker sequence may generally be from 1 to about 50 amino acids in length. Linker sequences are not required when the first and second polypeptides have non-essential N-terminal amino acid regions that can be used to separate the functional domains and prevent steric interference.

The ligated DNA sequences are operably linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory elements. The regulatory elements responsible for expression of DNA are located only 5' to the DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptides. Similarly, stop codons required to end translation and transcription termination signals are only present 3' to the DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide.

Fusion proteins are also provided that comprise a polypeptide of the present invention together with an unrelated immunogenic protein. Preferably the immunogenic protein is capable of eliciting a recall response. Examples of such proteins include tetanus, tuberculosis and hepatitis proteins (*see*, for example, Stoute et al. *New Engl. J. Med.*, 336:86-91, 1997).

Within preferred embodiments, an immunological fusion partner is derived from protein D, a surface protein of the gram-negative bacterium *Haemophilus influenza B* (WO 91/18926). Preferably, a protein D derivative comprises approximately the first third of the protein (e.g., the first N-terminal 100-110 amino acids), and a protein D derivative may be lipidated. Within certain preferred embodiments, the first 109 residues of a Lipoprotein D fusion partner is included on the N-terminus to provide the polypeptide with additional exogenous T-cell epitopes and to increase the expression level in *E. coli* (thus functioning as an expression enhancer). The lipid tail ensures optimal presentation of the antigen to antigen presenting cells. Other fusion partners include the non-structural protein from influenzae virus, NS1 (hemagglutinin). Typically, the N-terminal 81 amino acids are used, although different fragments that include T-helper epitopes may be used.

In another embodiment, the immunological fusion partner is the protein known as LYTA, or a portion thereof (preferably a C-terminal portion). LYTA is derived from *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, which synthesizes an N-acetyl-L-alanine amidase known as

amidase LYTA (encoded by the *LytA* gene; *Gene* 43:265-292, 1986). LYTA is an autolysin that specifically degrades certain bonds in the peptidoglycan backbone. The C-terminal domain of the LYTA protein is responsible for the affinity to the choline or to some choline analogues such as DEAE. This property has been exploited for the development of *E. coli* C-LYTA expressing plasmids useful for expression of fusion proteins. Purification of hybrid proteins containing the C-LYTA fragment at the amino terminus has been described (see *Biotechnology* 10:795-798, 1992). Within a preferred embodiment, a repeat portion of LYTA may be incorporated into a fusion protein. A repeat portion is found in the C-terminal region starting at residue 178. A particularly preferred repeat portion incorporates residues 188-305.

In general, polypeptides (including fusion proteins) and polynucleotides as described herein are isolated. An "isolated" polypeptide or polynucleotide is one that is removed from its original environment. For example, a naturally-occurring protein is isolated if it is separated from some or all of the coexisting materials in the natural system. Preferably, such polypeptides are at least about 90% pure, more preferably at least about 95% pure and most preferably at least about 99% pure. A polynucleotide is considered to be isolated if, for example, it is cloned into a vector that is not a part of the natural environment.

BINDING AGENTS

The present invention further provides agents, such as antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof, that specifically bind to a prostate tumor protein. As used herein, an antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, is said to "specifically bind" to a prostate tumor protein if it reacts at a detectable level (within, for example, an ELISA) with a prostate tumor protein, and does not react detectably with unrelated proteins under similar conditions. As used herein, "binding" refers to a noncovalent association between two separate molecules such that a complex is formed. The ability to bind may be evaluated by, for example, determining a binding constant for the formation of the complex. The binding constant is the value obtained when the concentration of the complex is divided by the product of the component concentrations. In general, two compounds are said to "bind," in the context of the present invention, when the binding constant for complex formation exceeds about 10^3 L/mol. The binding constant may be determined using methods well known in the art.

Binding agents may be further capable of differentiating between patients with and without a cancer, such as prostate cancer, using the representative assays provided herein. In other words, antibodies or other binding agents that bind to a prostate tumor protein will generate a signal indicating the presence of a cancer in at least about 20% of patients with the disease, and will generate a negative signal indicating the absence of the disease in at least about 90% of individuals without the cancer. To determine whether a binding agent satisfies this requirement, biological samples (e.g., blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) from

patients with and without a cancer (as determined using standard clinical tests) may be assayed as described herein for the presence of polypeptides that bind to the binding agent. It will be apparent that a statistically significant number of samples with and without the disease should be assayed. Each binding agent should satisfy the above criteria; however, those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that binding agents may be used in combination to improve sensitivity.

Any agent that satisfies the above requirements may be a binding agent. For example, a binding agent may be a ribosome, with or without a peptide component, an RNA molecule or a polypeptide. In a preferred embodiment, a binding agent is an antibody or an antigen-binding fragment thereof. Antibodies may be prepared by any of a variety of techniques known to those of ordinary skill in the art. *See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, antibodies can be produced by cell culture techniques, including the generation of monoclonal antibodies as described herein, or via transfection of antibody genes into suitable bacterial or mammalian cell hosts, in order to allow for the production of recombinant antibodies. In one technique, an immunogen comprising the polypeptide is initially injected into any of a wide variety of mammals (*e.g., mice, rats, rabbits, sheep or goats*). In this step, the polypeptides of this invention may serve as the immunogen without modification. Alternatively, particularly for relatively short polypeptides, a superior immune response may be elicited if the polypeptide is joined to a carrier protein, such as bovine serum albumin or keyhole limpet hemocyanin. The immunogen is injected into the animal host, preferably according to a predetermined schedule incorporating one or more booster immunizations, and the animals are bled periodically. Polyclonal antibodies specific for the polypeptide may then be purified from such antisera by, for example, affinity chromatography using the polypeptide coupled to a suitable solid support.

Monoclonal antibodies specific for an antigenic polypeptide of interest may be prepared, for example, using the technique of Kohler and Milstein, *Eur. J. Immunol.* 6:511-519, 1976, and improvements thereto. Briefly, these methods involve the preparation of immortal cell lines capable of producing antibodies having the desired specificity (*i.e., reactivity with the polypeptide of interest*). Such cell lines may be produced, for example, from spleen cells obtained from an animal immunized as described above. The spleen cells are then immortalized by, for example, fusion with a myeloma cell fusion partner, preferably one that is syngeneic with the immunized animal. A variety of fusion techniques may be employed. For example, the spleen cells and myeloma cells may be combined with a nonionic detergent for a few minutes and then plated at low density on a selective medium that supports the growth of hybrid cells, but not myeloma cells. A preferred selection technique uses HAT (hypoxanthine, aminopterin, thymidine) selection. After a sufficient

time, usually about 1 to 2 weeks, colonies of hybrids are observed. Single colonies are selected and their culture supernatants tested for binding activity against the polypeptide. Hybridomas having high reactivity and specificity are preferred.

Monoclonal antibodies may be isolated from the supernatants of growing hybridoma colonies. In addition, various techniques may be employed to enhance the yield, such as injection of the hybridoma cell line into the peritoneal cavity of a suitable vertebrate host, such as a mouse. Monoclonal antibodies may then be harvested from the ascites fluid or the blood. Contaminants may be removed from the antibodies by conventional techniques, such as chromatography, gel filtration, precipitation, and extraction. The polypeptides of this invention may be used in the purification process in, for example, an affinity chromatography step.

Within certain embodiments, the use of antigen-binding fragments of antibodies may be preferred. Such fragments include Fab fragments, which may be prepared using standard techniques. Briefly, immunoglobulins may be purified from rabbit serum by affinity chromatography on Protein A bead columns (Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988) and digested by papain to yield Fab and Fc fragments. The Fab and Fc fragments may be separated by affinity chromatography on protein A bead columns.

Monoclonal antibodies of the present invention may be coupled to one or more therapeutic agents. Suitable agents in this regard include radionuclides, differentiation inducers, drugs, toxins, and derivatives thereof. Preferred radionuclides include ^{90}Y , ^{123}I , ^{125}I , ^{131}I , ^{186}Re , ^{188}Re , ^{211}At , and ^{212}Bi . Preferred drugs include methotrexate, and pyrimidine and purine analogs. Preferred differentiation inducers include phorbol esters and butyric acid. Preferred toxins include ricin, abrin, diphtheria toxin, cholera toxin, gelonin, *Pseudomonas* exotoxin, *Shigella* toxin, and pokeweed antiviral protein.

A therapeutic agent may be coupled (e.g., covalently bonded) to a suitable monoclonal antibody either directly or indirectly (e.g., via a linker group). A direct reaction between an agent and an antibody is possible when each possesses a substituent capable of reacting with the other. For example, a nucleophilic group, such as an amino or sulfhydryl group, on one may be capable of reacting with a carbonyl-containing group, such as an anhydride or an acid halide, or with an alkyl group containing a good leaving group (e.g., a halide) on the other.

Alternatively, it may be desirable to couple a therapeutic agent and an antibody via a linker group. A linker group can function as a spacer to distance an antibody from an agent in order to avoid interference with binding capabilities. A linker group can also serve to increase the chemical reactivity of a substituent on an agent or an antibody, and

thus increase the coupling efficiency. An increase in chemical reactivity may also facilitate the use of agents, or functional groups on agents, which otherwise would not be possible.

It will be evident to those skilled in the art that a variety of bifunctional or polyfunctional reagents, both homo- and hetero-functional (such as those described in the catalog of the Pierce Chemical Co., Rockford, IL), may be employed as the linker group. Coupling may be effected, for example, through amino groups, carboxyl groups, sulfhydryl groups or oxidized carbohydrate residues. There are numerous references describing such methodology, *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.

Where a therapeutic agent is more potent when free from the antibody portion of the immunoconjugates of the present invention, it may be desirable to use a linker group which is cleavable during or upon internalization into a cell. A number of different cleavable linker groups have been described. The mechanisms for the intracellular release of an agent from these linker groups include cleavage by reduction of a disulfide bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,489,710, to Spitler), by irradiation of a photolabile bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,625,014, to Senter et al.), by hydrolysis of derivatized amino acid side chains (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,638,045, to Kohn et al.), by serum complement-mediated hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.), and acid-catalyzed hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,569,789, to Blattler et al.).

It may be desirable to couple more than one agent to an antibody. In one embodiment, multiple molecules of an agent are coupled to one antibody molecule. In another embodiment, more than one type of agent may be coupled to one antibody. Regardless of the particular embodiment, immunoconjugates with more than one agent may be prepared in a variety of ways. For example, more than one agent may be coupled directly to an antibody molecule, or linkers which provide multiple sites for attachment can be used. Alternatively, a carrier can be used.

A carrier may bear the agents in a variety of ways, including covalent bonding either directly or via a linker group. Suitable carriers include proteins such as albumins (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,507,234, to Kato et al.), peptides and polysaccharides such as aminodextran (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,699,784, to Shih et al.). A carrier may also bear an agent by noncovalent bonding or by encapsulation, such as within a liposome vesicle (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,429,008 and 4,873,088). Carriers specific for radionuclide agents include radiohalogenated small molecules and chelating compounds. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,735,792 discloses representative radiohalogenated small molecules and their synthesis. A radionuclide chelate may be formed from chelating compounds that include those containing nitrogen and sulfur atoms as the donor atoms for binding the metal, or metal oxide, radionuclide. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,673,562, to Davison et al. discloses representative chelating compounds and their synthesis.

A variety of routes of administration for the antibodies and immunoconjugates may be used. Typically, administration will be intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous or in the bed of a resected tumor. It will be evident that the precise dose of the antibody/immunoconjugate will vary depending upon the antibody used, the antigen density on the tumor, and the rate of clearance of the antibody.

T CELLS

Immunotherapeutic compositions may also, or alternatively, comprise T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein. Such cells may generally be prepared *in vitro* or *ex vivo*, using standard procedures. For example, T cells may be isolated from bone marrow, peripheral blood, or a fraction of bone marrow or peripheral blood of a patient, using a commercially available cell separation system, such as the CEPRATE™ system, available from CellPro Inc., Bothell WA (*see also* U.S. Patent No. 5,240,856; U.S. Patent No. 5,215,926; WO 89/06280; WO 91/16116 and WO 92/07243). Alternatively, T cells may be derived from related or unrelated humans, non-human mammals, cell lines or cultures.

T cells may be stimulated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide and/or an antigen presenting cell (APC) that expresses such a polypeptide. Such stimulation is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the generation of T cells that are specific for the polypeptide. Preferably, a prostate tumor polypeptide or polynucleotide is present within a delivery vehicle, such as a microsphere, to facilitate the generation of specific T cells.

T cells are considered to be specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide if the T cells kill target cells coated with the polypeptide or expressing a gene encoding the polypeptide. T cell specificity may be evaluated using any of a variety of standard techniques. For example, within a chromium release assay or proliferation assay, a stimulation index of more than two fold increase in lysis and/or proliferation, compared to negative controls, indicates T cell specificity. Such assays may be performed, for example, as described in Chen et al., *Cancer Res.* 54:1065-1070, 1994. Alternatively, detection of the proliferation of T cells may be accomplished by a variety of known techniques. For example, T cell proliferation can be detected by measuring an increased rate of DNA synthesis (*e.g.*, by pulse-labeling cultures of T cells with tritiated thymidine and measuring the amount of tritiated thymidine incorporated into DNA). Contact with a prostate tumor polypeptide (100 ng/ml - 100 µg/ml, preferably 200 ng/ml - 25 µg/ml) for 3 - 7 days should result in at least a two fold increase in proliferation of the T cells. Contact as described above for 2-3 hours should result in activation of the T cells, as measured using standard cytokine assays in which a two fold increase in the level of cytokine release (*e.g.*, TNF or IFN-γ) is indicative of T cell activation (*see* Coligan et al., *Current Protocols in Immunology*, vol. 1, Wiley Interscience

(Greene 1998)). T cells that have been activated in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or polypeptide-expressing APC may be CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺. Prostate tumor protein-specific T cells may be expanded using standard techniques. Within preferred embodiments, the T cells are derived from either a patient or a related, or unrelated, donor and are administered to the patient following stimulation and expansion.

For therapeutic purposes, CD4⁺ or CD8⁺ T cells that proliferate in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or APC can be expanded in number either *in vitro* or *in vivo*. Proliferation of such T cells *in vitro* may be accomplished in a variety of ways. For example, the T cells can be re-exposed to a prostate tumor polypeptide, or a short peptide corresponding to an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, with or without the addition of T cell growth factors, such as interleukin-2, and/or stimulator cells that synthesize a prostate tumor polypeptide. Alternatively, one or more T cells that proliferate in the presence of a prostate tumor protein can be expanded in number by cloning. Methods for cloning cells are well known in the art, and include limiting dilution.

PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS AND VACCINES

Within certain aspects, polypeptides, polynucleotides, T cells and/or binding agents disclosed herein may be incorporated into pharmaceutical compositions or immunogenic compositions (*i.e.*, vaccines). Pharmaceutical compositions comprise one or more such compounds and a physiologically acceptable carrier. Vaccines may comprise one or more such compounds and a non-specific immune response enhancer. A non-specific immune response enhancer may be any substance that enhances an immune response to an exogenous antigen. Examples of non-specific immune response enhancers include adjuvants, biodegradable microspheres (*e.g.*, polylactic galactide) and liposomes (into which the compound is incorporated; *see e.g.*, Fullerton, U.S. Patent No. 4,235,877). Vaccine preparation is generally described in, for example, M.F. Powell and M.J. Newman, eds., "Vaccine Design (the subunit and adjuvant approach)," Plenum Press (NY, 1995). Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines within the scope of the present invention may also contain other compounds, which may be biologically active or inactive. For example, one or more immunogenic portions of other tumor antigens may be present, either incorporated into a fusion polypeptide or as a separate compound, within the composition or vaccine.

A pharmaceutical composition or vaccine may contain DNA encoding one or more of the polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated *in situ*. As noted above, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacteria and viral expression systems. Numerous gene delivery techniques are well known in the art, such as those described by Rolland, *Crit. Rev. Therap. Drug Carrier Systems* 15:143-198, 1998,

and references cited therein. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as *Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin*) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface or secretes such an epitope. In a preferred embodiment, the DNA may be introduced using a viral expression system (e.g., vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Suitable systems are disclosed, for example, in Fisher-Hoch et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86:317-321, 1989; Flexner et al., *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 569:86-103, 1989; Flexner et al., *Vaccine* 8:17-21, 1990; U.S. Patent Nos. 4,603,112, 4,769,330, and 5,017,487; WO 89/01973; U.S. Patent No. 4,777,127; GB 2,200,651; EP 0,345,242; WO 91/02805; Berkner, *Biotechniques* 6:616-627, 1988; Rosenfeld et al., *Science* 252:431-434, 1991; Kolls et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91:215-219, 1994; Kass-Eisler et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:11498-11502, 1993; Guzman et al., *Circulation* 88:2838-2848, 1993; and Guzman et al., *Cir. Res.* 73:1202-1207, 1993. Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as described, for example, in Ulmer et al., *Science* 259:1745-1749, 1993 and reviewed by Cohen, *Science* 259:1691-1692, 1993. The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. Compositions of the present invention may be formulated for any appropriate manner of administration, including for example, topical, oral, nasal, intravenous, intracranial, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or intramuscular administration. For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, a fat, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (e.g., polylactate polyglycolate) may also be employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109.

Such compositions may also comprise buffers (e.g., neutral buffered saline or phosphate buffered saline), carbohydrates (e.g., glucose, mannose, sucrose or dextrans), mannitol, proteins, polypeptides or amino acids such as glycine, antioxidants, chelating agents such as EDTA or glutathione, adjuvants (e.g., aluminum hydroxide) and/or

preservatives. Alternatively, compositions of the present invention may be formulated as a lyophilizate. Compounds may also be encapsulated within liposomes using well known technology.

Any of a variety of non-specific immune response enhancers may be employed in the vaccines of this invention. For example, an adjuvant may be included. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bordetella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* derived proteins. Suitable adjuvants are commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI); Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ); aluminum salts such as aluminum hydroxide gel (alum) or aluminum phosphate; salts of calcium, iron or zinc; an insoluble suspension of acylated tyrosine; acylated sugars; cationically or anionically derivatized polysaccharides; polyphosphazenes; biodegradable microspheres; monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A. Cytokines, such as GM-CSF or interleukin-2, -7, or -12, may also be used as adjuvants.

Within the vaccines provided herein, the adjuvant composition is preferably designed to induce an immune response predominantly of the Th1 type. High levels of Th1-type cytokines (e.g., IFN- γ , IL-2 and IL-12) tend to favor the induction of cell mediated immune responses to an administered antigen. In contrast, high levels of Th2-type cytokines (e.g., IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-10 and TNF- β) tend to favor the induction of humoral immune responses. Following application of a vaccine as provided herein, a patient will support an immune response that includes Th1- and Th2-type responses. Within a preferred embodiment, in which a response is predominantly Th1-type, the level of Th1-type cytokines will increase to a greater extent than the level of Th2-type cytokines. The levels of these cytokines may be readily assessed using standard assays. For a review of the families of cytokines, see Mosmann and Coffman, *Ann. Rev. Immunol.* 7:145-173, 1989.

Preferred adjuvants for use in eliciting a predominantly Th1-type response include, for example, a combination of monophosphoryl lipid A, preferably 3-de-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A (3D-MPL), together with an aluminum salt. MPL adjuvants are available from Ribi ImmunoChem Research Inc. (Hamilton, MT; see US Patent Nos. 4,436,727; 4,877,611; 4,866,034 and 4,912,094). CpG-containing oligonucleotides (in which the CpG dinucleotide is unmethylated) also induce a predominantly Th1 response. Such oligonucleotides are well known and are described, for example, in WO 96/02555. Another preferred adjuvant is a saponin, preferably QS21, which may be used alone or in combination with other adjuvants. For example, an enhanced system involves the combination of a monophosphoryl lipid A and saponin derivative, such as the combination of QS21 and 3D-MPL as described in WO 94/00153, or a less reactogenic composition where the QS21 is

quenched with cholesterol, as described in WO 96/33739. Other preferred formulations comprises an oil-in-water emulsion and tocopherol. A particularly potent adjuvant formulation involving QS21, 3D-MPL and tocopherol in an oil-in-water emulsion is described in WO 95/17210. Any vaccine provided herein may be prepared using well known methods that result in a combination of antigen, immune response enhancer and a suitable carrier or excipient.

The compositions described herein may be administered as part of a sustained release formulation (*i.e.*, a formulation such as a capsule or sponge that effects a slow release of compound following administration). Such formulations may generally be prepared using well known technology and administered by, for example, oral, rectal or subcutaneous implantation, or by implantation at the desired target site. Sustained-release formulations may contain a polypeptide, polynucleotide or antibody dispersed in a carrier matrix and/or contained within a reservoir surrounded by a rate controlling membrane. Carriers for use within such formulations are biocompatible, and may also be biodegradable; preferably the formulation provides a relatively constant level of active component release. The amount of active compound contained within a sustained release formulation depends upon the site of implantation, the rate and expected duration of release and the nature of the condition to be treated or prevented.

Any of a variety of delivery vehicles may be employed within pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines to facilitate production of an antigen-specific immune response that targets tumor cells. Delivery vehicles include antigen presenting cells (APCs), such as dendritic cells, macrophages, B cells, monocytes and other cells that may be engineered to be efficient APCs. Such cells may, but need not, be genetically modified to increase the capacity for presenting the antigen, to improve activation and/or maintenance of the T cell response, to have anti-tumor effects *per se* and/or to be immunologically compatible with the receiver (*i.e.*, matched HLA haplotype). APCs may generally be isolated from any of a variety of biological fluids and organs, including tumor and peritumoral tissues, and may be autologous, allogeneic, syngeneic or xenogeneic cells.

Certain preferred embodiments of the present invention use dendritic cells or progenitors thereof as antigen-presenting cells. Dendritic cells are highly potent APCs (Banchereau and Steinman, *Nature* 392:245-251, 1998) and have been shown to be effective as a physiological adjuvant for eliciting prophylactic or therapeutic antitumor immunity (*see* Timmerman and Levy, *Ann. Rev. Med.* 50:507-529, 1999). In general, dendritic cells may be identified based on their typical shape (stellate *in situ*, with marked cytoplasmic processes (dendrites) visible *in vitro*) and based on the lack of differentiation markers of B cells (CD19 and CD20), T cells (CD3), monocytes (CD14) and natural killer cells (CD56), as determined using standard assays. Dendritic cells may, of course, be engineered to express specific cell-

surface receptors or ligands that are not commonly found on dendritic cells *in vivo* or *ex vivo*, and such modified dendritic cells are contemplated by the present invention. As an alternative to dendritic cells, secreted vesicles antigen-loaded dendritic cells (called exosomes) may be used within a vaccine (*see* Zitvogel et al., *Nature Med.* 4:594-600, 1998).

Dendritic cells and progenitors may be obtained from peripheral blood, bone marrow, tumor-infiltrating cells, peritumoral tissues-infiltrating cells, lymph nodes, spleen, skin, umbilical cord blood or any other suitable tissue or fluid. For example, dendritic cells may be differentiated *ex vivo* by adding a combination of cytokines such as GM-CSF, IL-4, IL-13 and/or TNF α to cultures of monocytes harvested from peripheral blood. Alternatively, CD34 positive cells harvested from peripheral blood, umbilical cord blood or bone marrow may be differentiated into dendritic cells by adding to the culture medium combinations of GM-CSF, IL-3, TNF α , CD40 ligand, LPS, flt3 ligand and/or other compound(s) that induce maturation and proliferation of dendritic cells.

Dendritic cells are conveniently categorized as "immature" and "mature" cells, which allows a simple way to discriminate between two well characterized phenotypes. However, this nomenclature should not be construed to exclude all possible intermediate stages of differentiation. Immature dendritic cells are characterized as APC with a high capacity for antigen uptake and processing, which correlates with the high expression of Fc γ receptor, mannose receptor and DEC-205 marker. The mature phenotype is typically characterized by a lower expression of these markers, but a high expression of cell surface molecules responsible for T cell activation such as class I and class II MHC, adhesion molecules (*e.g.*, CD54 and CD11) and costimulatory molecules (*e.g.*, CD40, CD80 and CD86).

APCs may generally be transfected with a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein (or portion or other variant thereof) such that the prostate tumor polypeptide, or an immunogenic portion thereof, is expressed on the cell surface. Such transfection may take place *ex vivo*, and a composition or vaccine comprising such transfected cells may then be used for therapeutic purposes, as described herein. Alternatively, a gene delivery vehicle that targets a dendritic or other antigen presenting cell may be administered to a patient, resulting in transfection that occurs *in vivo*. *In vivo* and *ex vivo* transfection of dendritic cells, for example, may generally be performed using any methods known in the art, such as those described in WO 97/24447, or the gene gun approach described by Mahvi et al., *Immunology and cell Biology* 75:456-460, 1997. Antigen loading of dendritic cells may be achieved by incubating dendritic cells or progenitor cells with the prostate tumor polypeptide, DNA (naked or within a plasmid vector) or RNA; or with antigen-expressing recombinant bacterium or viruses (*e.g.*, vaccinia, fowlpox, adenovirus or lentivirus vectors). Prior to loading, the polypeptide may be covalently conjugated to an immunological partner that

provides T cell help (e.g., a carrier molecule). Alternatively, a dendritic cell may be pulsed with a non-conjugated immunological partner, separately or in the presence of the polypeptide.

CANCER THERAPY

In further aspects of the present invention, the compositions described herein may be used for immunotherapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. Within such methods, pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines are typically administered to a patient. As used herein, a "patient" refers to any warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient may or may not be afflicted with cancer. Accordingly, the above pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be used to prevent the development of a cancer or to treat a patient afflicted with a cancer. A cancer may be diagnosed using criteria generally accepted in the art, including the presence of a malignant tumor. Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered either prior to or following surgical removal of primary tumors and/or treatment such as administration of radiotherapy or conventional chemotherapeutic drugs.

Within certain embodiments, immunotherapy may be active immunotherapy, in which treatment relies on the *in vivo* stimulation of the endogenous host immune system to react against tumors with the administration of immune response-modifying agents (such as polypeptides and polynucleotides disclosed herein).

Within other embodiments, immunotherapy may be passive immunotherapy, in which treatment involves the delivery of agents with established tumor-immune reactivity (such as effector cells or antibodies) that can directly or indirectly mediate antitumor effects and does not necessarily depend on an intact host immune system. Examples of effector cells include T cells as discussed above, T lymphocytes (such as CD8⁺ cytotoxic T lymphocytes and CD4⁺ T-helper tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes), killer cells (such as Natural Killer cells and lymphokine-activated killer cells), B cells and antigen-presenting cells (such as dendritic cells and macrophages) expressing a polypeptide provided herein. T cell receptors and antibody receptors specific for the polypeptides recited herein may be cloned, expressed and transferred into other vectors or effector cells for adoptive immunotherapy. The polypeptides provided herein may also be used to generate antibodies or anti-idiotypic antibodies (as described above and in U.S. Patent No. 4,918,164) for passive immunotherapy.

Effector cells may generally be obtained in sufficient quantities for adoptive immunotherapy by growth *in vitro*, as described herein. Culture conditions for expanding single antigen-specific effector cells to several billion in number with retention of antigen recognition *in vivo* are well known in the art. Such *in vitro* culture conditions typically use intermittent stimulation with antigen, often in the presence of cytokines (such as IL-2) and non-dividing feeder cells. As noted above, immunoreactive polypeptides as provided herein

may be used to rapidly expand antigen-specific T cell cultures in order to generate a sufficient number of cells for immunotherapy. In particular, antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic, macrophage, monocyte, fibroblast or B cells, may be pulsed with immunoreactive polypeptides or transfected with one or more polynucleotides using standard techniques well known in the art. For example, antigen-presenting cells can be transfected with a polynucleotide having a promoter appropriate for increasing expression in a recombinant virus or other expression system. Cultured effector cells for use in therapy must be able to grow and distribute widely, and to survive long term *in vivo*. Studies have shown that cultured effector cells can be induced to grow *in vivo* and to survive long term in substantial numbers by repeated stimulation with antigen supplemented with IL-2 (*see, for example, Cheever et al., Immunological Reviews 157:177, 1997*).

Alternatively, a vector expressing a polypeptide recited herein may be introduced into antigen presenting cells taken from a patient and clonally propagated *ex vivo* for transplant back into the same patient. Transfected cells may be reintroduced into the patient using any means known in the art, preferably in sterile form by intravenous, intracavitary, intraperitoneal or intratumor administration.

Routes and frequency of administration of the therapeutic compositions disclosed herein, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual, and may be readily established using standard techniques. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (*e.g.*, intracutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (*e.g.*, by aspiration) or orally. Preferably, between 1 and 10 doses may be administered over a 52 week period. Preferably, 6 doses are administered, at intervals of 1 month, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of a compound that, when administered as described above, is capable of promoting an anti-tumor immune response, and is at least 10-50% above the basal (*i.e.*, untreated) level. Such response can be monitored by measuring the anti-tumor antibodies in a patient or by vaccine-dependent generation of cytolytic effector cells capable of killing the patient's tumor cells *in vitro*. Such vaccines should also be capable of causing an immune response that leads to an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial or longer disease-free survival) in vaccinated patients as compared to non-vaccinated patients. In general, for pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines comprising one or more polypeptides, the amount of each polypeptide present in a dose ranges from about 100 μ g to 5 mg per kg of host. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient, but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

In general, an appropriate dosage and treatment regimen provides the active compound(s) in an amount sufficient to provide therapeutic and/or prophylactic benefit. Such

a response can be monitored by establishing an improved clinical outcome (e.g., more frequent remissions, complete or partial, or longer disease-free survival) in treated patients as compared to non-treated patients. Increases in preexisting immune responses to a prostate tumor protein generally correlate with an improved clinical outcome. Such immune responses may generally be evaluated using standard proliferation, cytotoxicity or cytokine assays, which may be performed using samples obtained from a patient before and after treatment.

METHODS FOR DETECTING CANCER

In general, a cancer may be detected in a patient based on the presence of one or more prostate tumor proteins and/or polynucleotides encoding such proteins in a biological sample (for example, blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) obtained from the patient. In other words, such proteins may be used as markers to indicate the presence or absence of a cancer such as prostate cancer. In addition, such proteins may be useful for the detection of other cancers. The binding agents provided herein generally permit detection of the level of antigen that binds to the agent in the biological sample. Polynucleotide primers and probes may be used to detect the level of mRNA encoding a tumor protein, which is also indicative of the presence or absence of a cancer. In general, a prostate tumor sequence should be present at a level that is at least three fold higher in tumor tissue than in normal tissue

There are a variety of assay formats known to those of ordinary skill in the art for using a binding agent to detect polypeptide markers in a sample. See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient may be determined by (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent; (b) detecting in the sample a level of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the level of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value.

In a preferred embodiment, the assay involves the use of binding agent immobilized on a solid support to bind to and remove the polypeptide from the remainder of the sample. The bound polypeptide may then be detected using a detection reagent that contains a reporter group and specifically binds to the binding agent/polypeptide complex. Such detection reagents may comprise, for example, a binding agent that specifically binds to the polypeptide or an antibody or other agent that specifically binds to the binding agent, such as an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or a lectin. Alternatively, a competitive assay may be utilized, in which a polypeptide is labeled with a reporter group and allowed to bind to the immobilized binding agent after incubation of the binding agent with the sample. The extent to which components of the sample inhibit the binding of the labeled polypeptide to the binding agent is indicative of the reactivity of the sample with the immobilized binding

agent. Suitable polypeptides for use within such assays include full length prostate tumor proteins and portions thereof to which the binding agent binds, as described above.

The solid support may be any material known to those of ordinary skill in the art to which the tumor protein may be attached. For example, the solid support may be a test well in a microtiter plate or a nitrocellulose or other suitable membrane. Alternatively, the support may be a bead or disc, such as glass, fiberglass, latex or a plastic material such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride. The support may also be a magnetic particle or a fiber optic sensor, such as those disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,359,681. The binding agent may be immobilized on the solid support using a variety of techniques known to those of skill in the art, which are amply described in the patent and scientific literature. In the context of the present invention, the term "immobilization" refers to both noncovalent association, such as adsorption, and covalent attachment (which may be a direct linkage between the agent and functional groups on the support or may be a linkage by way of a cross-linking agent). Immobilization by adsorption to a well in a microtiter plate or to a membrane is preferred. In such cases, adsorption may be achieved by contacting the binding agent, in a suitable buffer, with the solid support for a suitable amount of time. The contact time varies with temperature, but is typically between about 1 hour and about 1 day. In general, contacting a well of a plastic microtiter plate (such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride) with an amount of binding agent ranging from about 10 ng to about 10 μ g, and preferably about 100 ng to about 1 μ g, is sufficient to immobilize an adequate amount of binding agent.

Covalent attachment of binding agent to a solid support may generally be achieved by first reacting the support with a bifunctional reagent that will react with both the support and a functional group, such as a hydroxyl or amino group, on the binding agent. For example, the binding agent may be covalently attached to supports having an appropriate polymer coating using benzoquinone or by condensation of an aldehyde group on the support with an amine and an active hydrogen on the binding partner (*see, e.g.*, Pierce Immunotechnology Catalog and Handbook, 1991, at A12-A13).

In certain embodiments, the assay is a two-antibody sandwich assay. This assay may be performed by first contacting an antibody that has been immobilized on a solid support, commonly the well of a microtiter plate, with the sample, such that polypeptides within the sample are allowed to bind to the immobilized antibody. Unbound sample is then removed from the immobilized polypeptide-antibody complexes and a detection reagent (preferably a second antibody capable of binding to a different site on the polypeptide) containing a reporter group is added. The amount of detection reagent that remains bound to the solid support is then determined using a method appropriate for the specific reporter group.

More specifically, once the antibody is immobilized on the support as described above, the remaining protein binding sites on the support are typically blocked. Any suitable blocking agent known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as bovine serum albumin or Tween 20™ (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO). The immobilized antibody is then incubated with the sample, and polypeptide is allowed to bind to the antibody. The sample may be diluted with a suitable diluent, such as phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) prior to incubation. In general, an appropriate contact time (*i.e.*, incubation time) is a period of time that is sufficient to detect the presence of polypeptide within a sample obtained from an individual with prostate cancer. Preferably, the contact time is sufficient to achieve a level of binding that is at least about 95% of that achieved at equilibrium between bound and unbound polypeptide. Those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that the time necessary to achieve equilibrium may be readily determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. At room temperature, an incubation time of about 30 minutes is generally sufficient.

Unbound sample may then be removed by washing the solid support with an appropriate buffer, such as PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20™. The second antibody, which contains a reporter group, may then be added to the solid support. Preferred reporter groups include those groups recited above.

The detection reagent is then incubated with the immobilized antibody-polypeptide complex for an amount of time sufficient to detect the bound polypeptide. An appropriate amount of time may generally be determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. Unbound detection reagent is then removed and bound detection reagent is detected using the reporter group. The method employed for detecting the reporter group depends upon the nature of the reporter group. For radioactive groups, scintillation counting or autoradiographic methods are generally appropriate. Spectroscopic methods may be used to detect dyes, luminescent groups and fluorescent groups. Biotin may be detected using avidin, coupled to a different reporter group (commonly a radioactive or fluorescent group or an enzyme). Enzyme reporter groups may generally be detected by the addition of substrate (generally for a specific period of time), followed by spectroscopic or other analysis of the reaction products.

To determine the presence or absence of a cancer, such as prostate cancer, the signal detected from the reporter group that remains bound to the solid support is generally compared to a signal that corresponds to a predetermined cut-off value. In one preferred embodiment, the cut-off value for the detection of a cancer is the average mean signal obtained when the immobilized antibody is incubated with samples from patients without the cancer. In general, a sample generating a signal that is three standard deviations above the predetermined cut-off value is considered positive for the cancer. In an alternate preferred

embodiment, the cut-off value is determined using a Receiver Operator Curve, according to the method of Sackett et al., *Clinical Epidemiology: A Basic Science for Clinical Medicine*, Little Brown and Co., 1985, p. 106-7. Briefly, in this embodiment, the cut-off value may be determined from a plot of pairs of true positive rates (*i.e.*, sensitivity) and false positive rates (100%-specificity) that correspond to each possible cut-off value for the diagnostic test result. The cut-off value on the plot that is the closest to the upper left-hand corner (*i.e.*, the value that encloses the largest area) is the most accurate cut-off value, and a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method may be considered positive. Alternatively, the cut-off value may be shifted to the left along the plot, to minimize the false positive rate, or to the right, to minimize the false negative rate. In general, a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method is considered positive for a cancer.

In a related embodiment, the assay is performed in a flow-through or strip test format, wherein the binding agent is immobilized on a membrane, such as nitrocellulose. In the flow-through test, polypeptides within the sample bind to the immobilized binding agent as the sample passes through the membrane. A second, labeled binding agent then binds to the binding agent-polypeptide complex as a solution containing the second binding agent flows through the membrane. The detection of bound second binding agent may then be performed as described above. In the strip test format, one end of the membrane to which binding agent is bound is immersed in a solution containing the sample. The sample migrates along the membrane through a region containing second binding agent and to the area of immobilized binding agent. Concentration of second binding agent at the area of immobilized antibody indicates the presence of a cancer. Typically, the concentration of second binding agent at that site generates a pattern, such as a line, that can be read visually. The absence of such a pattern indicates a negative result. In general, the amount of binding agent immobilized on the membrane is selected to generate a visually discernible pattern when the biological sample contains a level of polypeptide that would be sufficient to generate a positive signal in the two-antibody sandwich assay, in the format discussed above. Preferred binding agents for use in such assays are antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof. Preferably, the amount of antibody immobilized on the membrane ranges from about 25 ng to about 1 μ g, and more preferably from about 50 ng to about 500 ng. Such tests can typically be performed with a very small amount of biological sample.

Of course, numerous other assay protocols exist that are suitable for use with the tumor proteins or binding agents of the present invention. The above descriptions are intended to be exemplary only. For example, it will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that the above protocols may be readily modified to use prostate tumor polypeptides to

detect antibodies that bind to such polypeptides in a biological sample. The detection of such prostate tumor protein specific antibodies may correlate with the presence of a cancer.

A cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the presence of T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Within certain methods, a biological sample comprising CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient is incubated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide and/or an APC that expresses at least an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, and the presence or absence of specific activation of the T cells is detected. Suitable biological samples include, but are not limited to, isolated T cells. For example, T cells may be isolated from a patient by routine techniques (such as by Ficoll/Hypaque density gradient centrifugation of peripheral blood lymphocytes). T cells may be incubated *in vitro* for 2-9 days (typically 4 days) at 37°C with prostate tumor polypeptide (*e.g.*, 5 - 25 µg/ml). It may be desirable to incubate another aliquot of a T cell sample in the absence of prostate tumor polypeptide to serve as a control. For CD4⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating proliferation of the T cells. For CD8⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating cytolytic activity. A level of proliferation that is at least two fold greater and/or a level of cytolytic activity that is at least 20% greater than in disease-free patients indicates the presence of a cancer in the patient.

As noted above, a cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. For example, at least two oligonucleotide primers may be employed in a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) based assay to amplify a portion of a prostate tumor cDNA derived from a biological sample, wherein at least one of the oligonucleotide primers is specific for (*i.e.*, hybridizes to) a polynucleotide encoding the prostate tumor protein. The amplified cDNA is then separated and detected using techniques well known in the art, such as gel electrophoresis. Similarly, oligonucleotide probes that specifically hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein may be used in a hybridization assay to detect the presence of polynucleotide encoding the tumor protein in a biological sample.

To permit hybridization under assay conditions, oligonucleotide primers and probes should comprise an oligonucleotide sequence that has at least about 60%, preferably at least about 75% and more preferably at least about 90%, identity to a portion of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein that is at least 10 nucleotides, and preferably at least 20 nucleotides, in length. Preferably, oligonucleotide primers and/or probes will hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide disclosed herein under moderately stringent conditions, as defined above. Oligonucleotide primers and/or probes which may be usefully employed in the diagnostic methods described herein preferably are at least 10-40 nucleotides in length. In a preferred embodiment, the oligonucleotide primers

comprise at least 10 contiguous nucleotides, more preferably at least 15 contiguous nucleotides, of a DNA molecule having a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375 and 381. Techniques for both PCR based assays and hybridization assays are well known in the art (*see, for example, Mullis et al., Cold Spring Harbor Symp. Quant. Biol., 51:263, 1987; Erlich ed., PCR Technology, Stockton Press, NY, 1989*).

One preferred assay employs RT-PCR, in which PCR is applied in conjunction with reverse transcription. Typically, RNA is extracted from a biological sample, such as biopsy tissue, and is reverse transcribed to produce cDNA molecules. PCR amplification using at least one specific primer generates a cDNA molecule, which may be separated and visualized using, for example, gel electrophoresis. Amplification may be performed on biological samples taken from a test patient and from an individual who is not afflicted with a cancer. The amplification reaction may be performed on several dilutions of cDNA spanning two orders of magnitude. A two-fold or greater increase in expression in several dilutions of the test patient sample as compared to the same dilutions of the non-cancerous sample is typically considered positive.

In another embodiment, the disclosed compositions may be used as markers for the progression of cancer. In this embodiment, assays as described above for the diagnosis of a cancer may be performed over time, and the change in the level of reactive polypeptide(s) or polynucleotide evaluated. For example, the assays may be performed every 24-72 hours for a period of 6 months to 1 year, and thereafter performed as needed. In general, a cancer is progressing in those patients in whom the level of polypeptide or polynucleotide detected increases over time. In contrast, the cancer is not progressing when the level of reactive polypeptide or polynucleotide either remains constant or decreases with time.

Certain *in vivo* diagnostic assays may be performed directly on a tumor. One such assay involves contacting tumor cells with a binding agent. The bound binding agent may then be detected directly or indirectly via a reporter group. Such binding agents may also be used in histological applications. Alternatively, polynucleotide probes may be used within such applications.

As noted above, to improve sensitivity, multiple prostate tumor protein markers may be assayed within a given sample. It will be apparent that binding agents specific for different proteins provided herein may be combined within a single assay. Further, multiple primers or probes may be used concurrently. The selection of tumor protein markers may be based on routine experiments to determine combinations that results in optimal sensitivity. In addition, or alternatively, assays for tumor proteins provided herein may be combined with assays for other known tumor antigens.

DIAGNOSTIC KITS

The present invention further provides kits for use within any of the above diagnostic methods. Such kits typically comprise two or more components necessary for performing a diagnostic assay. Components may be compounds, reagents, containers and/or equipment. For example, one container within a kit may contain a monoclonal antibody or fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein. Such antibodies or fragments may be provided attached to a support material, as described above. One or more additional containers may enclose elements, such as reagents or buffers, to be used in the assay. Such kits may also, or alternatively, contain a detection reagent as described above that contains a reporter group suitable for direct or indirect detection of antibody binding.

Alternatively, a kit may be designed to detect the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Such kits generally comprise at least one oligonucleotide probe or primer, as described above, that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein. Such an oligonucleotide may be used, for example, within a PCR or hybridization assay. Additional components that may be present within such kits include a second oligonucleotide and/or a diagnostic reagent or container to facilitate the detection of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library was constructed from prostate tumor poly A⁺ RNA using a Superscript Plasmid System for cDNA Synthesis and Plasmid Cloning kit (BRL Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD 20897) following the manufacturer's protocol. Specifically, prostate tumor tissues were homogenized with polytron (Kinematica, Switzerland) and total RNA was extracted using Trizol reagent (BRL Life Technologies) as directed by the manufacturer. The poly A⁺ RNA was then purified using a Qiagen oligotex spin column mRNA purification kit (Qiagen, Santa Clarita, CA 91355) according to the manufacturer's protocol. First-strand cDNA was synthesized using the NotI/Oligo-dT18 primer. Double-stranded cDNA was synthesized, ligated with EcoRI/BAXI adaptors (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA) and digested with NotI. Following size fractionation with Chroma Spin-1000 columns (Clontech, Palo Alto, CA), the cDNA was ligated into the EcoRI/NotI site of pCDNA3.1 (Invitrogen) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells (BRL Life Technologies) by electroporation.

Using the same procedure, a normal human pancreas cDNA expression library was prepared from a pool of six tissue specimens (Clontech). The cDNA libraries were characterized by determining the number of independent colonies, the percentage of clones that carried insert, the average insert size and by sequence analysis. The prostate tumor library contained 1.64×10^7 independent colonies, with 70% of clones having an insert and the average insert size being 1745 base pairs. The normal pancreas cDNA library contained 3.3×10^6 independent colonies, with 69% of clones having inserts and the average insert size being 1120 base pairs. For both libraries, sequence analysis showed that the majority of clones had a full length cDNA sequence and were synthesized from mRNA, with minimal rRNA and mitochondrial DNA contamination.

cDNA library subtraction was performed using the above prostate tumor and normal pancreas cDNA libraries, as described by Hara *et al.* (*Blood*, 84:189-199, 1994) with some modifications. Specifically, a prostate tumor-specific subtracted cDNA library was generated as follows. Normal pancreas cDNA library (70 µg) was digested with EcoRI, NotI, and SfuI, followed by a filling-in reaction with DNA polymerase Klenow fragment. After phenol-chloroform extraction and ethanol precipitation, the DNA was dissolved in 100 µl of

H₂O, heat-denatured and mixed with 100 μ l (100 μ g) of Photoprobe biotin (Vector Laboratories, Burlingame, CA). As recommended by the manufacturer, the resulting mixture was irradiated with a 270 W sunlamp on ice for 20 minutes. Additional Photoprobe biotin (50 μ l) was added and the biotinylation reaction was repeated. After extraction with butanol five times, the DNA was ethanol-precipitated and dissolved in 23 μ l H₂O to form the driver DNA.

To form the tracer DNA, 10 μ g prostate tumor cDNA library was digested with BamHI and XhoI, phenol chloroform extracted and passed through Chroma spin-400 columns (Clontech). Following ethanol precipitation, the tracer DNA was dissolved in 5 μ l H₂O. Tracer DNA was mixed with 15 μ l driver DNA and 20 μ l of 2 x hybridization buffer (1.5 M NaCl/10 mM EDTA/50 mM HEPES pH 7.5/0.2% sodium dodecyl sulfate), overlaid with mineral oil, and heat-denatured completely. The sample was immediately transferred into a 68 °C water bath and incubated for 20 hours (long hybridization [LH]). The reaction mixture was then subjected to a streptavidin treatment followed by phenol/chloroform extraction. This process was repeated three more times. Subtracted DNA was precipitated, dissolved in 12 μ l H₂O, mixed with 8 μ l driver DNA and 20 μ l of 2 x hybridization buffer, and subjected to a hybridization at 68 °C for 2 hours (short hybridization [SH]). After removal of biotinylated double-stranded DNA, subtracted cDNA was ligated into BamHI/XhoI site of chloramphenicol resistant pBCSK⁺ (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA 92037) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells by electroporation to generate a prostate tumor specific subtracted cDNA library (referred to as "prostate subtraction 1").

To analyze the subtracted cDNA library, plasmid DNA was prepared from 100 independent clones, randomly picked from the subtracted prostate tumor specific library and grouped based on insert size. Representative cDNA clones were further characterized by DNA sequencing with a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A (Foster City, CA). Six cDNA clones, hereinafter referred to as F1-13, F1-12, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4, were shown to be abundant in the subtracted prostate-specific cDNA library. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for F1-12 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 2 and 3, respectively, with determined 3' cDNA sequences for F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 1 and 4-7, respectively.

The cDNA sequences for the isolated clones were compared to known sequences in the gene bank using the EMBL and GenBank databases (release 96). Four of the prostate tumor cDNA clones, F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, and H1-4, were determined to encode the following previously identified proteins: prostate specific antigen (PSA), human glandular kallikrein, human tumor expression enhanced gene, and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. H1-9 was found to be identical to a previously identified human

autonomously replicating sequence. No significant homologies to the cDNA sequence for F1-12 were found.

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of a full-length cDNA sequence for F1-12. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 107, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 108.

To clone less abundant prostate tumor specific genes, cDNA library subtraction was performed by subtracting the prostate tumor cDNA library described above with the normal pancreas cDNA library and with the three most abundant genes in the previously subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library: human glandular kallikrein, prostate specific antigen (PSA), and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. Specifically, 1 µg each of human glandular kallikrein, PSA and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II cDNAs in pCDNA3.1 were added to the driver DNA and subtraction was performed as described above to provide a second subtracted cDNA library hereinafter referred to as the "subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike".

Twenty-two cDNA clones were isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-17, L1-12, N1-1862, J1-13, J1-19, J1-25, J1-24, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4 and L1-14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11, 12-13, 14-15, 16-17, 18-19, 20-21, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27 and 28-29, respectively. The determined 3' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-12, J1-16, J1-21, K1-48, K1-55, L1-2, L1-6, N1-1858, N1-1860, N1-1861, N1-1864 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 30-40, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to three of the five most abundant DNA species, (J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862; SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11 and 12-13, respectively). Of the remaining two most abundant species, one (J1-12; SEQ ID NO:30) was found to be identical to the previously identified human pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, and the other (K1-48; SEQ ID NO:33) was determined to have some homology to *R. norvegicus* mRNA for 2-arylpropionyl-CoA epimerase. Of the 17 less abundant cDNA clones isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, four (J1-16, K1-55, L1-6 and N1-1864; SEQ ID NOS:31, 34, 36 and 40, respectively) were found to be identical to previously identified sequences, two (J1-21 and N1-1860; SEQ ID NOS: 32 and 38, respectively) were found to show some homology to non-human sequences, and two (L1-2 and N1-1861; SEQ ID NOS: 35 and 39, respectively) were found to show some homology to known human sequences. No significant homologies were found to the polypeptides J1-13, J1-19, J1-24, J1-25, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4, L1-14 (SEQ ID NOS: 14-15, 16-17, 20-21, 18-19, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27, 28-29, respectively).

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of full length cDNA sequences for J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862 (SEQ ID NOS: 109-111, respectively). The corresponding predicted

amino acid sequences are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 112-114. L1-12 is also referred to as P501S.

In a further experiment, four additional clones were identified by subtracting a prostate tumor cDNA library with normal prostate cDNA prepared from a pool of three normal prostate poly A+ RNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 2"). The determined cDNA sequences for these clones, hereinafter referred to as U1-3064, U1-3065, V1-3692 and 1A-3905, are provided in SEQ ID NO: 69-72, respectively. Comparison of the determined sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to U1-3065.

A second subtraction with spike (referred to as "prostate subtraction spike 2") was performed by subtracting a prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike with normal pancreas cDNA library and further spiked with PSA, J1-17, pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, mitochondrial DNA, cytochrome c oxidase subunit II, N1-1862, autonomously replicating sequence, L1-12 and tumor expression enhanced gene. Four additional clones, hereinafter referred to as V1-3686, R1-2330, 1B-3976 and V1-3679, were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 73-76, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to V1-3686 and R1-2330.

Further analysis of the three prostate subtractions described above (prostate subtraction 2, subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, and prostate subtraction spike 2) resulted in the identification of sixteen additional clones, referred to as 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1G-4734, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4810, 1I-4811, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 77-92, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4741, 1G-4734, 1I-4807, 1J-4876 and 1K-4896 (SEQ ID NOS: 79, 81, 87, 90 and 92, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4807, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 179-188 and 191-193, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1I-4810 and 1I-4811, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 189 and 190, respectively.

Additional studies with prostate subtraction spike 2 resulted in the isolation of three more clones. Their sequences were determined as described above and compared to the most recent GenBank. All three clones were found to have homology to known genes, which are Cysteine-rich protein, KIAA0242, and KIAA0280 (SEQ ID NO: 317, 319, and 320, respectively). Further analysis of these clones by Synteni microarray (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA) demonstrated that all three clones were over-expressed in most prostate tumors and

prostate BPH, as well as in the majority of normal prostate tissues tested, but low expression in all other normal tissues.

An additional subtraction was performed by subtracting a normal prostate cDNA library with normal pancreas cDNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 3"). This led to the identification of six additional clones referred to as 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766, 1H-4770, 1H-4771 and 1H-4772 (SEQ ID NOS: 93-98). Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4761 and 1H-4771 (SEQ ID NOS: 93 and 97, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766 and 1H-4772 provided in SEQ ID NOS: 194-196 and 199, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1H-4770 and 1H-4771, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 197 and 198, respectively.

Subtraction of a prostate tumor cDNA library, prepared from a pool of polyA+ RNA from three prostate cancer patients, with a normal pancreas cDNA library (prostate subtraction 4) led to the identification of eight clones, referred to as 1D-4297, 1D-4309, 1D.1-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280 (SEQ ID NOS: 99-107). These sequences were compared to those in the gene bank as described above. No significant homologies were found to 1D-4283 and 1D-4304 (SEQ ID NOS: 103 and 104, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1D-4309, 1D.1-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 200-206, respectively.

cDNA clones isolated in prostate subtraction 1 and prostate subtraction 2, described above, were colony PCR amplified and their mRNA expression levels in prostate tumor, normal prostate and in various other normal tissues were determined using microarray technology (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA). Briefly, the PCR amplification products were dotted onto slides in an array format, with each product occupying a unique location in the array. mRNA was extracted from the tissue sample to be tested, reverse transcribed, and fluorescent-labeled cDNA probes were generated. The microarrays were probed with the labeled cDNA probes, the slides scanned and fluorescence intensity was measured. This intensity correlates with the hybridization intensity. Two clones (referred to as P509S and P510S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate and expressed at low levels in all other normal tissues tested (liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon). The determined cDNA sequences for P509S and P510S are provided in SEQ ID NO: 223 and 224, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed some homology to previously identified ESTs.

Additional, studies led to the isolation of the full-length cDNA sequence for P509S. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 332, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 339.

EXAMPLE 2

DETERMINATION OF TISSUE SPECIFICITY OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Using gene specific primers, mRNA expression levels for the representative prostate tumor polypeptides F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (also referred to as P502S), L1-12 (also referred to as P501S), F1-12 (also referred to as P504S) and N1-1862 (also referred to as P503S) were examined in a variety of normal and tumor tissues using RT-PCR.

Briefly, total RNA was extracted from a variety of normal and tumor tissues using Trizol reagent as described above. First strand synthesis was carried out using 1-2 μ g of total RNA with SuperScript II reverse transcriptase (BRL Life Technologies) at 42 °C for one hour. The cDNA was then amplified by PCR with gene-specific primers. To ensure the semi-quantitative nature of the RT-PCR, β -actin was used as an internal control for each of the tissues examined. First, serial dilutions of the first strand cDNAs were prepared and RT-PCR assays were performed using β -actin specific primers. A dilution was then chosen that enabled the linear range amplification of the β -actin template and which was sensitive enough to reflect the differences in the initial copy numbers. Using these conditions, the β -actin levels were determined for each reverse transcription reaction from each tissue. DNA contamination was minimized by DNase treatment and by assuring a negative PCR result when using first strand cDNA that was prepared without adding reverse transcriptase.

mRNA Expression levels were examined in four different types of tumor tissue (prostate tumor from 2 patients, breast tumor from 3 patients, colon tumor, lung tumor), and sixteen different normal tissues, including prostate, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, testes, bone marrow and brain. F1-16 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor tissue, colon tumor and normal prostate, and at lower levels in normal liver, skin and testes, with expression being undetectable in the other tissues examined. H1-1 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor, lung tumor, breast tumor, normal prostate, normal colon and normal brain, at much lower levels in normal lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, small intestine, bone marrow, and was not detected in the other tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) and L1-12 (P501S) appear to be specifically over-expressed in prostate, with both genes being expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate but at low to undetectable levels in all the other tissues examined. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors and detectable in normal colon and kidney. The RT-PCR results thus indicate that

F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (P502S), N1-1862 (P503S) and L1-12 (P501S) are either prostate specific or are expressed at significantly elevated levels in prostate.

Further RT-PCR studies showed that F1-12 (P504S) is over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney but not detectable in all other tissues tested. Similarly, R1-2330 was shown to be over-expressed in 40% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney and liver, but not detectable in all other tissues tested. U1-3064 was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, and also expressed in breast and colon tumors, but was not detectable in normal tissues.

RT-PCR characterization of R1-2330, U1-3064 and 1D-4279 showed that these three antigens are over-expressed in prostate and/or prostate tumors.

Northern analysis with four prostate tumors, two normal prostate samples, two BPH prostates, and normal colon, kidney, liver, lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, brain, stomach, testes, small intestine and bone marrow, showed that L1-12 (P501S) is over-expressed in prostate tumors and normal prostate, while being undetectable in other normal tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) was detected in two prostate tumors and not in the other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in three prostate tumors and to be expressed in normal prostate, colon and kidney, but not in other tissues tested. F1-12 (P504S) was found to be highly expressed in two prostate tumors and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

The microarray technology described above was used to determine the expression levels of representative antigens described herein in prostate tumor, breast tumor and the following normal tissues: prostate, liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon. L1-12 (P501S) was found to be over-expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, with some expression being detected in normal skeletal muscle. Both J1-12 and F1-12 (P504S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor, with expression being lower or undetectable in all other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and at low levels in normal large intestine and normal colon, with expression being undetectable in all other tissues tested. R1-2330 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and to be expressed at lower levels in all other tissues tested. 1D-4279 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, expressed at lower levels in normal spinal cord, and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

Further microarray analysis to specifically address the extent to which P501S (SEQ ID NO: 110) was expressed in breast tumor revealed moderate over-expression not only in breast tumor, but also in metastatic breast tumor (2/31), with negligible to low expression

in normal tissues. This data suggests that P501S may be over-expressed in various breast tumors as well as in prostate tumors.

The expression levels of 32 ESTs (expressed sequence tags) described by Vasmatazis *et al.* (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998) in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by microarray technology as described above. Two of these clones (referred to as P1000C and P1001C) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and expressed at low to undetectable levels in all other tissues tested (normal aorta, thymus, resting and activated PBMC, epithelial cells, spinal cord, adrenal gland, fetal tissues, skin, salivary gland, large intestine, bone marrow, liver, lung, dendritic cells, stomach, lymph nodes, brain, heart, small intestine, skeletal muscle, colon and kidney. The determined cDNA sequences for P1000C and P1001C are provided in SEQ ID NO: 384 and 472, respectively. The sequence of P1001C was found to show some homology to the previously isolated Human mRNA for JM27 protein. No significant homologies were found to the sequence of P1000C.

The expression of the polypeptide encoded by the full length cDNA sequence for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S; SEQ ID NO: 108) was investigated by immunohistochemical analysis. Rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibodies were generated against the full length P504S protein by standard techniques. Subsequent isolation and characterization of the polyclonal antibodies were also performed by techniques well known in the art. Immunohistochemical analysis showed that the P504S polypeptide was expressed in 100% of prostate carcinoma samples tested (n=5).

The rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody did not appear to label benign prostate cells with the same cytoplasmic granular staining, but rather with light nuclear staining. Analysis of normal tissues revealed that the encoded polypeptide was found to be expressed in some, but not all normal human tissues. Positive cytoplasmic staining with rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody was found in normal human kidney, liver, brain, colon and lung-associated macrophages, whereas heart and bone marrow were negative.

This data indicates that the P504S polypeptide is present in prostate cancer tissues, and that there are qualitative and quantitative differences in the staining between benign prostatic hyperplasia tissues and prostate cancer tissues, suggesting that this polypeptide may be detected selectively in prostate tumors and therefore be useful in the diagnosis of prostate cancer.

EXAMPLE 3

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA subtraction library, containing cDNA from normal prostate subtracted with ten other normal tissue cDNAs (brain, heart, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, placenta, skeletal muscle, spleen and thymus) and then submitted to a first round of PCR amplification, was purchased from Clontech. This library was subjected to a second round of PCR amplification, following the manufacturer's protocol. The resulting cDNA fragments were subcloned into the vector pT7 Blue T-vector (Novagen, Madison, WI) and transformed into XL-1 Blue MRF' *E. coli* (Stratagene). DNA was isolated from independent clones and sequenced using a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A.

Fifty-nine positive clones were sequenced. Comparison of the DNA sequences of these clones with those in the gene bank, as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 25 of these clones, hereinafter referred to as P5, P8, P9, P18, P20, P30, P34, P36, P38, P39, P42, P49, P50, P53, P55, P60, P64, P65, P73, P75, P76, P79 and P84. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 41-45, 47-52 and 54-65, respectively. P29, P47, P68, P80 and P82 (SEQ ID NO: 46, 53 and 66-68, respectively) were found to show some degree of homology to previously identified DNA sequences. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, none of these sequences have been previously shown to be present in prostate.

Further studies using the PCR-based methodology described above resulted in the isolation of more than 180 additional clones, of which 23 clones were found to show no significant homologies to known sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 115-123, 127, 131, 137, 145, 147-151, 153, 156-158 and 160. Twenty-three clones (SEQ ID NO: 124-126, 128-130, 132-136, 138-144, 146, 152, 154, 155 and 159) were found to show some homology to previously identified ESTs. An additional ten clones (SEQ ID NO: 161-170) were found to have some degree of homology to known genes. Larger cDNA clones containing the P20 sequence represent splice variants of a gene referred to as P703P. The determined DNA sequence for the variants referred to as DE1, DE13 and DE14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 171, 175 and 177, respectively, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 172, 176 and 178, respectively. The determined cDNA sequence for an extended spliced form of P703 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 225. The DNA sequences for the splice variants referred to as DE2 and DE6 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 173 and 174, respectively.

mRNA Expression levels for representative clones in tumor tissues (prostate (n=5), breast (n=2), colon and lung) normal tissues (prostate (n=5), colon, kidney, liver, lung (n=2), ovary (n=2), skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, small intestine and brain), and activated

and non-activated PBMC was determined by RT-PCR as described above. Expression was examined in one sample of each tissue type unless otherwise indicated.

P9 was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor compared to all normal tissues tested except for normal colon which showed comparable expression. P20, a portion of the P703P gene, was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to all twelve normal tissues tested. A modest increase in expression of P20 in breast tumor (n=2), colon tumor and lung tumor was seen compared to all normal tissues except lung (1 of 2). Increased expression of P18 was found in normal prostate, prostate tumor and breast tumor compared to other normal tissues except lung and stomach. A modest increase in expression of P5 was observed in normal prostate compared to most other normal tissues. However, some elevated expression was seen in normal lung and PBMC. Elevated expression of P5 was also observed in prostate tumors (2 of 5), breast tumor and one lung tumor sample. For P30, similar expression levels were seen in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to six of twelve other normal tissues tested. Increased expression was seen in breast tumors, one lung tumor sample and one colon tumor sample, and also in normal PBMC. P29 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to the majority of normal tissues. However, substantial expression of P29 was observed in normal colon and normal lung (2 of 2). P80 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to all other normal tissues tested, with increased expression also being seen in colon tumor.

Further studies resulted in the isolation of twelve additional clones, hereinafter referred to as 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3. The determined DNA sequences for 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 207, 208, 209, 216, 217, 220, 221 and 222, respectively. The determined forward and reverse DNA sequences for 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6 and 8-g3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 210 and 211; 212 and 213; 214 and 215; and 218 and 219, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to the sequence of 9-f3. The clones 10-d8, 11-c8 and 8-h11 were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs, while 10-h10, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3 and 9-f12 were found to show some homology to previously identified genes. Further characterization of 7-G6 and 8-G3 showed identity to the known genes PAP and PSA, respectively.

mRNA expression levels for these clones were determined using the micro-array technology described above. The clones 7-G6, 8-G3, 8-B5, 8-B6, 8-D4, 8-D9, 9-F3, 9-F12, 9-H3, 10-A2, 10-A4, 11-C9 and 11-F2 were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, with expression in other tissues tested being low or undetectable.

Increased expression of 8-F11 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, skeletal muscle and colon. Increased expression of 10-H10 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, lung, colon, brain and large intestine. Increased expression of 9-B1 was seen in prostate tumor, breast tumor, and normal prostate, salivary gland, large intestine and skin, with increased expression of 11-C8 being seen in prostate tumor, and normal prostate and large intestine.

An additional cDNA fragment derived from the PCR-based normal prostate subtraction, described above, was found to be prostate specific by both micro-array technology and RT-PCR. The determined cDNA sequence of this clone (referred to as 9-A11) is provided in SEQ ID NO: 226. Comparison of this sequence with those in the public databases revealed 99% identity to the known gene HOXB13.

Further studies led to the isolation of the clones 8-C6 and 8-H7. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 227 and 228, respectively. These sequences were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs.

PCR and hybridization-based methodologies were employed to obtain longer cDNA sequences for clone P20 (also referred to as P703P), yielding three additional cDNA fragments that progressively extend the 5' end of the gene. These fragments, referred to as P703PDE5, P703P6.26, and P703PX-23 (SEQ ID NO: 326, 328 and 330, with the predicted corresponding amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 327, 329 and 331, respectively) contain additional 5' sequence. P703PDE5 was recovered by screening of a cDNA library (#141-26) with a portion of P703P as a probe. P703P6.26 was recovered from a mixture of three prostate tumor cDNAs and P703PX_23 was recovered from cDNA library (#438-48). Together, the additional sequences include all of the putative mature serine protease along with part of the putative signal sequence. Further studies using a PCR-based subtraction library of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a pool of normal tissues (referred to as JP: PCR subtraction) resulted in the isolation of thirteen additional clones, seven of which did not share any significant homology to known GenBank sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these seven clones (P711P, P712P, novel 23, P774P, P775P, P710P and P768P) are provided in SEQ ID NO: 307-311, 313 and 315, respectively. The remaining six clones (SEQ ID NO: 316 and 321-325) were shown to share some homology to known genes. By microarray analysis, all thirteen clones showed three or more fold over-expression in prostate tissues, including prostate tumors, BPH and normal prostate as compared to normal non-prostate tissues. Clones P711P, P712P, novel 23 and P768P showed over-expression in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues tested (n=29), and in the majority of normal prostate tissues (n=4), but background to low expression levels in all normal tissues.

Clones P774P, P775P and P710P showed comparatively lower expression and expression in fewer prostate tumors and BPH samples, with negative to low expression in normal prostate.

The full-length cDNA for P711P was obtained by employing the partial sequence of SEQ ID NO: 307 to screen a prostate cDNA library. Specifically, a directionally cloned prostate cDNA library was prepared using standard techniques. One million colonies of this library were plated onto LB/Amp plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs which were picked up by these filters were denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P711P cDNA fragment of SEQ ID NO: 307 was radio-labeled and used to hybridize with these filters. Positive clones were selected, and cDNAs were prepared and sequenced using an automatic Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems sequencer. The determined full-length sequence of P711P is provided in SEQ ID NO: 382, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 383.

Using PCR and hybridization-based methodologies, additional cDNA sequence information was derived for two clones described above, 11-C9 and 9-F3, herein after referred to as P707P and P714P, respectively (SEQ ID NO: 333 and 334). After comparison with the most recent GenBank, P707P was found to be a splice variant of the known gene HoxB13. In contrast, no significant homologies to P714P were found.

Clones 8-B3, P89, P98, P130 and P201 (as disclosed in U.S. Patent Application No. 09/020,956, filed February 9, 1998) were found to be contained within one contiguous sequence, referred to as P705P (SEQ ID NO: 335, with the predicted amino acid sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 336), which was determined to be a splice variant of the known gene NKX 3.1.

EXAMPLE 4

SYNTHESIS OF POLYPEPTIDES

Polypeptides may be synthesized on a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems 430A peptide synthesizer using Fmoc chemistry with HPTU (O-Benzotriazole-N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) activation. A Gly-Cys-Gly sequence may be attached to the amino terminus of the peptide to provide a method of conjugation, binding to an immobilized surface, or labeling of the peptide. Cleavage of the peptides from the solid support may be carried out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanedithiol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for 2 hours, the peptides may be precipitated in cold methyl-t-butyl-ether. The peptide pellets may then be dissolved in water containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase HPLC. A gradient of 0%-60% acetonitrile (containing 0.1% TFA) in water (containing 0.1% TFA) may be used to elute the peptides. Following

lyophilization of the pure fractions, the peptides may be characterized using electrospray or other types of mass spectrometry and by amino acid analysis.

EXAMPLE 5

FURTHER ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA library generated from prostate primary tumor mRNA as described above was subtracted with cDNA from normal prostate. The subtraction was performed using a PCR-based protocol (Clontech), which was modified to generate larger fragments. Within this protocol, tester and driver double stranded cDNA were separately digested with five restriction enzymes that recognize six-nucleotide restriction sites (MluI, MscI, PvuII, SalI and StuI). This digestion resulted in an average cDNA size of 600 bp, rather than the average size of 300 bp that results from digestion with RsaI according to the Clontech protocol. This modification did not affect the subtraction efficiency. Two tester populations were then created with different adapters, and the driver library remained without adapters.

The tester and driver libraries were then hybridized using excess driver cDNA. In the first hybridization step, driver was separately hybridized with each of the two tester cDNA populations. This resulted in populations of (a) unhybridized tester cDNAs, (b) tester cDNAs hybridized to other tester cDNAs, (c) tester cDNAs hybridized to driver cDNAs and (d) unhybridized driver cDNAs. The two separate hybridization reactions were then combined, and rehybridized in the presence of additional denatured driver cDNA. Following this second hybridization, in addition to populations (a) through (d), a fifth population (e) was generated in which tester cDNA with one adapter hybridized to tester cDNA with the second adapter. Accordingly, the second hybridization step resulted in enrichment of differentially expressed sequences which could be used as templates for PCR amplification with adaptor-specific primers.

The ends were then filled in, and PCR amplification was performed using adaptor-specific primers. Only population (e), which contained tester cDNA that did not hybridize to driver cDNA, was amplified exponentially. A second PCR amplification step was then performed, to reduce background and further enrich differentially expressed sequences.

This PCR-based subtraction technique normalizes differentially expressed cDNAs so that rare transcripts that are overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue may be recoverable. Such transcripts would be difficult to recover by traditional subtraction methods.

In addition to genes known to be overexpressed in prostate tumor, seventy-seven further clones were identified. Sequences of these partial cDNAs are provided in SEQ ID NO: 29 to 305. Most of these clones had no significant homology to database sequences. Exceptions were JPTPN23 (SEQ ID NO: 231; similarity to pig valosin-containing protein), JPTPN30 (SEQ ID NO: 234; similarity to rat mRNA for proteasome subunit), JPTPN45 (SEQ ID NO: 243; similarity to rat *norvegicus* cytosolic NADP-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase), JPTPN46 (SEQ ID NO: 244; similarity to human subclone H8 4 d4 DNA sequence), JP1D6 (SEQ ID NO: 265; similarity to *G. gallus* dynein light chain-A), JP8D6 (SEQ ID NO: 288; similarity to human BAC clone RG016J04), JP8F5 (SEQ ID NO: 289; similarity to human subclone H8 3 b5 DNA sequence), and JP8E9 (SEQ ID NO: 299; similarity to human Alu sequence).

Additional studies using the PCR-based subtraction library consisting of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a normal prostate pool (referred to as PT-PN PCR subtraction) yielded three additional clones. Comparison of the cDNA sequences of these clones with the most recent release of GenBank revealed no significant homologies to the two clones referred to as P715P and P767P (SEQ ID NO: 312 and 314). The remaining clone was found to show some homology to the known gene KIAA0056 (SEQ ID NO: 318). Using microarray analysis to measure mRNA expression levels in various tissues, all three clones were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumors and BPH tissues. Specifically, clone P715P was over-expressed in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues by a factor of three or greater, with elevated expression seen in the majority of normal prostate samples and in fetal tissue, but negative to low expression in all other normal tissues. Clone P767P was over-expressed in several prostate tumors and BPH tissues, with moderate expression levels in half of the normal prostate samples, and background to low expression in all other normal tissues tested.

Further analysis, by microarray as described above, of the PT-PN PCR subtraction library and of a DNA subtraction library containing cDNA from prostate tumor subtracted with a pool of normal tissue cDNAs, led to the isolation of 27 additional clones (SEQ ID NO: 340-365 and 381) which were determined to be over-expressed in prostate tumor. The clones of SEQ ID NO: 341, 342, 345, 347, 348, 349, 351, 355-359, 361, 362 and 364 were also found to be expressed in normal prostate. Expression of all 26 clones in a variety of normal tissues was found to be low or undetectable, with the exception of P544S (SEQ ID NO: 356) which was found to be expressed in small intestine. Of the 26 clones, 10 (SEQ ID NO: 340-349) were found to show some homology to previously identified sequences. No significant homologies were found to the clones of SEQ ID NO: 350-365.

EXAMPLE 6

PEPTIDE PRIMING OF MICE AND PROPAGATION OF CTL LINES

6.1. This Example illustrates the preparation of a CTL cell line specific for cells expressing the P502S gene.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with P2S#12 peptide (VLGWVAEL; SEQ ID NO: 306), which is derived from the P502S gene (also referred to herein as J1-17, SEQ ID NO: 8), as described by Theobald et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995 with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 100µg of P2S#12 and 120µg of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and using a nylon mesh single cell suspensions prepared. Cells were then resuspended at 6×10^6 cells/ml in complete media (RPMI-1640; Gibco BRL, Gaithersburg, MD) containing 10% FCS, 2mM Glutamine (Gibco BRL), sodium pyruvate (Gibco BRL), non-essential amino acids (Gibco BRL), 2×10^{-5} M 2-mercaptoethanol, 50U/ml penicillin and streptomycin, and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P2S#12-pulsed (5mg/ml P2S#12 and 10mg/ml β2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7µg/ml dextran sulfate and 25µg/ml LPS for 3 days). Six days later, cells (5×10^5 /ml) were restimulated with 2.5×10^6 /ml peptide pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells (Sherman et al, *Science* 258:815-818, 1992) and 3×10^6 /ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20U/ml IL-2. Cells continued to be restimulated on a weekly basis as described, in preparation for cloning the line.

P2S#12 line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were

restimulated as before. On day 21, clones that were growing were isolated and maintained in culture. Several of these clones demonstrated significantly higher reactivity (lysis) against human fibroblasts (HLA A2.1 expressing) transduced with P502S than against control fibroblasts. An example is presented in Figure 1.

This data indicates that P2S #12 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA A2.1 molecule.

6.2. This Example illustrates the preparation of murine CTL lines and CTL clones specific for cells expressing the P501S gene.

This series of experiments were performed similarly to that described above. Mice were immunized with the P1S#10 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 337), which is derived from the P501S gene (also referred to herein as L1-12, SEQ ID NO: 110). The P1S#10 peptide was derived by analysis of the predicted polypeptide sequence for P501S for potential HLA-A2 binding sequences as defined by published HLA-A2 binding motifs (Parker, KC, *et al*, *J. Immunol.*, 152:163, 1994). P1S#10 peptide was synthesized as described in Example 4, and empirically tested for HLA-A2 binding using a T cell based competition assay. Predicted A2 binding peptides were tested for their ability to compete HLA-A2 specific peptide presentation to an HLA-A2 restricted CTL clone (D150M58), which is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58. D150M58 CTL secretes TNF in response to self-presentation of peptide fluM58. In the competition assay, test peptides at 100-200 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ were added to cultures of D150M58 CTL in order to bind HLA-A2 on the CTL. After thirty minutes, CTL cultured with test peptides, or control peptides, were tested for their antigen dose response to the fluM58 peptide in a standard TNF bioassay. As shown in Figure 3, peptide P1S#10 competes HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58, demonstrating that peptide P1S#10 binds HLA-A2.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 were immunized as described by Theobald et al. (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995) with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 62.5 μg of P1S #10 and 120 μg of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from Hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and single cell suspensions prepared using a nylon mesh. Cells were then resuspended at 6×10^6 cells/ml in complete media (as described above) and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P1S#10-pulsed (2 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ P1S#10 and 10mg/ml β 2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ dextran sulfate and 25 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ LPS for 3 days). Six days later cells (5×10^5 /ml) were restimulated with 2.5×10^6 /ml peptide-pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells, as described above, and 3×10^6 /ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20 U/ml IL-2. Cells were restimulated on a weekly

basis in preparation for cloning. After three rounds of *in vitro* stimulations, one line was generated that recognized P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat targets as shown in Figure 4.

A P1S#10-specific CTL line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were restimulated as before. On day 21, viable clones were isolated and maintained in culture. As shown in Figure 5, five of these clones demonstrated specific cytolytic reactivity against P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets. This data indicates that P1S#10 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P501S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA-A2.1 molecule.

EXAMPLE 7

ABILITY OF HUMAN T CELLS TO RECOGNIZE PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example illustrates the ability of T cells specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide to recognize human tumor.

Human CD8⁺ T cells were primed *in vitro* to the P2S-12 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 306) derived from P502S (also referred to as J1-17) using dendritic cells according to the protocol of Van Tsai et al. (*Critical Reviews in Immunology* 18:65-75, 1998). The resulting CD8⁺ T cell microcultures were tested for their ability to recognize the P2S-12 peptide presented by autologous fibroblasts or fibroblasts which were transduced to express the P502S gene in a γ -interferon ELISPOT assay (*see* Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). Briefly, titrating numbers of T cells were assayed in duplicate on 10^4 fibroblasts in the presence of 3 μ g/ml human β_2 -microglobulin and 1 μ g/ml P2S-12 peptide or control E75 peptide. In addition, T cells were simultaneously assayed on autologous fibroblasts transduced with the P502S gene or as a control, fibroblasts transduced with HER-2/*neu*. Prior to the assay, the fibroblasts were treated with 10 ng/ml γ -interferon for 48 hours to upregulate class I MHC expression. One of the microcultures (#5) demonstrated strong recognition of both peptide pulsed fibroblasts as well as transduced fibroblasts in a γ -interferon ELISPOT assay. Figure 2A demonstrates that there was a strong increase in the number of γ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T cells on fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide (solid bars) but not with the control E75 peptide (open bars). This shows the ability of these T cells to specifically recognize the P2S-12 peptide. As shown in Figure 2B, this microculture also demonstrated an increase in the number of γ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T

cells on fibroblasts transduced to express the P502S gene but not the HER-2/*neu* gene. These results provide additional confirmatory evidence that the P2S-12 peptide is a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein. Furthermore, this also demonstrates that there exists in the human T cell repertoire, high affinity T cells which are capable of recognizing this epitope. These T cells should also be capable of recognizing human tumors which express the P502S gene.

EXAMPLE 8

PRIMING OF CTL *IN VIVO* USING NAKED DNA IMMUNIZATION WITH A PROSTATE ANTIGEN

The prostate tumor antigen L1-12, as described above, is also referred to as P501S. HLA A2Kb Tg mice (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with 100 µg VR10132-P501S either intramuscularly or intradermally. The mice were immunized three times, with a two week interval between immunizations. Two weeks after the last immunization, immune spleen cells were cultured with Jurkat A2Kb-P501S transduced stimulator cells. CTL lines were stimulated weekly. After two weeks of *in vitro* stimulation, CTL activity was assessed against P501S transduced targets. Two out of 8 mice developed strong anti-P501S CTL responses. These results demonstrate that P501S contains at least one naturally processed A2-restricted CTL epitope.

EXAMPLE 9

GENERATION OF HUMAN CTL *IN VITRO* USING WHOLE GENE PRIMING AND STIMULATION TECHNIQUES WITH PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

Using *in vitro* whole-gene priming with P501S-retrovirally transduced autologous fibroblasts (see, for example, Yee et al, *The Journal of Immunology*, 157(9):4079-86, 1996), human CTL lines were derived that specifically recognize autologous fibroblasts transduced with P501S (also known as L1-12), as determined by interferon-γ ELISPOT analysis as described above. Using a panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S, these CTL lines were shown to be restricted HLA-A2 class I allele. Specifically, dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by growing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S vaccinia virus at a multiplicity of infection (M.O.I) of five, and matured overnight by the addition of 3 µg/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation. CD8⁺ T cells were isolated using a magnetic bead system, and

priming cultures were initiated using standard culture techniques. Cultures were restimulated every 7-10 days using autologous primary fibroblasts retrovirally transduced with P501S. Following four stimulation cycles, CD8+ T cell lines were identified that specifically produced interferon- γ when stimulated with P501S-transduced autologous fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity could be sustained by the continued stimulation of the cultures with P501S-transduced fibroblasts in the presence of IL-15. A panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S were generated to define the restriction allele of the response. By measuring interferon- γ in an ELISPOT assay, the P501S specific response was shown to be restricted by HLA-A2. These results demonstrate that a CD8+ CTL response to P501S can be elicited.

EXAMPLE 10

IDENTIFICATION OF A NATURALLY PROCESSED CTL EPITOPE CONTAINED WITHIN A PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

The 9-mer peptide p5 (SEQ ID NO: 338) was derived from the P703P antigen (also referred to as P20). The p5 peptide is immunogenic in human HLA-A2 donors and is a naturally processed epitope. Antigen specific CD8+ T cells can be primed following repeated *in vitro* stimulations with monocytes pulsed with p5 peptide. These CTL specifically recognize p5-pulsed target cells in both ELISPOT (as described above) and chromium release assays. Additionally, immunization of HLA-A2 transgenic mice with p5 leads to the generation of CTL lines which recognize a variety of P703P transduced target cells expressing either HLA-A2Kb or HLA-A2. Specifically, HLA-A2 transgenic mice were immunized subcutaneously in the footpad with 100 μ g of p5 peptide together with 140 μ g of hepatitis B virus core peptide (a Th peptide) in Freund's incomplete adjuvant. Three weeks post immunization, spleen cells from immunized mice were stimulated *in vitro* with peptide-pulsed LPS blasts. CTL activity was assessed by chromium release assay five days after primary *in vitro* stimulation. Retrovirally transduced cells expressing the control antigen P703P and HLA-A2Kb were used as targets. CTL lines that specifically recognized both p5-pulsed targets as well as P703P-expressing targets were identified.

Human *in vitro* priming experiments demonstrated that the p5 peptide is immunogenic in humans. Dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by culturing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, the DC were pulsed with p5 peptide and cultured with GM-CSF and IL-4 together with CD8+ T cell enriched PBMC. CTL lines were restimulated on a weekly basis

with p5-pulsed monocytes. Five to six weeks after initiation of the CTL cultures, CTL recognition of p5-pulsed target cells was demonstrated.

EXAMPLE 11

EXPRESSION OF A BREAST TUMOR-DERIVED ANTIGEN IN PROSTATE

Isolation of the antigen B305D from breast tumor by differential display is described in US Patent Application No. 08/700,014, filed August 20, 1996. Several different splice forms of this antigen were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these splice forms are provided in SEQ ID NO: 366-375, with the predicted amino acid sequences corresponding to the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 292, 298 and 301-303 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 299-306, respectively.

The expression levels of B305D in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by real time PCR and by Northern analysis. The results indicated that B305D is highly expressed in breast tumor, prostate tumor, normal prostate tumor and normal testes, with expression being low or undetectable in all other tissues examined (colon tumor, lung tumor, ovary tumor, and normal bone marrow, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, skin, small intestine, stomach).

EXAMPLE 12

ELICITATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN-SPECIFIC CTL RESPONSES IN HUMAN BLOOD

This Example illustrates the ability of a prostate tumor antigen to elicit a CTL response in blood of normal humans.

Autologous dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal donors by growth for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S-expressing vaccinia virus at an M.O.I. of 5 and matured for 8 hours by the addition of 2 micrograms/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation, CD8⁺ cells were isolated by positive selection using magnetic beads, and priming cultures were initiated in 24-well plates. Following five stimulation cycles, CD8⁺ lines were identified that specifically produced interferon-gamma when stimulated with autologous P501S-transduced fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity of cell line 3A-1 could be maintained following additional stimulation cycles on autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S. Line 3A-1 was shown to specifically recognize autologous B-LCL transduced to

express P501S, but not EGFP-transduced autologous B-LCL, as measured by cytotoxicity assays (^{51}Cr release) and interferon-gamma production (Interferon-gamma Elispot; *see above* and Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). The results of these assays are presented in Figures 6A and 6B.

EXAMPLE 13

IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 372 clones were identified, and 319 were successfully sequenced. Table I presents a summary of these clones, which are shown in SEQ ID NOs:385-400. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:386, 389, 390 and 392 correspond to novel genes, and SEQ ID NOs: 393 and 396 correspond to previously identified sequences. The others (SEQ ID NOs:385, 387, 388, 391, 394, 395 and 397-400) correspond to known sequences, as shown in Table I.

Table I

Summary of Prostate Tumor Antigens

Known Genes	Previously identified Genes	Novel Genes
T-cell gamma chain	P504S	23379 (SEQ ID NO:389)
Kallikrein	P1000C	23399 (SEQ ID NO:392)
Vector	P501S	23320 (SEQ ID NO:386)
CGI-82 protein mRNA (23319; SEQ ID NO:385)	P503S	23381 (SEQ ID NO:390)
PSA	P510S	
Ald. 6 Dehyd.	P784P	
L-idoitol-2 dehydrogenase (23376; SEQ ID NO:388)	P502S	
Ets transcription factor PDEF (22672; SEQ ID NO:398)	P706P	
hTGR (22678; SEQ ID NO:399)	19142.2, bangur.seq (22621; SEQ ID NO:396)	
KIAA0295(22685; SEQ ID NO:400)	5566.1 Wang(23404; SEQ ID NO:393)	
Prostatic Acid Phosphatase(22655; SEQ ID NO:397)	P712P	

transglutaminase (22611; SEQ ID NO:395)	P778P	
HDLBP (23508; SEQ ID NO:394)		
CGI-69 Protein(23367; SEQ ID NO:387)		
KIAA0122(23383; SEQ ID NO:391)		
TEEG		

CGI-82 showed 4.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 43% of prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate, not detected in other normal tissues tested. L-idoitol-2 dehydrogenase showed 4.94 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 90% of prostate tumors, 100% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Ets transcription factor PDEF showed 5.55 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate and not detected in other normal tissues tested. hTGR1 showed 9.11 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 63% of prostate tumors and is not detected in normal tissues tested including normal prostate. KIAA0295 showed 5.59 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% of prostate tumors, low to undetectable in normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Prostatic acid phosphatase showed 9.14 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 67% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Transglutaminase showed 14.84 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 30% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and is not detected in other normal tissues tested. High density lipoprotein binding protein (HDLBP) showed 28.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% of normal prostate, and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. CGI-69 showed 3.56 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It is a low abundant gene, detected in more than 90% of prostate tumors, and in 75% normal prostate tissues. The expression of this gene in normal tissues was very low. KIAA0122 showed 4.24 fold over-expression in prostate

tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 57% of prostate tumors, it was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. 19142.2 bangur showed 23.25 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors and 100% of normal prostate. It was undetectable in other normal tissues tested. 5566.1 Wang showed 3.31 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% normal prostate and was also over-expressed in normal bone marrow, pancreas, and activated PBMC. Novel clone 23379 showed 4.86 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in 97% of prostate tumors and 75% normal prostate and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. Novel clone 23399 showed 4.09 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 27% of prostate tumors and was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Novel clone 23320 showed 3.15 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in all prostate tumors and 50% of normal prostate tissues. It was also expressed in normal colon and trachea. Other normal tissues do not express this gene at high level.

EXAMPLE 14

IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY ELECTRONIC SUBTRACTION

This Example describes the use of an electronic subtraction technique to identify prostate tumor antigens.

Potential prostate-specific genes present in the GenBank human EST database were identified by electronic subtraction (similar to that described by Vasmatizis et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998). The sequences of EST clones (43,482) derived from various prostate libraries were obtained from the GenBank public human EST database. Each prostate EST sequence was used as a query sequence in a BLASTN (National Center for Biotechnology Information) search against the human EST database. All matches considered identical (length of matching sequence >100 base pairs, density of identical matches over this region > 70%) were grouped (aligned) together in a cluster. Clusters containing more than 200 ESTs were discarded since they probably represented repetitive elements or highly expressed genes such as those for ribosomal proteins. If two or more clusters shared common ESTs, those clusters were grouped together into a "supercluster," resulting in 4,345 prostate superclusters.

Records for the 479 human cDNA libraries represented in the GenBank release were downloaded to create a database of these cDNA library records. These 479 cDNA libraries were grouped into three groups, Plus (normal prostate and prostate tumor libraries, and breast cell lines, in which expression was desired), Minus (libraries from other normal adult tissues, in which expression was not desirable), and Other (fetal tissue, infant tissue, tissues found only in women, non-prostate tumors and cell lines other than prostate cell lines, in which expression was considered to be irrelevant). A summary of these library groups is presented in Table II.

Table II
Prostate cDNA Libraries and ESTs

Library	# of Libraries	# of ESTs
Plus	25	43,482
Normal	11	18,875
Tumor	11	21,769
Cell lines	3	2,838
Minus	166	
Other	287	

Each supercluster was analyzed in terms of the ESTs within the supercluster. The tissue source of each EST clone was noted and used to classify the superclusters into four groups: Type 1- EST clones found in the Plus group libraries only; no expression detected in Minus or Other group libraries; Type 2- EST clones found in the Plus and Other group libraries only; no expression detected in the Minus group; Type 3- EST clones found in the Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than in either the Minus or Other groups; and Type 4- EST clones found in Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than the expression in the Minus group. This analysis identified 4,345 breast clusters (*see* Table III). From these clusters, 3,172 EST clones were ordered from Research Genetics, Inc., and were received as frozen glycerol stocks in 96-well plates.

Table III
Prostate Cluster Summary

Type	# of Superclusters	# of ESTs Ordered
1	688	677
2	2899	2484
3	85	11
4	673	0
Total	4345	3172

The inserts were PCR-amplified using amino-linked PCR primers for Synteni microarray analysis. When more than one PCR product was obtained for a particular clone, that PCR product was not used for expression analysis. In total, 2,528 clones from the electronic subtraction method were analyzed by microarray analysis to identify electronic subtraction breast clones that had high tumor vs. normal tissue mRNA. Such screens were performed using a Synteni (Palo Alto, CA) microarray, according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Within these analyses, the clones were arrayed on the chip, which was then probed with fluorescent probes generated from normal and tumor prostate cDNA, as well as various other normal tissues. The slides were scanned and the fluorescence intensity was measured.

Clones with an expression ratio greater than 3 (*i.e.*, the level in prostate tumor cDNA was at least three times the level in normal prostate cDNA) were identified as prostate tumor-specific sequences (Table IV). The sequences of these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOs:401-453, with certain novel sequences shown in SEQ ID NOs:407, 413, 416-419, 422, 426, 427 and 450.

Table IV
Prostate-tumor Specific Clones

SEQ ID NO.	Sequence Designation	Comments
401	22545	previously identified P1000C
402	22547	previously identified P704P

403	22548	known
404	22550	known
405	22551	PSA
406	22552	prostate secretory protein 94
407	22553	novel
408	22558	previously identified P509S
409	22562	glandular kallikrein
410	22565	previously identified P1000C
411	22567	PAP
412	22568	B1006C (breast tumor antigen)
413	22570	novel
414	22571	PSA
415	22572	previously identified P706P
416	22573	novel
417	22574	novel
418	22575	novel
419	22580	novel
420	22581	PAP
421	22582	prostatic secretory protein 94
422	22583	novel
423	22584	prostatic secretory protein 94
424	22585	prostatic secretory protein 94
425	22586	known
426	22587	novel
427	22588	novel
428	22589	PAP
429	22590	known
430	22591	PSA
431	22592	known
432	22593	Previously identified P777P
433	22594	T cell receptor gamma chain
434	22595	Previously identified P705P
435	22596	Previously identified P707P
436	22847	PAP
437	22848	known
438	22849	prostatic secretory protein 57

439	22851	PAP
440	22852	PAP
441	22853	PAP
442	22854	previously identified P509S
443	22855	previously identified P705P
444	22856	previously identified P774P
445	22857	PSA
446	23601	previously identified P777P
447	23602	PSA
448	23605	PSA
449	23606	PSA
450	23612	novel
451	23614	PSA
452	23618	previously identified P1000C
453	23622	previously identified P705P

EXAMPLE 15

FURTHER IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of additional prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 142 clones were identified and sequenced. Certain of these clones are shown in SEQ ID NOs:454-467. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:459-461 correspond to novel genes. The others (SEQ ID NOs:454-458 and 461-467) correspond to known sequences.

EXAMPLE 16

FURTHER CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN P710P

This Example describes the full length cloning of P710P.

The prostate cDNA library described above was screened with the P710P fragment described above. One million colonies were plated on LB/Ampicillin plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs picked up by these filters were then denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P710P fragment was radiolabeled and used to hybridize with the filters. Positive cDNA clones were selected and their cDNAs recovered and sequenced by an automatic ABI Sequencer. Four sequences were obtained, and are presented in SEQ ID NOs:468-471.

From the foregoing, it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for the purposes of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited except as by the appended claims.

CLAIMS

1. An isolated polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472;

(b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and

(c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b).

2. An isolated polypeptide according to claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

3. An isolated polypeptide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 108, 112, 113, 114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 339 and 383.

4. An isolated polynucleotide encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof that differs in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434,

435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

5. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

6. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

7. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence that hybridizes, under moderately stringent conditions, to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

8. An isolated polynucleotide complementary to a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

9. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

10. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 9.

11. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according claim 8.

12. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 11.

13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

14. A vaccine comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

15. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

16. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

18. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

19. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

20. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

21. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein that comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

22. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antibody or fragment thereof according to claim 18, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

24. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23, wherein the antigen presenting cell is a dendritic cell or a macrophage.

25. A vaccine comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

26. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

27. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

28. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

29. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

30. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polynucleotide according to claim 4, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

31. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof according to claim 21, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

32. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

33. A method according to claim 32, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

34. A method according to any one of claims 29-32, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.

35. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 1.

36. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an expression enhancer that increases expression of the fusion protein in a host cell transfected with a polynucleotide encoding the fusion protein.

37. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises a T helper epitope that is not present within the polypeptide of claim 1.

38. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an affinity tag.

39. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein according to claim 35.

40. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a fusion protein according to claim 32, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

41. A vaccine comprising a fusion protein according to claim 35, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

42. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

43. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

44. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

45. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

46. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

47. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

48. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 40 or claim 44.

49. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a vaccine according to claim 41 or claim 45.

50. A method for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;
wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the prostate tumor protein from the sample.

51. A method according to claim 50, wherein the biological sample is blood or a fraction thereof.

52. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated according to the method of claim 50.

53. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
 - (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence provided in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
 - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); and/or
 - (iv) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);
- under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

54. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 53.

55. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population according to claim 54.

56. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

- (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
 - (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
 - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or
 - (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate; and

- (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

57. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

(i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;

(ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;

(iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or

(iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate;

(b) cloning at least one proliferated cell; and

(c) administering to the patient an effective amount of the cloned T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

58. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and

(c) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

59. A method according to claim 58, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

60. A method according to claim 59, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

61. A method according to claim 58, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.
62. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;
 - (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent;
 - (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and
 - (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.
63. A method according to claim 62, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.
64. A method according to claim 63, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
65. A method according to claim 62, wherein the cancer is a prostate cancer.
66. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;
 - (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and

(c) comparing the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

67. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

68. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

69. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

70. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

71. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

72. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- (a) one or more antibodies according to claim 21; and
- (b) a detection reagent comprising a reporter group.

73. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the antibodies are immobilized on a solid support.

74. A kit according to claim 73, wherein the solid support comprises nitrocellulose, latex or a plastic material.

75. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the detection reagent comprises an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or lectin.

76. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the reporter group is selected from the group consisting of radioisotopes, fluorescent groups, luminescent groups, enzymes, biotin and dye particles.

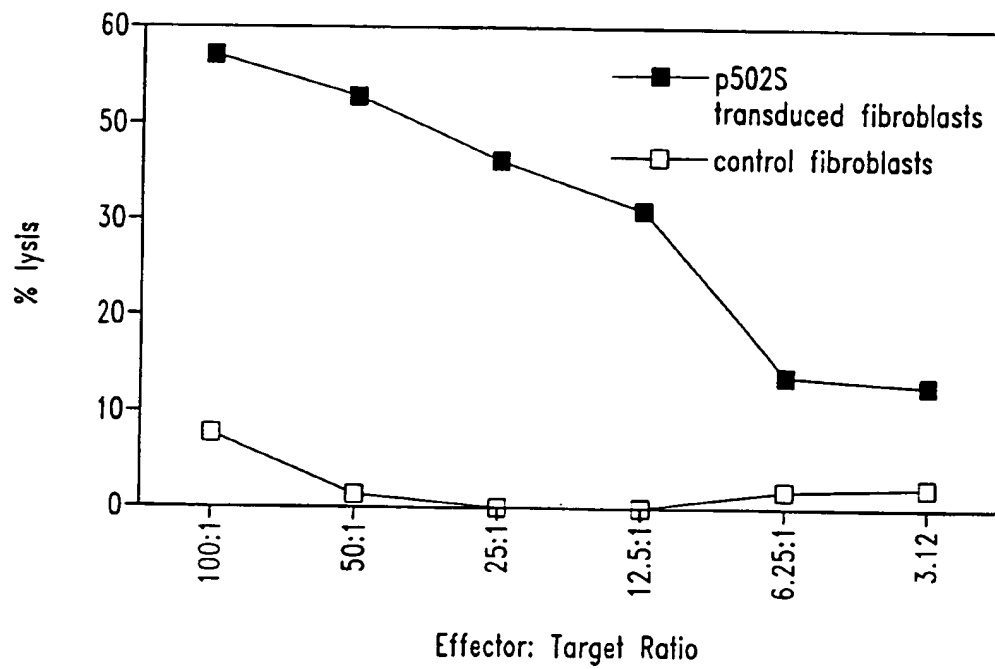
77. An oligonucleotide comprising 10 to 40 nucleotides that hybridize under moderately stringent conditions to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides.

78. A oligonucleotide according to claim 77, wherein the oligonucleotide comprises 10-40 nucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

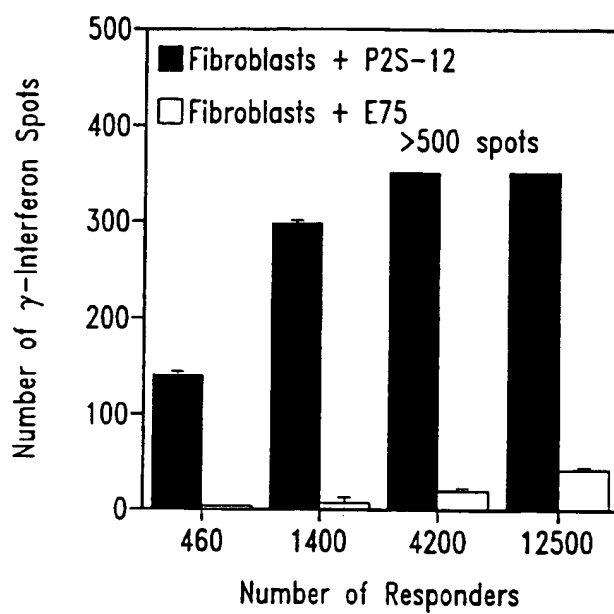
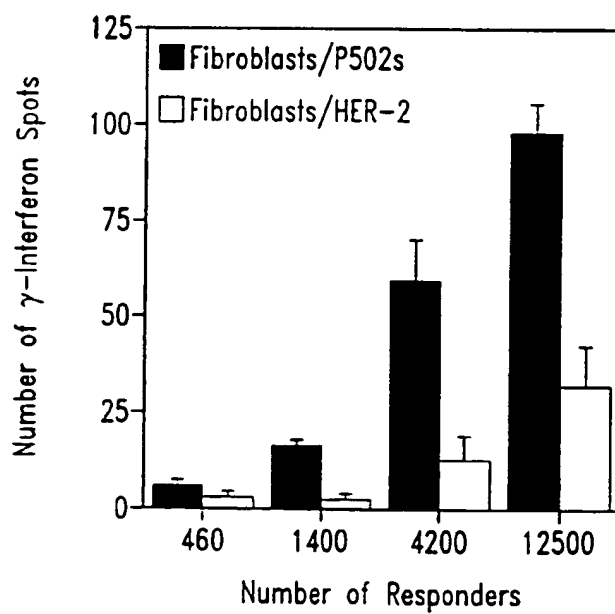
79. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- (a) an oligonucleotide according to claim 77; and
- (b) a diagnostic reagent for use in a polymerase chain reaction or hybridization assay.

1/5

*Fig. 1*

2/5

*Fig. 2A**Fig. 2B*

3/5

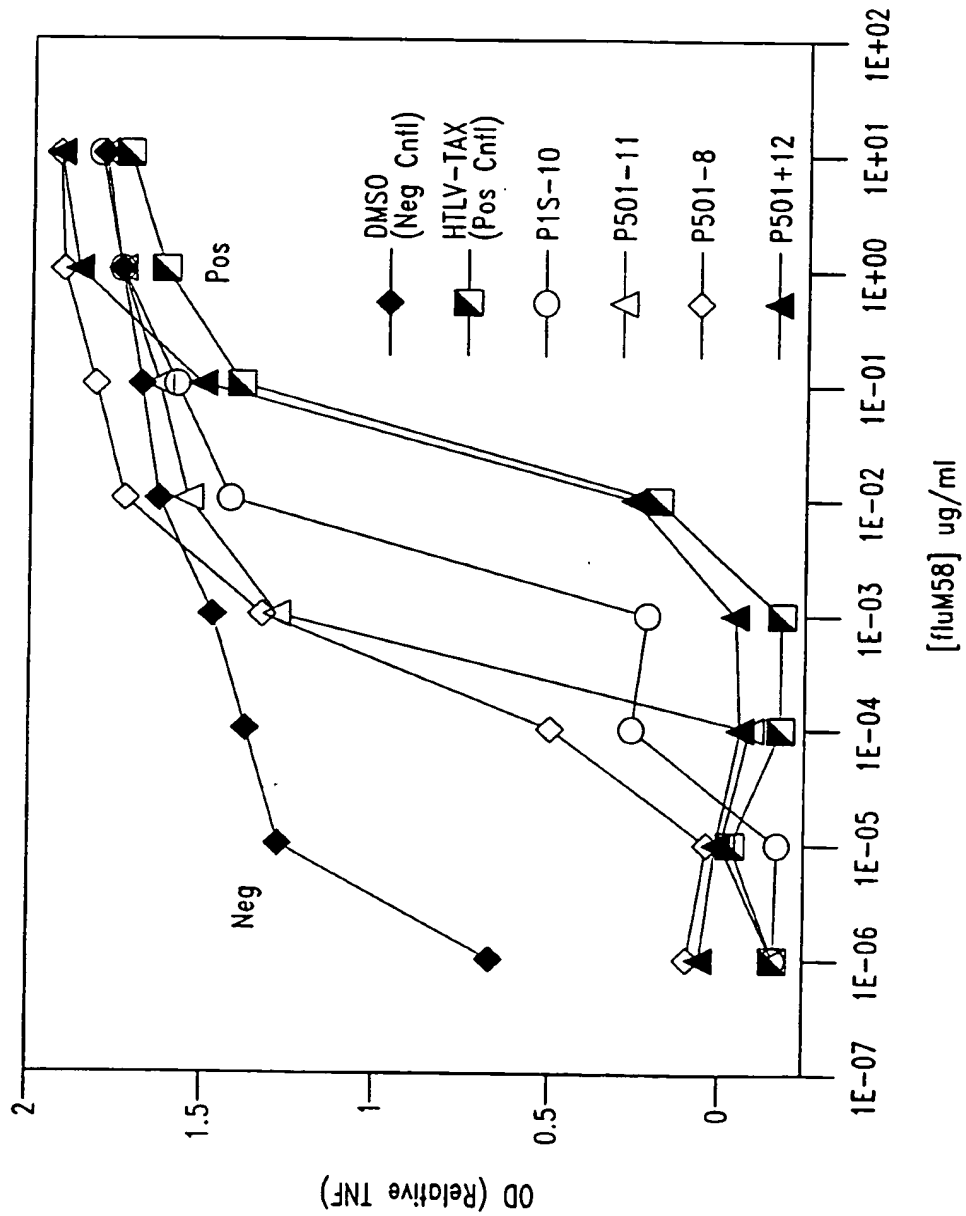
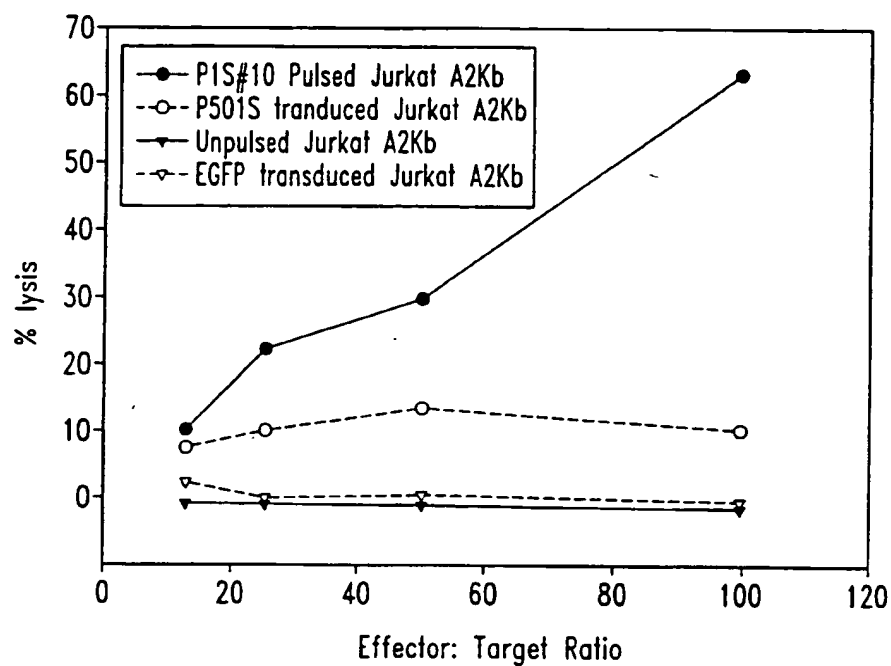
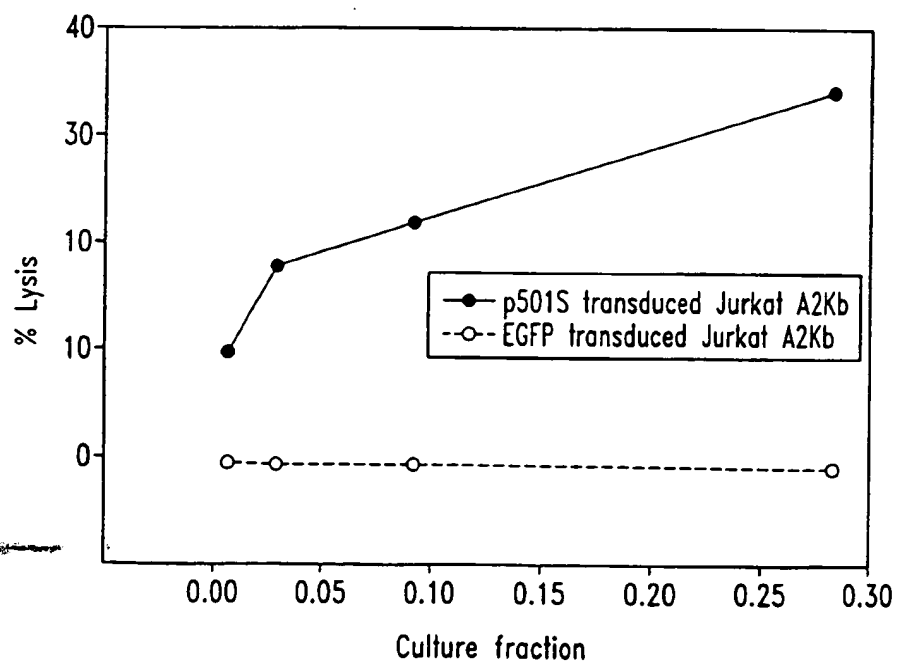
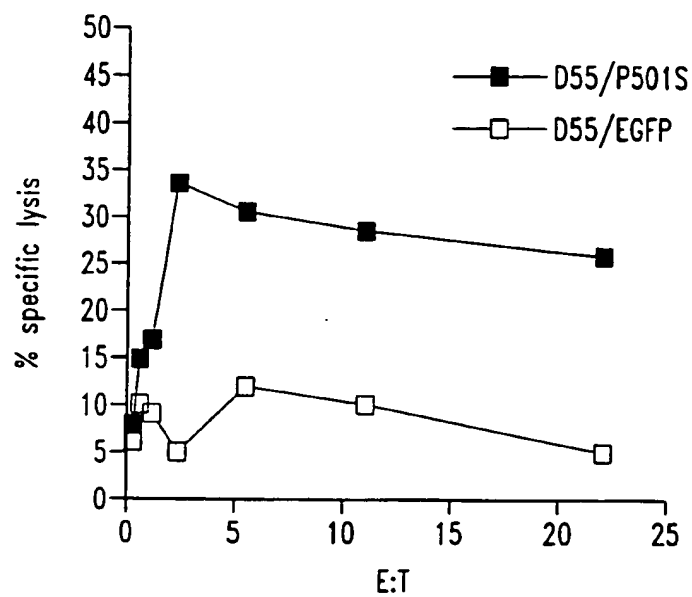
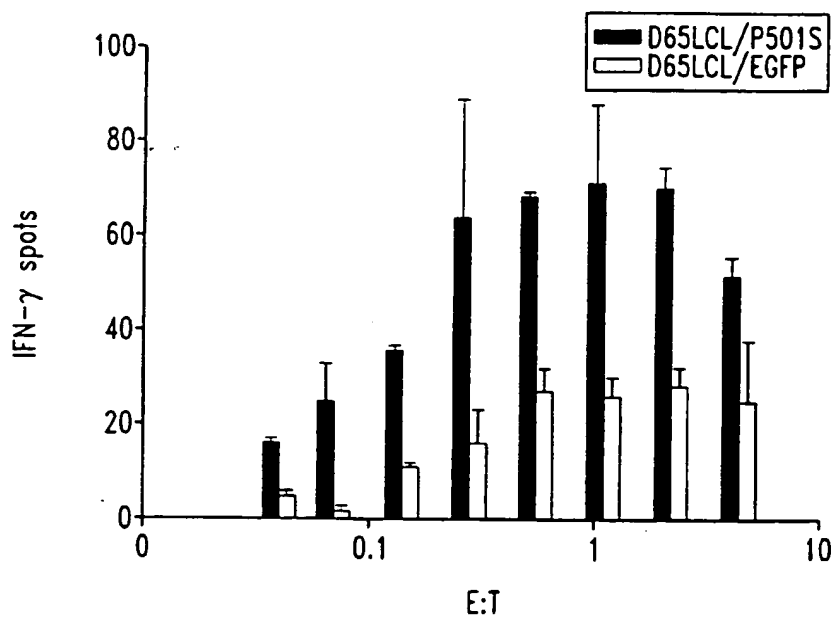


Fig. 3

4/5

*Fig. 4**Fig. 5*

5/5

*Fig. 6**Fig. 7*

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tcttcaaaag tcagaaccgg agtcacacag gcattctgtc cgtcaaagat ttgacaccac      180
tctgccttcg tcttctttgc aaatacatct gcaaacttct tcttcatttc tggccaatca      240
tccatgctca tctgattggg aagttcatca gacttttagt canntccttt gatcagcagc      300
tcgtagaact ggggttctat tgtccaaca gccatgaatt ccccatctgc tgcctgttaa      360
gtcgtagata aagggtgctc accatccaac atgttctgtc ctcgaggggg ggcccggtaac      420
ccaattcgcc ctatantgag tcgtattacg cgcgctcact ggccgtcggt ttacaacgtc      480
gtgactggga aaaccctggg cgttaccaac ttaatcgctt tgcagcacat ccccttttcg      540
ccagctgggc gtaatanaga aaaggccgcg accgatcgcc cttccaacag ttgcgcacct      600
gaatgggnaa atgggacccc cctgttacg cgcattnaac ccccgcnagg tttngttgtt      660
acccccacnt nnaccgctta cactttgcca gcgccttanc gcccgcctcc tttcnctttt      720
cttcccttcc tttcnncncc ctttcccccg ggggtttcccc cntcaaacc cna                                     773

```

<210> 4

<211> 828

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(828)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 4

```

cctcctgagt cctactgacc tgtgctttct ggtgtggagt ccagggtgc taggaaaagg      60
aatgggcaga cacaggtgta tgccaatgtt tctgaaatgg gtataatttc gtcctctect      120
tcggaacact ggctgtctct gaagacttct cgctcagttt cagtgaggac acacacaaag      180
acgtgggtga ccattgtgtt tgtgggtgag agagatggga ggggtggggc ccaccctgga      240
agagtggaca gtgacacaag gtggacactc tctacagatc actgaggata agctggagcc      300
acaatgcatg aggcacacac acagcaagga tgacnctgta aacatagccc acgtgtcctt      360

```

```

gngggcactg ggaagcctan atnaggccgt gagcanaaag aaggggagga tccactagtt      420
ctanageggc cgccaccgcg gtgganctcc ancttttggt cccttttagtg aggggtaatt      480
gcgcgcttgg cntaatcatg gtcatanctn tttcctgtgt gaaattgtta tccgctcaca      540
attccacaca acatacganc cggaacata aantgtaaac ctgggggtgcc taatgantga      600
ctaactcaca ttaattgctg tgcgctcact gcccgtttc caatcnggaa acctgtcttg      660
ccncttgcat tnatgaatcn gccaaccccc ggggaaaagc gtttgcggtt tgggcgctct      720
tccgcttcct cncctantta ntccctncnc tcggtcatte cggctgcngc aaaccgggtc      780
accnctcca aaggggggtat tccggtttcc ccnaatccgg gganancc      828

```

<210> 5

<211> 834

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(834)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 5

```

tttttttttt tttttactga tagatggaat ttattaagct tttcacatgt gatagcacat      60
agttttaatt gcatccaaag tactaacaaa aactctagca atcaagaatg gcagcatggt      120
attttataac aatcaacacc tgtggctttt aaaatttggg tttcataaga taatttatac      180
tgaagtaa attagccatgc ttttaaaaaa tgcttttaggt cactccaagc ttggcagtta      240
acatttgcca taaacaataa taaaacaatc acaattta ataaatacaaa tacaacattg      300
taggccataa tcatatacag tataaggaaa aggtggtagt gttgagtaag cagtatttag      360
aatagaatac cttggcctct atgcaaatac gtctagacac tttgattcac tcagccctga      420
cattcagttt tcaaagtagg agacagggtc tacagtatca ttttacagtt tccaacacat      480
tgaaaaaag tagaaaatga tgagttgatt ttattaatg cattacatcc tcaagagtta      540
tcaccaacc ctcagttata aaaaattttc aagttatatt agtcatataa cttggtgtgc      600
ttattttaaa ttagtgctaa atggattaag tgaagacaac aatgggtccc taatgtgatt      660
gatattgggc atttttacca gcttctaaat ctnaactttc aggtctttga actggaacat      720
tgnatnacag tgttccanag ttncaccta ctggaacatt acagtgtgct tgattcaaaa      780
tgttattttg ttaaaaatta aattttaacc tgggtgaaaa ataatttgaa atna      834

```

<210> 6

<211> 818

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(818)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 6

```

tttttttttt tttttttttt aagaccctca tcaatagatg gagacataca gaaatagtca      60
aaccacatct acaaaaatgcc agtatcaggc ggcggcttcg aagccaaagt gatgtttgga      120
tgtaaaatga aatattagtt ggcggatgaa gcagatagtg agggaaagt agccaataat      180
gacgtgaagt ccgtggaagc ctgtggctac aaaaaatgtt gagccgtaga tgccgtcgga      240
aatggtgaag ggagactcga agtactctga ggcttgtagg agggtaaaat agagaccag      300
taaaattgta ataagcagtg cttgaattat ttggtttcgg ttggttttcta ttagactatg      360
gtgagctcag gtgattgata ctcctgatgc gagtaatacg gatgtgttta ggagtgggac      420
ttctagggga tttagcgggg tgatgcctgt tggggggccag tgccctccta gttggggggg      480
aggggctagg ctggagtggg aaaaaggctc gaaaaatcct gcgaagaaaa aaacttctga      540

```

```

ggtaataaat aggattatcc cgtatcgaag gccttttttg acaggtgggtg tgtgggtggcc 600
ttggtatgtg ctttctcgtg ttacatcgcg ccatcattgg tatatgggta gtgtgttggg 660
ttantanggc ctantatgaa gaacttttgg antggaatta aatcaatngc ttggccggaa 720
gtcattanga nggctnaaaa ggccctgtta nggggtctggg ctngggtttta cccnaccat 780
ggaatncncc ccccggaacna ntgnatccct attcttaa 818

```

<210> 7

<211> 817

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(817)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 7

```

tttttttttt tttttttttt tggctctaga gggggtagag ggggtgctat agggtaaata 60
cgggccctat ttcaaagatt tttaggggaa ttaattctag gacgatgggt atgaaactgt 120
ggtttgctcc acagatttca gacattgac cgtagtatac ccccggtcgt gtacgggtga 180
aagtggtttg gtttagacgt cggggaattg catctgtttt taagcctaata gtggggacag 240
ctcatgagtg caagacgtct tgtgatgtaa ttattatacn aatgggggct tcaatcggga 300
gtactactcg attgtcaacg tcaaggagtc gcaggtcgcc tggttctagg aataatgggg 360
gaagtatgta ggaattgaag attaatccgc cgtagtcggt gttctcctag gttcaatacc 420
attgggtggc aattgatttg atggtaaggg gagggatcgt tgaactcgtc tgttatgtaa 480
aggatncctt ngggatggga aggcnatnaa ggactangga tnaatggcgg gcangattt 540
tcaaacngtc tctanttcct gaaacgtctg aaatgttaat aanaattaan tttngttatt 600
gaatnttnng gaaaagggct tacaggacta gaaaccaaata angaaaanta atnntaangg 660
cnttatcntn aaaggnata accnctccta tnatccacc caatngnatt cccacncnn 720
acnattggat nccccanttc canaaanggc cccccccgg tgnannccnc cttttgttcc 780
cttnantgan ggttattcnc cccnngcntt atcanc 818

```

<210> 8

<211> 799

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(799)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 8

```

catttccggg tttactttct aaggaaagcc gagcggaagc tgctaacgtg ggaatcgggtg 60
cataaggaga actttctgct ggcacgcgct agggacaagc gggagagcga ctccgagcgt 120
ctgaagcgca cgtcccagaa ggtggacttg gcactgaaac agctgggaca catccgcgag 180
tacgaacagc gcctgaaagt gctggagcgg gaggtccagc agttagccg cgtcctgggg 240
tgggtggccg angcctganc cgctctgcct tgcctgcccc angtgggccg ccacccctg 300
acctgcctgg gtccaaacac tgagccctgc tggcggactt caagganaac cccacangg 360
ggattttgct cctanantaa ggctcatctg ggccctcgcc cccccacctg gttggccttg 420
tctttgagt gagcccatg tccatctggg cactgtcng gaccacctt ngggagtgtt 480
ctccttacia ccacannatg cccggctcct cccggaaacc antccancc tngnaaggat 540
caagnccctg atccactnnt nctanaaccg gccnccnccg cngtggaacc cnccttntgt 600
tccttttnt tnaagggttaa tnnccgcttg gccttncan ngctctncnc ntttccnnt 660
gttnaaattg ttangcnccc ncnntcccn cncnncnan cccgaccnnc annttnnann 720

```

ncctgggggt nccnnngat tgaccenncc nccctntant tgcnttnggg ncnntgccc 780
ctttccctct nggganncg 799

<210> 9

<211> 801

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(801)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 9

acgccttgat	cctcccaggc	tgggactggt	tctgggagga	gccgggcatg	ctgtggtttg	60
taangatgac	actcccaaag	gtggtcctga	cagtggccca	gatggacatg	gggctcacct	120
caaggacaag	gccaccaggt	gcgggggccc	aagcccacat	gaccccttact	ctatgagcaa	180
aatcccctgt	gggggcttct	ccttgaagtc	cgccancagg	gctcagtctt	tggacccang	240
caggtcatgg	ggttgtnngc	caactggggg	ccncaacgca	aaanggcnc	gggcctcngn	300
cacccatccc	angacgcggc	tacactnctg	gacctccnc	tccaccactt	tcatgcgctg	360
ttentacccg	cgnatntgtc	ccanctgttt	cngtgccnac	tccancttct	nggacgtgcg	420
ctacatacgc	ccggantcnc	ntccccgctt	tgccccatc	cacgtncan	caacaaattt	480
cncntantg	caccnattcc	cacnttttnc	agntttccnc	nncgngcttc	cttntaaaag	540
ggttganc	cgaaaaatnc	cccaaagggg	gggggcccng	tacccaactn	ccccctnata	600
gctgaantcc	ccatnaccnn	gnctcnatgg	ancntccnt	tttaannacn	ttctnaactt	660
gggaanance	ctcgnccntn	ccccnttaa	tccnccttg	cnangnnct	ccccnntcc	720
nccnnntng	gcntntnann	cnaaaaaggc	ccnnnanaa	tctcctnnn	cctcanttcg	780
ccanccctcg	aaatcgccn	c				801

<210> 10

<211> 789

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(789)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 10

cagtctatnt	ggccagtgtg	gcagctttcc	ctgtggctgc	cggtgccaca	tgctgtccc	60
acagtgtggc	cgtggtgaca	gcttcagccg	ccctcaccgg	gttcaccttc	tcagccctgc	120
agatcctgcc	ctacacactg	gcctccctct	accaccggga	gaagcagggtg	ttcctgcca	180
aataccgagg	ggacactgga	ggtgctagca	gtgaggacag	cctgatgacc	agcttccctgc	240
caggccctaa	gcctggagct	cccttcccta	atggacacgt	gggtgctgga	ggcagtggcc	300
tgctcccacc	tccaccgcg	ctctgcgggg	cctctgcctg	tgatgtctcc	gtacgtgtgg	360
tggtgggtga	gcccaccgan	gccagggtgg	ttccgggccc	gggcatctgc	ctggacctcg	420
ccatcctgga	tagtgcttcc	tgctgtccca	ngtgcccca	tccctgttta	tgggtcccat	480
tgtccagctc	agccagtctg	tcactgccta	tatggtgtct	gccgcaggcc	tgggtctggt	540
cccatttact	ttgctacaca	ggtantattt	gacaagaacg	anttgcccaa	atactcagcg	600
ttaaaaaatt	ccagcaacat	tgggggtgga	aggcctgcct	cactgggtcc	aactccccgc	660
tcctgttaac	cccattgggc	tgccggcttg	gccgccaatt	tctgttgctg	ccaaantnat	720
gtggctctct	gcigccacct	gttgctggct	gaagtgcnta	cngcncanct	nggggggtng	780
gngttccc						789

<210> 11

<211> 772

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(772)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 11

```

cccaccctac ccaaataatta gacaccaaca cagaaaagct agcaatggat tcccttctac      60
tttgttaaat aaataagtta aatattttaa tgctgtgtgc tctgtgatgg caacagaagg      120
accaacaggc cacatcctga taaaaggtaa gaggggggtg gatcagcaaa aagacagtgc      180
tgtgggctga ggggacctgg ttcttgtgtg ttgcccctca ggactcttcc cctacaaata      240
actttcatat gttcaaatecc catggaggag tgtttcatcc tagaaactcc catgcaagag      300
ctacattaaa cgaagctgca ggtaagggg cttanagatg ggaaaccagg tgactgagtt      360
tattcagctc ccaaaaaccc ttctctaggt gtgtctcaac taggaggcta gctgttaacc      420
ctgagcctgg gtaatccacc tgcagagtcc ccgattcca gtgcatggaa cccttctggc      480
ctccctgtat aagtccagac tgaaaccccc ttggaaggnc tccagtcagg cagccctana      540
aactggggaa aaaagaaaag gacgccccan ccccgagctg tgcanctacg cacctcaaca      600
gcacagggtg gcagcaaaaa aaccacttta ctttggcaca aacaaaaact ngggggggca      660
accccgccac cccnangggg gttaacagga ancnnggnaa cntggaaccc aattnaggca      720
ggccnccac ccnaatntt gctgggaaat ttttctccc ctaaattntt tc      772

```

<210> 12

<211> 751

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(751)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 12

```

gccccaatc cagctgccac accaccacag gtgactgcat tagttcggat gtcatacaaa      60
agctgattga agcaaccctc tactttttgg tcgtgagcct tttgcttgg gcagggttca      120
ttggctgtgt tggtgacgtt gtcattgcaa cagaatgggg gaaaggcact gttctctttg      180
aagtanggtg agtcctcaaa atccgtatag ttgggtgaagc cacagcactt gagcccttc      240
atggtggtgt tccacacttg agtgaagtct tcctgggaac cataatcttt cttgatggca      300
ggcactacca gcaacgtcag ggaagtgtc agccattgtg gtgtacacca aggcgaccac      360
agcagctgcn acctcagcaa tgaagatgan gaggangatg aagaagaacg tcncgagggc      420
acacttgctc tcagtcttan caccatanca gccntgaaa accaananca aagaccacna      480
cnccggctgc gatgaagaaa tnacccncg ttgacaaact tgcatggcac tggganccac      540
agtggcccn aaaaattctca aaaaggatgc cccatcnatt gaccccccaa atgcccactg      600
ccaacagggg ctgccccacn cncnnaacga tganccnatt gnacaagatc tncntggtct      660
tnatnaacnt gaacctgcn tngtggctcc tggtcaggnc cnnggcctga cttctnaann      720
aangaactcn gaagncccca cngganann g      751

```

<210> 13

<211> 729

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(729)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 13

gagccaggcg	tccctctgcc	tgcccactca	gtggcaacac	ccgggagctg	ttttgtcctt	60
tgtggancct	cagcagtncc	ctctttcaga	actcantgcc	aaganccttg	aacaggagcc	120
accatgcagt	gcttcagctt	cattaagacc	atgatgatcc	tcttcaattt	gctcatcttt	180
ctgtgtggtg	cagccctggt	ggcagtgggc	atctgggtgt	caatcgatgg	ggcatccttt	240
ctgaagatct	tcggggccact	gtcgtccagt	gccatgcagt	ttgtcaacgt	gggctacttc	300
ctcatcgcag	ccggcggttg	ggtcttagct	ctagggtttcc	tgggctgcta	tggtgctaag	360
actgagagca	agtgtgccct	cgtgacgttc	ttcttcaccc	tcctcctcat	cttcattgct	420
gaggttgcaa	tgtgtggtc	gccttggtgt	acaccacaat	ggctgagcac	ttcctgacgt	480
tgtgtgtaat	gcctgccatc	aanaaaagat	tatgggttcc	caggaanact	tactcaagt	540
ggttgaacac	caccatgaaa	gggtcgaagt	gctgtggctt	cnnccaacta	tacggatttt	600
gaagantcac	ctacttcaaa	gaaaanagt	cctttccccc	atttctgttg	caattgacaa	660
acgtccccaa	cacagccaat	tgaaaacctg	cacccaaccc	aaanggggtcc	ccaaccanaa	720
attnaagg						729

<210> 14

<211> 816

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(816)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 14

tgtctttcct	caaagtgtgt	cttgttgcca	taacaaccac	cataggtaaa	gcgggagcag	60
tgttcgctga	aggggttgta	gtaccagcgc	gggatgctct	ccttgacagag	tcctgtgtct	120
ggcaggtcca	cgagtgccc	tttgtcactg	gggaaatgga	tgcgctggag	ctcgtcaaag	180
ccactcgtgt	atctttcaca	ggcagcctcg	tccgacgcgt	cggggcagtt	gggggtgtct	240
tcacactcca	ggaaactgtc	natgcagcag	ccattgctgc	agcggaaactg	ggtgggctga	300
cangtgccag	agcacactgg	atggcgctct	tccatgnnan	gggccctgng	ggaaagtccc	360
tganccecan	anctgcctct	caaangcccc	accttgacac	ccccgacagg	ctagaatgga	420
atctttctcc	cgaaaggtag	ttnttcttgt	tgcccaancc	anccccntaa	acaaactctt	480
gcanatctgc	tccngggggg	tctantacc	ancgtgggaa	aagaacccca	ggcngcgaac	540
caancttggt	tggatncgaa	gcnataatct	ncntttctgc	ttggtggaca	gcaccantna	600
ctgtnnanct	ttagnccntg	gtcctcntgg	gttgnncttg	aacctaatcn	ccnntcaact	660
gggacaagg	aantngcent	cctttnaatt	cccnancntn	ccccctgggt	tggggttttn	720
cncnctccta	ccccagaaan	nccgtgttcc	cccccaacta	ggggccnaaa	ccnnttnttc	780
cacaaccctn	ccccaccac	gggttcngnt	ggttng			816

<210> 15

<211> 783

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(783)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 15

ccaaggcctg	ggcaggcata	nacttgaagg	tacaacccca	ggaacccctg	gtgctgaagg	60
atgtggaaaa	cacagattgg	cgcctactgc	ggggtgacac	ggatgtcagg	gtagagagga	120
aagacccaaa	ccaggtggaa	ctgtggggac	tcaaggaang	cacctacctg	ttccagctga	180
cagtgactag	ctcagaccac	ccagaggaca	cggccaacgt	cacagtcact	gtgctgtcca	240
ccaagcagac	agaagactac	tgcctcgcat	ccaacaangt	gggtcgctgc	cggggctctt	300
tcccacgctg	gtactatgac	cccacggagc	agatctgcaa	gagtttcgtt	tatggaggct	360
gcttgggcaa	caagaacaac	taccttcggg	aagaagagtg	cattctance	tgtcnggggtg	420
tgcaagggtg	gcctttgana	ngcanctctg	gggtcangc	gactttcccc	cagggccctt	480
ccatggaaaag	gcgccatcca	ntgttctctg	gcacctgtca	gccccaccag	ttccgctgca	540
ncaatggctg	ctgcactnac	antttctctg	aattgtgaca	acacccccc	ntgccccaa	600
ccctcccaac	aaagcttccc	tgttnaaaaa	tacnccantt	ggcttttnac	aaacncccg	660
cncctccttt	ttccccnntn	aacaaagggc	ncnngccttt	gaactgccc	aacccnggaa	720
tctnccnngg	aaaaantncc	ccccctgggt	cctnnaance	cctccnchna	anctnccccc	780
ccc						783

<210> 16

<211> 801

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(801)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 16

gccccaatc	cagctgccac	accacccacg	gtgactgcat	tagttcggat	gtcatataaaa	60
agctgattga	agcaaccctc	tacttttttg	tcgtgagcct	tttgcttggg	gcaggtttca	120
ttggctgtgt	tggtagcgtt	gtcattgcaa	cagaatgggg	gaaaggcact	gttctctttg	180
aagtaggggtg	agtcctcaaa	atccgtatag	ttggtgaagc	cacagcactt	gagccctttc	240
atggtgggtg	tccacacttg	agtgaagtct	tcctgggaac	cataatcttt	cttgatggca	300
ggcactacca	gcaacgtcag	gaagtgtctc	gccattgtgg	tgtacaccaa	ggcgaccaca	360
gcagctgcaa	cctcagcaat	gaagatgagg	aggaggatga	agaagaacgt	cncgagggca	420
cacttgctct	ccgtcttagc	accatagcag	cccangaaac	caagagcaaa	gaccacaacg	480
ccngctgcga	atgaaagaaa	ntacccacgt	tgacaaactg	catggccact	ggacgacagt	540
tggcccgaa	atcttcagaa	aagggatgcc	ccatcgattg	aacacccana	tgccactgc	600
cnacagggct	gcncncncn	gaaagaatga	gccattgaag	aaggatcttc	ntggtcttaa	660
tgaactgaaa	cntgcatgg	tggccctgt	tcagggtctt	tggcagtga	ttctganaaa	720
aaggaaacngc	ntnagcccc	caaangana	aaacaccccc	gggtgttgcc	ctgaattggc	780
ggccaaggan	ccctgcccc	g				801

<210> 17

<211> 740

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(740)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 17

gtgagagcca	ggcgtccctc	tgcccgccca	ctcagtggca	acacccggga	gctgttttgt	60
------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	----

cctttgtgga	gcctcagcag	ttccctcttt	cagaactcac	tgccaagagc	cctgaacagg	120
agccaccatg	cagtgttca	gcttcattaa	gaccatgatg	atcctcttca	atttgctcat	180
ctttctgtgt	ggtgcagccc	tgttgagcag	gggcatctgg	gtgtcaatcg	atggggcatc	240
cttctgaag	atcttcgggc	cactgtcgtc	cagtgccatg	cagtttgtca	acgtgggcta	300
cttccctcatc	gcagccggcg	ttgtggtctt	tgctcttgg	ttcctgggct	gctatgggtgc	360
taagacggag	agcaagtgtg	ccctcgtgac	gttcttcttc	atcctcctcc	tcattctcat	420
tgctgaagtt	gcagctgctg	tggtcgcctt	ggtgtacacc	acaatggctg	aaccattcct	480
gacgttgctg	gtantgcctg	ccatcaanaa	agattatggg	ttcccaggaa	aaattcactc	540
aantntggaa	caccnccatg	aaaagggtc	caatttctgn	tggttcccc	aactataccg	600
gaattttgaa	agantcnccc	tacttccaaa	aaaaaanant	tgcttttnc	ccntttctgt	660
tgcaatgaaa	acntcccaan	acngccaatn	aaaacctgcc	cnnncaaaaa	ggntcncaaa	720
caaaaaaant	nnaagggtcn					740

<210> 18

<211> 802

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(802)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 18

ccgctgggtg	cgctgggtcca	gngnagccac	gaagcacgtc	agcatcacaca	gcctcaatca	60
caaggctctc	cagctgccgc	acattacgca	gggcaagagc	ctccagcaac	actgcatatg	120
ggatacactt	tacttttagca	gccaggggtga	caactgagag	gtgtcgaagc	ttattcttct	180
gagcctctgt	tagtggagga	agattccggg	cttcagctaa	gtagttagcg	tatgtcccat	240
aagcaaacac	tgtgagcagc	cgggaaggtag	aggcaaatgc	actctcagcc	agctctctaa	300
cattgggcat	gtccagcagt	tctccaaaca	cgtagacacc	agnggcctcc	agcacctgat	360
ggatgagtgt	ggccagcgct	gcccccttgg	ccgacttggc	taggagcaga	aattgctcct	420
ggttctgccc	tgtcaccttc	acttccgcac	tcactactgc	actgagtgtg	ggggacttgg	480
gctcaggatg	tccagagacg	tggttccgcc	ccctcnctta	atgacaccgn	ccanncaacc	540
gtcggtcccc	gccgantgng	ttcgtcgtnc	ctgggtcagg	gtctgctggc	cnctacttgc	600
aantttcgtc	nggcccattg	aattcacccn	accggaactn	gtangatcca	ctnnttctat	660
aaccggncgc	caccgcnnnt	ggaactccac	tcttnttnc	tttacttgag	ggttaaggct	720
acccttncg	ttaccttgg	ccaaaccntn	cctgtgtctg	anatngtnaa	tcnggncena	780
tnccancnc	atangaagcc	ng				802

<210> 19

<211> 731

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(731)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 19

cnaagcttcc	aggtnacggg	ccgcnaanc	tgaccnagg	tancanaang	cagncngcgg	60
gagcccaccg	tcacngggng	gngtctttat	nggagggggc	ggagccacat	cntggacnt	120
cntgaccca	actcccncc	ncncantgca	gtgatgagt	cagaactgaa	ggtnacgtg	180
caggaaccaa	gancaaannc	tgctccntc	caagtccgcn	nagggggcgg	ggctggccac	240
gcncatcct	cnagtgtgn	aaagccccnn	cctgtctact	tgtttgaga	acngcnnga	300

```

catgccagn gttanataac nggcngagag tnanntttgcc tctcccttcc ggctgcgean 360
cgngtntgct tagnggacat aacctgacta cttactgaa cccnngaate tncnccccct 420
ccactaagct cagaacaaaa aacttcgaca ccactcantt gtcacctgnc tgctcaagta 480
aagtgtaccc catncccaat gtntgctnga ngctctgncc tgcnttangt tcggtcctgg 540
gaagacctat caattnaagc tatgtttctg actgcctctt gctccctgna acaancnacc 600
cnncnntcca aggggggggnc ggcccccaat ccccccaacc ntnaattnan ttanccccn 660
ccccnggcc cggcctttta cnancntcnn nnacngggna aaaccnnngc tttncccaac 720
nnaatccncc t 731

```

<210> 20

<211> 754

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(754)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 20

```

tttttttttt tttttttttt taaaaacccc ctccattnaa tgnaaacttc cgaaattgtc 60
caacccccctc ntccaaatnn ccntttccgg gnggggggttc caaacccaan ttanntttgg 120
annttaaatt aaatnttntt tggnggnna anccnaatgt nangaaagt naaccanta 180
tnancttnaa tncctggaaa ccngtngntt ccaaaaatnt ttaaccctta antccctccg 240
aaatngttna nggaaaaccc aanttctcnt aagggtgttt gaaggntnaa tnaaaanccc 300
nnccaattgt ttttngccac gcctgaatta attggnntcc gntgttttcc nttaaaanaa 360
ggnnancccc gggtantnaa tcccccnnc cccaattata ccganttttt ttngaattgg 420
gancccnccg gaattaacgg ggnnntccc tnttgggggg cnggncccc cccntcggg 480
ggttngggnc aggnccnaat tgtttaaggg tccgaaaaat cctccnaga aaaaaanctc 540
ccaggntgag nntnggggtt ncccccccc canggccct ctcgnanagt tgggggtttg 600
ggggcctggg attttnttcc cccntntncc tcccccccc ccnggganag aggttngngt 660
tttgntcnnc ggccccnccn aaganctttn ccganttnan ttaaaccnt gcctnggcga 720
agtcnttgn agggntaaan ggccccctnn cggg 754

```

<210> 21

<211> 755

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(755)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 21

```

atcancccat gacccnaac nngggaccnc tcancgggnc nnncnaccnc cggccnatca 60
nngtnagnnc actncnnttn natcacnccc cncnactac gcccncnanc cnacgcncta 120
nncanatncc actganngcg cgangtngan ngagaaanct nataccanag ncaccanacn 180
ccagctgtcc nanaangcct nnnatacnng nnnatccaat ntgnancctc cnaagtattn 240
nncnncanat gattttcctn anccgattac ccntncccc tancccttcc cccccacna 300
cgaaggcnct ggncnaagg nngcgnccnc ccgctagntc ccnncnaagt cncncncta 360
aactcanccn nattacnccg ttentgagta tactccccg aatctcacc tactcaactc 420
aaaaanacn gatacaaaat aatncaagcc tgnttatnac actntgactg ggtctctatt 480
ttagnngtcc ntnaancntc ctaatacttc cagtctncc tcnccaattt ccnaanggct 540
ctttcngaca gcatnttttg gttccnntt gggttcttan ngaattgccc ttcntngaac 600

```

```

gggtctctct tttccttcgg ttancttggg ttcnncgggc cagttattat ttccentttt 660
aaattctntc cntttanttt tggcnttcna aacccccggc cttgaaaacg gccccctggt 720
aaaagggtgt ttganaaaaa tttttgtttt gtccc 755

```

<210> 22

<211> 849

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(849)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 22

```

tttttttttt tttttangtg tngtcgtgca ggtagaggct tactacaant gtgaanacgt 60
acgctnggan taangcgacc cgantttctag ganncnccct aaaatcanac tgtgaagatn 120
atcctgnnna cggaanggtc accggnggat nntgctaggg tgncenctcc cannncttn 180
cataacteng nggccctgcc caccaccttc ggcgccccng ngnccggggc cgggtcattn 240
gnnttaaccn caetnngcna ncgggtttccn nccccnncng acccngggcg tccgggggtnc 300
tctgtcttcc cctgnagnen anaaantggg ccncggncct ctttaccct nnacaagcca 360
cngcentcta nccnengccc cccctccant nngggggact gccnanngt cegttnctng 420
nnaccccnnn gggtncctcg gttgtcgant cnaccgnang ccanggattc cnaaggaagg 480
tgcgttnttg gcccctaccc ttcgctncgg nncaccttc ccgacnanga nccgtccccg 540
cncnncgnng cctcncctcg caacacccgc nctentcngt ncggnnnccc ccccaccgc 600
nccctcncnc ngncgnancn ctcncncnc gtctcannca ccaccccgcc ccgccaggcc 660
ntcanccacn ggnngacnng nagncncntc gcnccgcgcn gcgncncct cgcncngaa 720
ctnctcngg ccantnnccg tcaanccnna cnaaacgccg ctgcgcggcc cgnagcgnc 780
nccctcncga gtcctcccgn cttccnacc angnttccn cgaggacacn nnaccccgcc 840
nncangcgg 849

```

<210> 23

<211> 872

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(872)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 23

```

gcgcaaaacta tacttcgctc gnactcgtgc gcctcgtcnc tcttttcttc cgcaaccatg 60
tctgacnanc ccgattnggc ngatatcnan aagntcganc agtccaaact gantaacaca 120
cacacnncan aganaaatcc nctgccttcc anagtanacn attgaacnng agaaccangc 180
nggcgaatcg taatnaggcg tgcgcgcgca atntgtcncc gtttattntn ccagctcnc 240
ctnccnacc tacntctten nagctgtcnn acccctngtn cgnaccccc naggtcggga 300
tcgggtttrn nntgaccgng cnnccctcc cccctccat nacganccnc ccgcaccacc 360
nanngcncgc nccccgnct cttcgccnc ctgtcctntn cccctgtngc ctggcncngn 420
accgattga cctcgcgcnn ctncnngaaa ncgnanacgt ccgggttggn annancgtg 480
tgggnnngcg tctgcncgc gttccttccn ncnncttcca ccatcttct tacngggtct 540
ccncgcctc tcnnncaenc cctgggacgc tntcctntgc cccctttnac tccccctt 600
cngcgtgnc cgnccccacc ntcatttnca nacgntcttc acaannncc ggntnnctcc 660
cnancngcn gtcancnag ggaagggngg ggnncnntg nttgacgttg ngngngangtc 720
cgaanantcc tcncctcan cctacccct cggcggnct ctngttnc aacttancaa 780

```

ntctcccccg ngngcncntc tcagcctcnc cccccccnct ctctgcantg tnetctgctc 840
tnaccnntac gantnttcgn cncctctctt cc 872

<210> 24

<211> 815

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(815)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 24

gcacgcaagc ttgagtattc tatagngtca cctaaatanc ttggcntaat catggctnta 60
nctgncttcc tgtgtcaaata gtatacnaaa tanatatgaa tctnatntga caaganngtg 120
tcntncatta gtaacaantg tntgtccat cctgtcngan canattccca tnnattncgn 180
cgcattcncn gcnantatn taatngggaa ntcnnntnnn ncaccnncat ctatcctncc 240
gcncctgac tggagagat ggatnattc tntntgacc nacatgttca tcttggattn 300
aananccccc cgcngnccac cgggtngng cngccnntc ccaagacctc ctgtggaggt 360
aacctgcgtc aganncatca aacntgggaa acccgcnnc angtnnaagt ngnnncanan 420
gatccggtcc aggnntnacc atcccttcnc agcgcacctc ttngtgcctt anagnnagc 480
gtgtccnanc cncacaacat ganacgcgc agnccanccg caattnggca caatgtcgn 540
gaaccccta gggggantna tncaaaancc caggattgtc cncncangaa atcccnanc 600
ccnccctac cenncttgg gacngtgacc aantcccga gtncagtc ccgcnngctc 660
ccccaccgt nncctgggg ggggtgaact cngnntcanc cngncgaggn ntcgnaagga 720
accggncctn ggcgaanng ancnntcnga agngccnnt cgtataaacc cccctcncca 780
nccnacngnt agntccccc cngggtncgg aangg 815

<210> 25

<211> 775

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(775)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 25

ccgagatgtc tcgctccgtg gccttagctg tgctcgcgt actctctctt tctggcctgg 60
aggctatcca gcgtactcca aagattcagg ttactcacg tcacccagca gagaatggaa 120
agtcaaatct cctgaattgc tatgtgtctg ggtttcatcc atccgacatt gaanttgact 180
tactgaagaa tgganagaga attgaaaaag tggagcatcc agacttgtct ttcagcaagg 240
actggtcttt ctatctcntg tactacactg aattcacccc cactgaaaaa gatgagtatg 300
cctgcccgtg gaaccatgtg actttgtcac agcccaagat agttaagtgg gatcgagaca 360
tgtaagcagn cncatggaa gtttgaagat gccgcatctg gattggatga attccaaatt 420
ctgcttgctt gcnttttaaa antgatatgc ntatacacc tacctttat gnccccaaat 480
tgtaggggtt acatnantgt tcncntngga catgatctc ctttataant cncnnttcg 540
aattgccgt cncnngttn ngaatgttc cnaaaccacg gttggctccc ccaggtcncc 600
tcttacggaa gggcctgggc cnccttncaa ggttggggga accnaaaatt tcncttntgc 660
cncnccncca cmtcttgng nncnctttt ggaaccttc cnattccctc tggcctcnna 720
nccttnncta anaaaacttn aaancgtngc naaannnttn acttcccccc ttacc 775

<210> 26

<211> 820

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(820)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 26

```

anattantac agtghtaatct ttccccagag gtgtgtanag ggaacggggc ctagaggcat      60
cccanagata ncttatanca acagtgcctt gaccaagagc tgctgggcac atttcctgca      120
gaaaagggtg cggtcccat cactcctcct cccccatagc catcccagag ggggtgagtag      180
ccatcangcc ttgggtggga gggagtcang gaaacaacan accacagagc anacagacca      240
ntgatgacca tgggcgggag cgagcctctt ccctgnaccg ggggtggcana nganagccta      300
nctgaggggt cacactataa acgttaacga ccnagatnan cacctgcttc aagtgcaccc      360
ttcctacctg acnaccang accnnnaact gcngcctggg gacagcncctg ggancagcta      420
acnnagcact cacctgcccc cccatggccg tncgntccc tggtcctgnc aagggaagct      480
ccctgttgga attncgggga naccaaggga nccccctcct ccnctgtga aggaaaaann      540
gatggaattt tnccttccg gccnntcccc tcttcttta cagccccct nntactcnc      600
tccctctntt ntcctgnnc acttttnacc ccnnnatttc ccttnattga tcggannctn      660
ganattccac tnnccctnc cntcnatng naanacnaaa nactntctna cccnggggat      720
gggnnccctg ntcactctct ctttttctct accnccnnt ctttgccct ccttngatca
780tccaacntc gntggccntn ccccccnnn tcttttccc
820

```

<210> 27

<211> 818

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(818)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 27

```

tctgggtgat ggcctcttcc tctcagggga cctctgactg ctctgggcca aagaatctct      60
tgtttcttct ccgagcccca ggcagcgggtg attcagccct gcccaacctg attctgatga      120
ctgcggatgc tgtgacggac ccaaggggca aatagggtcc cagggtccag ggaggggcgc      180
ctgctgagca cttccgcccc tcaccctgcc cagccccgc catgagctct gggctgggtc      240
tcgcctcca ggggttctgct cttccangca ngccancaa tggcgctggg ccacactggc      300
ttcttctgct cccntccctg gctctganc tctgtcttcc tgtcctgtgc angcnccttg      360
gatctcagtt tccctcncct anngaactct gttcttgann tcttcantta actntgantt      420
tatnaccnan tggncgtgnc tgcnnactt taatgggcn gaccggctaa tccctccctc      480
nctcccttcc anttcnnna accngcttnc cntctctcc centancecg ccngggaanc      540
ctcctttgcc ctnaccang gccnnnaccg ccctnnctn ggggggcng gttnctnnc      600
ctgntnnccc cncctcncnt tncctcgtec cncnncgc nngcannttc ncngtcccn      660
tnnctcttcn ngntcgnaa ngntcncntn tnnnnngnc ngntnntncn tccctctcnc      720
cnnntgnarg tnnntnnnc ncngnncccc nnnnnnnnn nggnntnnn tctnncngc      780
ccnnccccc ngnattaagg cctcnnctc ccggccnc      818

```

<210> 28

<211> 731

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(731)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 28

```

aggaagggcg gagggatatt gtangggatt gagggatagg agnataangg gggaggtgtg      60
tcccaacatg anggtgnngt tctcttttga angaggggtg ngtttttann ccnggtgggt      120
gattnaacc c attgtatgg agnnaaaggn ttttagggat ttttcggctc ttatcagtat      180
ntanattcct gtnaatcggg aaatnatntt tcnnncggaa aatnttgctc ccatccgnaa      240
atttctcccg ggtagtgcatt nttngggggg cngccangtt tcccaggctg ctanaatcgt      300
actaaagntt naagtgggan tncaaatgaa aacctnncac agagnatccn tacccgactg      360
tnnttncct tcgcccctng actctgcnn agcccaatac ccnngngnat gtcccccnng      420
nnngcgcnc tgaaannnnc tcngggctnn gancatcang ggggttcgca tcaaaagcnn      480
cgtttcncat naaggcactt tngcctcatc caaccnctng cctcnncca tttngccgctc      540
nggttcnct acgctantng cncctnnntn ganattttnc ccgcctnggg naancctcct      600
gnaatgggta gggncctntc ttttnaccnn gnggtntact aatcnnctnc acgcntnctt      660
tctcnacccc cccctttttt caatcccanc ggcnfaatgg gtctccccnn cgangggggg      720
nnnccannnc c
                                                    731

```

<210> 29

<211> 822

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(822)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 29

```

actagtcag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttggggncnc ttctatgant antnttagat      60
cgctcanacc tcacancctc ccnacnangc ctataangaa nannaataga nctgtncnnt      120
atntntacnc tcatanncct cnnnaccac tccctcttaa ccctactgt gcctatngcn      180
tnnctantct ntgcgcctn cnanccacn gtgggcnac cncnngnatt ctcnatctcc      240
tcnccatntn gcctananta ngtncatacc ctatacctac nccaatgcta nnnctaancn      300
tccatnantt annntaacta cactgaent ngactttenc atnancctct aatttgaatc      360
tactctgact cccacngcct annnattagc anctcccc nacnatntct caaccaaate      420
ntcaacaacc tatctancg ttcnccaacc nttncctcgg atccccnnac aacccccctc      480
ccaaataccc nccacctgac ncctaaccn caccatcccg gcaagccnan ggncatttan      540
cactggaat cacnatngga naaaaaaaac cnaactctc tancnennat ctccctaana      600
aatnctcctn naatttactn ncantnccat caanccccn tgaaacnnaa cccctgtttt      660
tanatccctt ctttcgaaaa ccnacccttt annncccaac ctttngggcc ccccnctnc      720
ccnaatgaag gncncccaat cnangaaacg nccntgaaaa ancnaggcna anannntccg      780
canatcctat ccttanttn ggggnccctt nccnggggcc cc
                                                    822

```

<210> 30

<211> 787

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(787)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 30

cgcccgccctg	ctctggcaca	tgcctcctga	atggcatcaa	aagtgatgga	ctgcccattg	60
ctagagaaga	ccttctctcc	tactgtcatt	atggagccct	gcagactgag	ggctccccct	120
gtctgcagga	tttgatgtct	gaagtcgtgg	agtgtggctt	ggagctcctc	atctacatna	180
gctggaagcc	ctggagggcc	tctctcgcca	gcctccccct	tctctccacg	ctctccangg	240
acaccagggg	ctccaggcag	cccattatct	ccagnangac	atggtgtttc	tccacgcgga	300
cccatggggc	ctgnaaggcc	agggctcctt	ttgacaccat	ctctcccgtc	ctgcctggca	360
ggccgtggga	tccactantt	ctanaacggn	cgcaccncg	gtgggagctc	cagcttttgt	420
tcccnttaat	gaaggttaat	tgcncgcttg	gcgtaatcat	nggtcanaac	tntttcctgt	480
gtgaaattgt	ttntccccct	ncnatccnc	ncnacatacn	aaccgggaan	cataaagtgt	540
taaagcctgg	gggtngcctn	nngaataaac	tnaactcaat	taattgcgtt	ggctcatggc	600
ccgctttccn	ttcnggaaaa	ctgtctctcc	ctgcnttntt	gaatcgcca	ccccccnggg	660
aaaagcgggt	tgcnttttng	ggggntcctt	ccntctcccc	cctcncctaa	ccctnccgct	720
cggtcgttnc	nggtngcggg	gaangggnat	nnnctccnc	naaggggng	agnnngntat	780
ccccaaa						787

<210> 31

<211> 799

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(799)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 31

tttttttttt	tttttttggc	gatgtacttg	tttaattgca	ggaggtgggg	gtgtgtgtac	60
catgtaccag	ggctattaga	agcaagaagg	aaggagggag	ggcagagcgc	cctgctgagc	120
aacaaaggac	tcctgcagcc	ttctctgtct	gtctcttggc	gcaggcacat	ggggaggcct	180
cccgaggggt	gggggccacc	agtcagggg	tgggagcact	acanggggtg	ggagtgggtg	240
gtggctggtg	cnaatggcct	gncacanatc	cctacgatct	ttgacacctg	gatttcacca	300
ggggaccttc	tgttctccca	nggnaacttc	ntnnatctcn	aaagaacaca	actgtttctt	360
cngcanttct	ggctgttcat	ggaaagcaca	ggtgtccnat	ttnggctggg	acttgggtaca	420
tatggttcct	gcccacctct	ccntcnaaan	aagtaattca	ccccccccc	ccntctnttg	480
cctgggcccct	taantaccca	caccggaact	canttantta	ttcatcttng	gntgggcttg	540
ntnatchncn	cctgaangcg	ccaagttgaa	aggccacgcc	gtnccecttc	cccatagnan	600
nttttnncnt	cantctaatgc	ccccccnggc	aacnatccaa	ccccccccc	tgggggcccc	660
agcccanggc	ccccgntctg	ggnnccngn	cncgnantcc	ccaggntctc	ccantcngnc	720
ccnnngcncc	ccgcacgca	gaacanaagg	ntngagccnc	cgcannnnnn	nggtnnncac	780
ctcgcctccc	ccnccgng					799

<210> 32

<211> 789

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(789)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 32

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	60
tttttccnag	ggcaggttta	ttgacaacct	cncgggacac	aancaggctg	gggacaggac	120
ggcaacaggc	tccggcggcg	gcggcggcgg	ccctacctgc	ggtaccaa	ntgcagcctc	180
cgctcccgc	tgatnttcc	ctgcagctgc	aggatgccnt	aaaacagggc	ctcgccntn	240
ggtgggcacc	ctgggacttn	aatttccacg	ggcacaatgc	ggtcgcancc	cctcaccacc	300
nattaggaat	agtggtnnta	cccncnccg	ttggcncact	cccnctggaa	accacttntc	360
gcggctccgg	catctggtct	taaaccttgc	aaacnctggg	gccctctttt	tggttantnt	420
nccngccaca	atcatnactc	agactggcnc	gggctggccc	caaaaaancn	ccccaaaacc	480
ggnccatgtc	ttnnccgggt	tgctgcnatn	tncatcacct	cccgggcnca	ncaggncaac	540
ccaaaagttc	ttngggcccn	caaaaaantc	ccggggggnc	ccagtttcaa	caaagtcatc	600
ccccttgccc	cccaaatcct	ccccccgntt	nctgggtttg	ggaacccacg	cctctnnctt	660
tggnnggcaa	gntggntccc	ccttcggggc	cccggtgggc	ccnnctctaa	ngaaaacncc	720
ntccctnnca	ccatccccc	nngnnacgnc	tancaangna	tccctttttt	tanaaacggg	780
ccccccnccg						789

<210> 33

<211> 793

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(793)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 33

gacagaacat	ggtggatggt	ggagcacctt	tctatacgac	ttacaggaca	gcagatgggg	60
aattcatggc	tggtggagca	atanaacccc	agttctacga	gctgctgac	aaaggacttg	120
gactaaagtc	tgatgaactt	cccaatcaga	tgagcatgga	tgattggcca	gaaatgaana	180
agaagtttgc	agatgtat	gcaaagaaga	cgaaggcaga	gtggtgtcaa	atctttgacg	240
gcacagatgc	ctgtgtgact	ccggttctga	cttttgagga	ggttgttcat	catgatcaca	300
acaangaacg	gggctcgttt	atcaccantg	aggagcagga	cgtgagcccc	cgccttgac	360
ctctgctgtt	aaacaccccc	gccatccctt	ctttcaaaaag	ggatccacta	cttctagagc	420
ggnccgccacc	gcggtggagc	tccagctttt	gttcccttta	gtgagggtta	attgcgcgct	480
tggcgtaatc	atgggtcatan	ctgtttcctg	tgtgaaactg	ttatccgctc	acaattccac	540
acaacatacg	anccggaagc	atnaaat	aaagcctggg	ggtngcctaa	tgantgaact	600
nactcacatt	aattggcttt	gcgctcactg	cccgttttcc	agtccggaaa	acctgtcctt	660
gccagctgcc	ntaatgaat	cnggccaccc	cccggggaaa	aggcngtttg	cttnttgggg	720
cgcnttccc	gctttctcgc	ttcctgaant	ccttcccccc	ggtctttcgg	cttgcggcna	780
acggtatcna	cct					793

<210> 34

<211> 756

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(756)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 34

gcccgcaccg	gcatgtacga	gcaactcaag	ggcgagtggg	accgtaaaag	ccccaatctt	60
ancaagtgcg	gggaanagct	gggtcgactc	aagctagttc	ttctggagct	caacttcttg	120

ccaaccacag	ggaccaagct	gaccaaacag	cagctaattc	tggcccgtga	catactggag	180
atcgggggcc	aatggagcat	cctacgcaan	gacatcccc	ccttcgagcg	ctacatggcc	240
cagctcaaat	gctactactt	tgattacaan	gagcagctcc	ccgagtcagc	ctatatgcac	300
cagctcttgg	gcctcaacct	cctcttcctg	ctgtcccaga	accgggtggc	tgantnccac	360
acgganttgg	ancggctgcc	tgcccaanga	catacanacc	aatgcttaca	tcnaccacca	420
gtgtcctgga	gcaatactga	tgganggcag	ctaccncaaa	gtnttcctgg	ccnagggtaa	480
catccccgcg	cgagagctac	accttcttca	ttgacatcct	gctcgacact	atcagggatg	540
aaaatcgcn	ggttgctcca	gaaaggctnc	aanaanatcc	tttctnctga	aggcccccg	600
atnctctagt	nctagaatcg	gccccccatc	gcggtgganc	ctccaacctt	tcgttncctt	660
ttactgaggg	tttattgccc	cccttgccgt	tatcatggtc	acnccngttn	cctgtgttga	720
aattnttaac	cccccaaat	tccacgcena	cattnng			756

<210> 35

<211> 834

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(834)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 35

ggggatctct	anactnacct	gnatgcatgg	ttgtcgggtg	ggtcgctgtc	gatgaanatg	60
aacaggatct	tgcccttgaa	gctctcggct	gctgtnttta	agttgctcag	tctgccgtca	120
tagtcagaca	cncctcttgg	caaaaaacan	caggatntga	gtcttgattt	cacctccaat	180
aatcttcnng	gctgtctgct	cggtgaactc	gatgacnang	ggcagctggg	tgtgtntgat	240
aaantccanc	angttctcct	tggtgacctc	cccttcaaag	ttgttccggc	cttcatcaaa	300
cttctnnaan	angannancc	canctttgtc	gagctggnat	ttgganaaca	cgtcaccgtt	360
ggaaactgat	cccaaattgg	atgtcatcca	tgcctctgtc	tgccctgcaa	aaacttgctt	420
ggcncaaact	cgactccccc	tccttgaaag	aagccnatca	cacccccctc	cctggactcc	480
nncaangact	ctnccgctnc	ccntccnng	cagggttggg	ggcannccgg	gcccctgcgc	540
ttcttcagcc	agttcacnat	nttcacagc	ccctctgcca	gctgttntat	tccttggggg	600
ggaanccgtc	tctcccttcc	tgaannaact	ttgaccgtng	gaatagccgc	gcntcnccnt	660
acntnctggg	ccgggttcaa	antccctccn	ttgncnntcn	cctcggggcca	ttctggattt	720
nccnaacttt	ttcttccccc	cncctccnng	ngtttggntt	tttcatnggg	ccccaaactt	780
gctnttggcc	antccctctg	gggcntntan	cncctccntt	ggccctntng	ggcc	834

<210> 36

<211> 814

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(814)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 36

cggncgcttt	ccngccgcgc	cccgtttcca	tgacnaaggc	tcccttcang	ttaaatacn	60
cctagnaaac	attaatgggt	tgctctacta	atacatcata	cnaaccagta	agcctgcccc	120
naacgccaac	tcaggccatt	cctaccaaag	gaagaaaagg	tggtctctcc	accccttgta	180
ggaaaggcct	gccttgtaag	acaccacaa	ncggctgaat	ctnaagtctt	gtgttttact	240
aatggaaaaa	aaaaataaac	aanaggtttt	gttctcatgg	ctgcccaccg	cagcctggca	300
ctaaaacanc	ccagcgctca	cttctgcttg	ganaaatatt	ctttgctctt	ttggacatca	360

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ggcttgatgg tatcactgcc acntttccac ccagctgggc ncccttcccc catntttgtc 420
antganctgg aaggcctgaa ncttagtctc caaaagtctc ngcccacaag accggccacc 480
aggggangtc ntttncagtg gatctgccaa anantaccn tatcatcnnt gaataaaaag 540
gccctgaac ganatgcttc cancancctt taagacccat aatcctngaa ccatgggtgcc 600
cttccggctc gatccnaaag gaatgttctt ggggtccant ccctcctttg ttnccttacgt 660
tgtnttggac cntgtctngn atnaccnaan tganatcccc ngaagcaccc tncctctggc 720
atttganttt cntaaattct ctgccctacn nctgaaagca cnattccctn ggcnccnaan 780
ggngaactca agaaggtctn ngaaaaacca cncn 814

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<210> 37

<211> 760

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(760)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 37

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gcatgctgct ctccctcaaa gttgttcttg ttgccataac aaccaccata ggtaaagcgg 60
gcgcagtgtt cgctgaagggt gttgtagtac cagcgcgagg tgctctcctt gcagagtcct 120
gtgtctggca ggtccacgca atgccctttg tcaactggga aatggatgct ctggagctcg 180
tcnaanccac tcgtgtattt ttcacangca gcctcctccg aagctcctcg gcagttgggg 240
gtgtcgtcac actccactaa actgtcgatn cancagccca ttgctgcagc ggaactgggt 300
gggctgacag gtgccagaac aactgggatn ggcctttcca tgggaagggc tgggggaaat 360
cncctnancc caaactgcct ctcaaaggcc accttgcaca ccccgacagg ctagaaatgc 420
actcttcttc ccaaaggtag ttgttcttgt tgcccaagca ncctccanca aacccaaanc 480
ttgcaaaatc tgtctcgttg gggtcattnn taccanggtt ggggaaanaa acccggcngn 540
ganccnctt gtttgaatgc naaggnaata atcctcctgt cttgcttggg tggaaanagca 600
caattgaact gttaacnttg ggcgngttc cncngnggtg gtctgaaact aatcacctgc 660
actggaaaaa ggtangtgcc ttccttgaat tcccaaannt cccctngntt tgggtntttt 720
ctcctctncc ctaaaaatcg tnttcccccc cntanggcg 760

```

<210> 38

<211> 724

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(724)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 38

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tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttaaaaa cccctcccat tgaatgaaaa 60
cttcnnaaat tgtccaaccc cctcnnccaa atnnccattt ccgggggggg gttccaaacc 120
caaattaatt ttgganttta aattaaatnt tnatnngggg aanaanccaa atgtnaagaa 180
aatttaaccc attatnaact taaatncctn gaaaccnttg gnttccaaaa atttttaacc 240
cttaaatccc tccgaaattg ntaanggaaa accaaattcn cctaaggctn tttgaagggt 300
ngatttaaac ccccttnant tnttttnacc cngnctnaa ntatttngnt tccgggtgtt 360
tcctnttaan cntnggtaac tcccgnataa gaannnccct aanccaatta aaccgaattt 420
tttttgaatt ggaaattccn ngggaattna ccgggggttt tcccttttgg gggccatncc 480
cccncttctg ggggttgggn ntagggtgaa ttttttnang nccccaaaaa ncccccaana 540
aaaaaactcc caagnnttaa ttngaatntc ccccttccca ggccttttgg gaaaggnggg 600

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tttntggggg ccngggantt cnttccccn ttncncccc ccccccnggt aaanggttat	660
ngnntttggt ttttgggccc cttnanggae cttccggatn gaaattaaat ccccggnng	720
gccg	724

<210> 39

<211> 751

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (751)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 39

tttttttttt tttttctttg ctcacattta atttttattt tgattttttt taatgctgca	60
caacacaata tttatttcat ttgtttcttt tatttcattt tatttgtttg ctgctgctgt	120
tttatttatt tttactgaaa gtgagaggga acttttgttg ctttttttcc tttttctgta	180
ggccgcctta agctttctaa atttggaaaca tctaagcaag ctgaanggaa aaggggggtt	240
cgcaaatca ctcgggggaa nggaaagggt gctttgttaa tcatgcccta tgggtgggtga	300
ttaaactgctt gtacaattac ntttcacttt taattaattg tgctnaangc ttttaattana	360
cttggggggtt ccttccccan accaaccnccn ctgacaaaaa gtgcengccc tcaaatnatg	420
tcccgccnnt cnttgaaaca cacngcngaa ngttctcatt ntccccnnc caggtnaaaa	480
tgaagggtta ccatntttta cncacctcc acntggcnnn gcctgaatcc tcnaaaancn	540
ccctcaancn aatnctnng ccccggtcnc gcntnngtc cccccgggt cggggaantn	600
cacccccnga annnntnnc naacnaaatt ccgaaaatat tccnntcnc tcaattcccc	660
cnnagactnt cctcnnncn cncaattttc tttntntcac gaacncgnnc cnnaaatgn	720
nnnncnctc cncnngtcn naatcnccan c	751

<210> 40

<211> 753

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (753)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 40

gtggtatttt ctgtaagatc aggtgttcct cctcgtagg tttagaggaa acaccctcat	60
agatgaaaaac cccccgaga cagcagcact gcaactgcca agcagccggg gtaggagggg	120
cgccctatgc acagctgggc ccttgagaca gcagggttc gatgtcaggc tcgatgtcaa	180
tgggtctggaa gcggcggtg tacctgcgta ggggcacacc gtcagggcc accaggaaact	240
tctcaaagt ccaggcaacn tcgttgcgac acaccggaga ccagggtatn agcttgggggt	300
cggtcataan cgcggtggcg tcgtcgttg gagctggcag ggcctcccgc aggaaggcna	360
ataaaagggt cgccccgca cgttcanct cgcacttctc naanaccatg angttgggct	420
cnaaccacc accannccgg acttccttga nggaattccc aaatctcttc gntcttgggc	480
ttctnctgat gccctanctg gttgccnngn atgccaanca nccccaancc ccggggtcct	540
aaacaccn cctcctntt tcatctgggt tntntcccc ggacctgggt tcctctcaag	600
ggarcccata tctcnaccan tactcacnt nccccccnt gnnaccanc cttctannng	660
tccccnccg ncctctggcc cntcaaan an gcttnacna cctgggtctg ccttcccccc	720
tncctatct gnacccnncn tttgtctcan tnt	753

<210> 41

<211> 341
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 41
 actatatcca tcacaacaga catgcttcat cccatagact tcttgacata gcttcaaagt 60
 agtgaaccca tccttgattt atatacatat atgttctcag tattttggga gcctttccac 120
 tcttttaaac cttgttcatt atgaacactg aaaataggaa tttgtgaaga gttaaaaagt 180
 tatagcttgt ttacgtagta agtttttgaa gtctacattc aatccagaca cttagttgag 240
 tgtaaaactg tgatttttaa aaaatatcat ttgagaatat tctttcagag gtattttcat 300
 ttttactttt tgattaattg tgttttatat attagggtag t 341

<210> 42
 <211> 101
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 42
 acttactgaa ttttagttctg tgctcttctt tatttagtgt tgtatcataa atactttgat 60
 gtttcaaaca tcttaaataa ataattttca ggggttcat a 101

<210> 43
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 43
 acatctttgt tacagtctaa gatgtgttct taaatcacca ttccttcttg gtcctcacc 60
 tccagggtgg tctcactg taattagagc tattgaggag tctttacagc aaattaagat 120
 tcagatgcct tgctaagtct agagtcttag agttatgtt cagaaagtct aagaaaccca 180
 cctcttgaga ggtcagtaaa gaggacttaa tatttcata ctacaaaatg accacaggat 240
 tggatacaga acgagagtta tcttgataa ctcagagctg agtacctgcc cgggggccgc 300
 tcgaa 305

<210> 44
 <211> 852
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(852)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 44
 acataaatat cagagaaaag tagtctttga aatatttacg tccaggagtt ctttgtttct 60
 gattatttgg tgtgtgtttt gggttgtgtc caaagtattg gcagcttcag ttttcatttt 120
 ctctccatcc tcgggcattc ttcccaaatt tatataccag tcttcgtcca tccacacgct 180
 ccagaatttc tctttttag tagtatctca tagctcggct gagcttttca taggtcatgc 240
 tgctgttgtt cttcttttta cccatagct gagccactgc ctctgatttc aagaacctga 300
 agacgccctc agatcggtct tcccatttta ttaatcctgg gttcttgtct gggttcaaga 360
 ggatgtcgcg gatgaattcc cataagttag tccctctcgg gttgtgtctt ttgggtgtggc 420
 acttggcagg ggggtcttgc tcttttttca tatcagggtga ctctgcaaca ggaagggtgac 480
 tgggtgttgc catggagatc tgagcccggc agaaagtatt gctgtccaac aaatctactg 540
 tgctaccata gttggtgtca tataaatagt tctngtcttt ccagggtgtc atgatggaag 600

gctcagtttg ttcagtcttg acaatgacat tgtgtgtgga ctggaacagg tcaactactgc	660
actggccggt ccacttcaga tgctgcaagt tgctgtagag gagntgcccc gccgtccctg	720
ccgccccggg gaactcctgc aaactcatgc tgcaaagggtg ctgcccgttg atgtcgaact	780
cntggaaaagg gatacaattg gcatccagct gggtgtgtgc caggaggtga tggagccact	840
cccacacctg gt	852

<210> 45

<211> 234

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 45

acaacagacc cttgctcgct aacgacctca tgctcatcaa gttggacgaa tccgtgtccg	60
agttctgacac catccggagc atcagcattg cttcgcagtg ccctaccgcg gggaaactctt	120
gcctcgtttc tggctggggg ctgctggcga acggcagaat gcctaccgtg ctgcagtgcg	180
tgaacgtgtc ggtggtgtct gaggaggtct gcagtaagct ctatgacccg ctgt	234

<210> 46

<211> 590

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(590)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 46

actttttatt taaatgttta taaggcagat ctatgagaat gatagaaaac atggtgtgta	60
atttgatagc aatatttttg agattacaga gttttagtaa ttaccaatta cacagttaa	120
aagaagataa tatattccaa gcanatacaa aatatctaata gaaagatcaa ggcaggaaaa	180
tgantataac taattgacaa tggaaaatca attttaatgt gaattgcaca ttatccttta	240
aaagctttca aaanaanaaa ttattgcagt ctanttaatt caaacagtgt taaatggtat	300
caggataaan aactgaaggg canaaagaat taattttcac ttcatgtaac ncacccanat	360
ttacaatggc ttaaattgcan ggaaaaagca gtggaagtag ggaagtantc aaggctcttc	420
tggctctctaa tctgccttac tctttgggtg tggctttgat cctctggaga cagctgccag	480
ggctcctgtt atatccacaa tcccagcagc aagatgaagg gatgaaaaag gacacatgct	540
gccttccttt gaggagactt catctcactg gccaacactc agtcacatgt	590

<210> 47

<211> 774

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(774)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 47

acaagggggc ataataagg agtgggggana gatttttaaag aaggaaaaaa aacgaggccc	60
tgaacagaat tttcctgnac aacggggcctt caaaaataatt ttcttgggga ggttcaagac	120
gcttctactgc ttgaaactta aatggatgtg ggacanaatt ttctgtaatg accctgaggg	180
cattacagac gggactctgg gaggaaggat aaacagaaaag gggacaaaag ctaatcccaa	240
aacatcaaag aaaggaagggt ggcgtcatat ctcccagcct acacagttct ccagggtct	300

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cctcatccct ggaggacgac agtggaggaa caactgacca tgtccccagg ctctgtgtg 360
ctggctcctg gtcttcagcc cccagctctg gaagcccacc ctctgtgat cctgctggc 420
ccacactcct tgaacacaca tccccagggt atattcctgg acatggctga acctcctatt 480
cctacttccg agatgccttg ctccctgcag cctgtcaaaa tcccactcac cctccaaacc 540
acggcatggg aagcctttct gacttgcctg attactccag catcttggaa caatccctga 600
ttccccactc cttagaggca agataggggt gttaagagta gggctggacc acttggagcc 660
aggctgctgg cttcaaattt tggctcattt acgagctatg ggaccttggg caagtnatct 720
tcactttctat gggcntcatt ttgttctacc tgcaaaatgg gggataataa tagt 774

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<210> 48

<211> 124

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(124)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 48

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canaaattga aattttataa aaaggcattt ttctcttata tccataaaat gatataattt 60
ttgcaantat anaaatgtgt cataaattat aatgttcctt aattacagct caacgcaact 120
tggt 124

```

<210> 49

<211> 147

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(147)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 49

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gccgatgcta ctattttatt gcaggagggt ggggtgtttt tattattctc tcaacagctt 60
tgtggctaca ggtgggtgtc gactgcatna aaaanttttt tacgggtgat tgcaaaaatt 120
ttagggcacc catatcccaa gcantgt 147

```

<210> 50

<211> 107

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 50

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acattaaatt aataaaagga ctgttggggt tctgctaaaa cacatggctt gatatattgc 60
atggtttgag gttaggagga gttaggcata tgttttggga gaggggt 107

```

<210> 51

<211> 204

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 51

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gtcctaggaa gtctagggga cacacgactc tggggtcacg gggccgacac acttgacgg 60

```



```

cgggaaaggaa aggcagagaa gtgacaccgt caggggggaaa tgacagaaag gaaaatcaag    120
gccttgcaag gtcagaaagg ggactcaggg cttccaccac agccctgccc cacttgacca    180
cctccctttt gggaccagca atgt                                           204

```

<210> 52

<211> 491

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(491)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 52

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acaaagataa catttatctt ataacaaaaa tttgatagtt ttaaagggtta gtattgtgta    60
gggtattttt caaaagacta aagagataac tcaggtaaaa agttagaaat gtataaaaca    120
ccatcagaca ggtttttaaa aaacaacata ttacaaaatt agacaatcat ccttaaaaaa    180
aaaacttctt gtatcaattt cttttgttca aaatgactga cttaantatt tttaaattatt    240
tcanaaacac ttcctcaaaa attttcaana tggtagcttt canatgtgcc ctcagtccca    300
atgttgctca gataaataaa tctcgtgaga acttaccacc caccacaagc tttctggggc    360
atgcaacagt gtcttttctt tnccttttct tttttttttt ttacaggcac agaaactcat    420
caattttatt tggataacaa aggggtctcca aattatattg aaaaataaat ccaagttaat    480
atcactcttg t                                           491

```

<210> 53

<211> 484

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(484)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 53

```

acataattta gcagggtctaa ttaccataag atgctattta ttaanaggtn tatgatctga    60
gtattaacag ttgctgaagt ttggtatttt tatgcagcat tttctttttg ctttgataac    120
actacagaac ccttaaggac actgaaaatt agtaagtaaa gttcagaaac attagctgct    180
caatcaaate tctacataac actatagtaa ttaaaacgtt aaaaaaaagt gttgaaatct    240
gcactagtat anaccgtcc tctcaggata anactgcttt ggaacagaaa gggaaaaanc    300
agctttgant ttctttgtgc tgatangagg aaaggctgaa ttaccttggt gcctctccct    360
aatgattggc aggtcnggta aatnccaaaa catattccaa ctcaacactt cttttccncc    420
tancttgant ctgtgtattc caggancagg cggatggaat gggccagccc ncggatgttc    480
cant                                           484

```

<210> 54

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 54

```

actaaacctc gtgcttgatga actccatata gaaaacgggtg ccattccctga acacggctgg    60
ccactgggta tactgctgac aaccgcaaca acaaaaacac aaatccttgg cactggctag    120
tctatgtcct ctcaagtgcc tttttgttg t                                           151

```

<210> 55
 <211> 91
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 55
 acctggcttg tctccgggtg gttcccggtg cccccacgg tccccagaac ggacactttc 60
 gccctccagt ggatactcga gccaaagtgg t 91

<210> 56
 <211> 133
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 56
 ggcggtatgt cgttggttat atacaaatat gtcattttat gtaagggact tgagtatact 60
 tggatttttg gtatctgtgg gttgggggga cggccagga accaataccc catggatacc 120
 aagggacaac tgt 133

<210> 57
 <211> 147
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (147)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 57
 actctggaga acctgagccg ctgtccgcc tctgggatga ggtgatgcan gcngtggcgc 60
 gactgggagc tgagcccttc cctttgcgcc tgcctcagag gattgttgcc gacntgcana 120
 tctcantggg ctggatncat gcagggt 147

<210> 58
 <211> 198
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (198)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 58
 acagggatat aggtttnaag ttattgttat tgtaaaatac attgaatttt ctgtatactc 60
 tgattacata cttttatcct ttaaaaaaga tgtaaatctt aatttttatg ccattctatta 120
 atttaccat gagttacctt gtaaatgaga agtcatgata gcactgaatt ttaactagtt 180
 ttgacttcta agtttgggt 198

<210> 59
 <211> 330
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 59

acaacaaatg ggttgtgagg aagtcttatac agcaaaactg gtgatggcta ctgaaaagat	60
ccattgaaaa ttatcattaa tgattttaaa tgacaagtta tcaaaaactc actcaatttt	120
cacctgtgct agcttgctaa aatgggagtt aactctagag caaatatagt atcttctgaa	180
tacagtcaat aaatgacaaa gccagggcct acaggtgggt tccagacttt ccagacccag	240
cagaaggaat ctattttatc acatggatct ccgtctgtgc tcaaaatacc taatgatatt	300
tttcgtcttt attggacttc tttgaagagt	330

<210> 60

<211> 175

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 60

accgtgggtg ccttctacat tcctgacggc tccttcacca acatctgggt ctacttcggc	60
gtcgtgggtc ccttcctctt catcctcacc cagctgggtg tgctcatcga ctttgcgcac	120
tcctggaacc agcggtggtt gggcaaggcc gaggagtgcg attcccgtgc ctggt	175

<210> 61

<211> 154

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 61

acccacattt tcctcctgtg agcagtctgg acttctcact gctacatgat gagggtgagt	60
ggttggtgct cttcaacagt atcctcccct ttccggatct gctgagccgg acagcagtgc	120
tggaatgcac agccccgggg ctccacattg ctgt	154

<210> 62

<211> 30

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 62

cgctcgagcc ctatagttag tcgtattaga	30
----------------------------------	----

<210> 63

<211> 89

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 63

acaagtcatt tcagcaccct ttgctcttca aaactgacca tcttttatat ttaatgcttc	60
ctgtatgaat aaaaatgggt atgtcaagt	89

<210> 64

<211> 97

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 64

accggagtaa ctgagtcggg acgctgaatc tgaatccacc aataaataaa ggttctgcag	60
aatcagtgc aacaggattg gtccttggat ctgggggt	97

<210> 65
 <211> 377
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(377)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 65
 acaacaanaa ntcccttctt taggcactg atggaaacct ggaacccctt tttgatggca 60
 gcatggcgctc ctaggccttg acacagcggc tggggtttgg gctntcccaa accgcacacc 120
 ccaaccctgg tctaccacaca nttctggcta tgggctgtct ctgccactga acatcagggt 180
 tcggtcataa natgaaatcc caanggggac agaggtcagt agaggaagct caatgagaaa 240
 ggtgctgttt gctcagccag aaaacagctg cctggcattc gccgctgaac tatgaacccg 300
 tgggggtgaa ctaccccan gaggaatcat gctggggcga tgcaanggtg ccaacaggag 360
 gggcgggagg agcatgt 377

<210> 66
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 66
 acgcctttcc ctccagaattc agggaagaga ctgtcgcttg ccttccctccg ttgttgcggtg 60
 agaaccogtg tgccccttcc caccatatcc accctcgctc catctttgaa ctcaaacacg 120
 aggaactaac tgcaccctgg tcctctcccc agtccccagt tcacctcca tccctcacct 180
 tcctccactc taagggatat caacactgcc cagcacaggg gccctgaatt tatgtgggtt 240
 ttatatattt ttttaataaga tgcactttat gtcatttttt aataaagtct gaagaattac 300
 tgttt 305

<210> 67
 <211> 385
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 67
 actacacaca ctccacttgc ccttgtagaga cactttgtcc cagcacttta ggaatgctga 60
 ggtcggacca gccacatctc atgtgcaaga ttgccagca gacatcaggc ctgagagtgc 120
 cccttttaaa aaaggggact tgcttaaaaa agaagtctag ccacgattgt gtagagcagc 180
 tgtgctgtgc tggagattca cttttgagag agttctcctc tgagacctga tcttttagagg 240
 ctggggcagtc ttgcacatga gatggggctg gtctgatctc agcactcctt agtctgcttg 300
 cctctcccag ggccccagcc tggccacacc tgcttacagg gcactctcag atgcccatac 360
 catagtttct gtgctagtgg accgt 385

<210> 68
 <211> 73
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 68
 acttaaccag atatattttt accccagatg gggatattct ttgtaaaaaa tgaaaataaa 60
 gtttttttaa tgg 73

<210> 69
 <211> 536
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(536)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 69
 actagtcacg tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttggggggctc tcaccctcct ctccctgcagc 60
 tccagctttg tgctctgcct ctgaggagac catggcccg catctgagta ccctgctgct 120
 cctgctggcc accctagctg tggccctggc ctggagcccc aaggaggagg ataggataat 180
 cccgggtggc atctataacg cagacctcaa tgatgagtgg gtacagcgtg cccttcactt 240
 cgccatcagc gagtataaca aggccaccaa agatgactac tacagacgtc cgctgcgggt 300
 actaagagcc aggcacacaga ccgttggggg ggtgaattac ttcttcgacg tagagggtggg 360
 ccgaaccata tgtaccaagt cccagcccaa ctgggacacc tgtgccttcc atgaacagcc 420
 agaactgcag aagaaacagt tgtgctcttt cgagatctac gaagtccct ggggagaaca 480
 gaangtcctt ggggtgaaatc caggtgtcaa gaaatcctan ggatctgttg ccaggc 536

<210> 70
 <211> 477
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien
 <400> 70

atgaccccta acagggggccc tctcagccct cctaattgacc tccggcctag ccatgtgatt 60
 tcacttccac tccataacgc tcttcatact aggcctacta accaacacac taaccatata 120
 ccaatgatgg cgcgatgtaa cagcagaaaag cacataccaa ggccaccaca caccacctgt 180
 ccaaaaaggc cttcgatacg ggataatcct atttattacc tcagaagttt ttttcttcgc 240
 agggattttt ctgagccttt taccactcca gcctagcccc taccrcccaa ctaggagggc 300
 actggccccc aacaggcacc accccgctaa atcccctaga agtcccactc ctaaacacat 360
 ccgtattact cgcacagga gtatcaatca cctgagctca ccatagtcta atagaaaaca 420
 accgaaacca aattattcaa agcactgctt attacaattt tactgggtct ctatttt 477

<210> 71
 <211> 533
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(533)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 71
 agagctatag gtacagtgtg atctcagctt tgcaaacaca ttttctacat agatagtact 60
 aggtattaat agatatgtaa agaaagaaat cacaccatta ataatggtaa gattgggtta 120
 tgtgatttta gtggattttt tggcaccctt atatatgttt tccaaacttt cagcagtgat 180
 attatttcca taacttaaaa agtgagtttg aaaaagaaaa tctccagcaa gcattctcatt 240
 taaaaaaagg tttgtcatct ttaaaaatac agcaatatgt gactttttta aaaagctgtc 300
 aaatagggtgt gaccctacta ataattatta gaaatacatt taaaaacatc gagtacctca 360
 agtcagtttg ccttgaaaaa tatcaaatat aactcttaga gaaatgtaca taaaagaatg 420
 cttcgtaat ttggagtang aggttccctc ctcaattttg tattttttaa aagtacatgg 480
 taaaaaaaaa aattcacaac agtatataag gctgtaaaat gaagaattct gcc 533

<210> 72
 <211> 511
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(511)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 72
 tattacggaa aaacacacca cataattcaa ctancaaaga anactgcttc agggcggtgta 60
 aaatgaaagg cttccaggca gttatctgat taaagaacac taaaagaggg acaaggctaa 120
 aagccgcagg atgtctacac tatancaggc gctatttggg ttggctggag gagctgtgga 180
 aaacatggan agattgggtgc tgganctgc cgtggctatt cctcattgtt attacanaagt 240
 gaggttctct gtgtgcccac tggtttgaac accgttctnc aataatgata gaatagtaca 300
 cacatgagaa ctgaaatggc ccaaaccagc aaagaaagcc caactagatc ctgagaanac 360
 gcttctaggg acaataaccg atgaagaaaa gatggcctcc ttgtgcccc gtctgttatg 420
 atttctctcc attgcagcna naaaccggtt cttctaagca aacncagggtg atgatggcna 480
 aaatacaccc cctcttgaag naccnggagg a 511

<210> 73
 <211> 499
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(499)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 73
 cagtgcagc actggtgcca gtaccagtac caataacagt gccagtgcca gtgccagcac 60
 cagtgggtggc ttcagtgtct gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctcacatttg ggctctctgc 120
 tggccttggt ggagctggtg ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta 180
 caagtgaagt tttagatatt gttaatcctg ccagtcttct tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac 240
 ctgagaaacc tactcaacac agcactctag gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca 300
 ctctgcatta aatctatttg ccatttctga aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaggc cggccgctcg 360
 antctagagg gcccggttaa acccgctgat cagcctcgac tgtgccttct anttgccagc 420
 catctgttgt ttgccctccc cccgntgcct tccttgaccc tggaaagtgc cactccact 480
 gtccttctct aantaaat 499

<210> 74
 <211> 537
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(537)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 74
 tttcatagga gaacacactg aggagatact tgaagaattt ggattcagcc gcgaagagat 60

```

ttatcagctt aactcagata aaatcattga aagtaataag gtaaaagcta gtctctaact 120
tccaggccca cggctcaagt gaatttgaat actgcattta cagtgtagag taacacataa 180
cattgtatgc atggaaacat ggaggaacag tattacagtg tcctaccact ctaatcaaga 240
aaagaattac agactctgat tctacagtga tgattgaatt ctaaaaatgg taatcattag 300
ggcttttgat ttataanact ttgggtactt atactaaatt atggtagtta tactgccttc 360
cagtttgctt gatataattg ttgatattaa gattcttgac ttatatattg aatgggttct 420
actgaaaaan gaatgatata ttcttgaaga catcgatata catttattta cactcttgat 480
tctacaatgt agaaaatgaa ggaaatgccc caaattgtat ggtgataaaa gtcccgct 537

```

<210> 75

<211> 467

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(467)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 75

```

caaanacaat tgttcaaaag atgcaaatga tacactactg ctgcagctca caaacacctc 60
tgcatattac acgtacctcc tcctgtctct caagtagtgt ggtctatatt gccatcatca 120
cctgctgtct gcttagaaga acggctttct gctgcaangg agagaaatca taacagacgg 180
tggcacaagg aggccatctt ttctcctcgc gttattgtcc ctagaagcgt cttctgagga 240
tctagtgggg ctttctttct gggtttgggc catttcantt ctcagtgtgt tactattcta 300
tcattattgt ataacgggtt tcaaaccngt gggcacncag agaacctcac tctgtaataa 360
caatgaggaa tagccacggg gatctccagc accaaatctc tccatgttnt tccagagctc 420
ctccagccaa cccaaatagc cgctgctatn gtgtagaaca tccttgn 467

```

<210> 76

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(400)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 76

```

aagctgacag cattcggggc gagatgtctc gctccgtggc cttagctgtg ctgcgcctac 60
tctctctttc tggcctggag gctatccagc gtactccaaa gattcagggt tactcacgtc 120
atccagcaga gaatggaaa tcaaatttcc tgaattgcta tgtgtctggg tttcatccat 180
ccgacattga agttgactta ctgaagaatg gagagagaat tgaaaaagt gagcattcag 240
acttgctctt cagcaaggac tggctcttct atctcttgta ctacactgaa ttcaccccca 300
ctgaaaaaga tgagtatgcc tgccgtgtga accatgtgac tttgtcacag cccaagatng 360
ttnagtggga tcganacatg taagcagcan catgggaggt 400

```

<210> 77

<211> 248

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 77

```

ctggagtgcc ttggtgtttc aagcccctgc aggaagcaga atgcaccttc tgaggcacct 60

```

```

ccagctgccc cggcggggga tgcgaggctc ggagcaccct tgcccggctg tgattgctgc    120
caggcactgt tcatctcagc tttctgtcc ctttgctccc ggcaagcgt tctgctgaaa    180
gttcatatct ggagcctgat gtcttaacga ataaagggtcc catgctccac ccgaaaaaaaa    240
aaaaaaaaa                                     248

```

```

<210> 78
<211> 201
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 78
actagtcacag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggcccac cacaatggct acctttaaca    60
tcacccagac ccgcacctgc ccgtgcccac cgctgctgct aacgacagta tgatgcttac    120
tctgctactc ggaaactatt tttatgtaat taatgtatgc tttctgttt ataaatgcct    180
gatttaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a                                     201

```

```

<210> 79
<211> 552
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (552)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 79
tccttttgtt aggtttttga gacaacccta gacctaaact gtgtcacaga cttctgaatg    60
tttaggcagt gctagtaatt tcctcgtaat gattctgtta ttactttcct attctttact    120
cctctttctt ctgaagatta atgaagttga aaattgaggt ggataaatac aaaaaggtag    180
tgtgatagta taagtatcta agtgcagatg aaagtgtgtt atatatatcc attcaaaatt    240
atgcaagtta gtaattactc agggttaact aaattacttt aatatgctgt tgaacctact    300
ctgttccttg gctagaaaaa attataaaca ggactttgtt agtttgggaa gccaaattga    360
taatattcta tgttctaaaa gttgggctat acataaanta tnaagaaata tggaatttta    420
ttcccaggaa tatgggggtc atttatgaat antacccggg anagaagttt tgantnaaac    480
cngttttggt taatacgtta atatgtcctn aatnaacaag gcntgactta tttccaaaaa    540
aaaaaaaaa aa                                     552

```

```

<210> 80
<211> 476
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (476)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 80
acagggattt gagatgctaa ggccccagag atcgtttgat ccaaccctct tattttcaga    60
ggggaaaatg gggcctagaa gttacagagc atctagctgg tgcgctggca ccctggcct    120
cacacagact ccgagtagc tgggactaca ggcacacagt cactgaagca ggccctgttt    180
gcaattcacg ttgccacctc caacttaaac attcttcata tgtgatgtcc ttagtcaacta    240
agggtaaact ttcccaccca gaaaaggcaa cttagataaa atcttagagt accttcatac    300
tcttctaagt cctcttcag cctcactttg agtctctctt gggggttgat aggaantntc    360

```



```
tcttggcttt ctcaataaaa tctctatcca tctcatgttt aatttggtac gcntaaaaat 420
gctgaaaaaa ttaaaatggt ctggtttcnc tttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 476
```

<210> 81

<211> 232

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(232)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 81

```
tttttttttg tatgcentcn ctgtgnggtt attgttgctg ccaccttga ggagcccagt 60
ttctctcgtc tctttctttt ctggggggtc ttcttggtc tgccctcca tttccagcct 120
ctcatcccca tcttgcaatt ttgctagggt tggaggcgt ttcttggtg cccctcagag 180
actcagtcag cgggaataag tcttaggggt ggggggtgtg gcaagccggc ct 232
```

<210> 82

<211> 383

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(383)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 82

```
aggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactggtgcc 60
agtaccagta ccaataacat gccagtcca gtgccagcac cagtgggtggc ttcagtgtg 120
gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctacatttg ggctcttcgc tggccttggg ggagctggtg 180
ccagcaccag tggcagctct gtgcctgtg gttctccta caagtgagat tttagatatt 240
gttaatcctg ccagtccttc tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac ctccagaaac tactcaacac 300
agcactctng gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca ctctgcatta aatctatttg 360
ccatttcaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaa 383
```

<210> 83

<211> 494

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(494)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 83

```
accgaattgg gaccgctggc ttataagcga tcatgtcctc cagtattacc tcaacgagca 60
gggagatcga gtctatacgc tgaagaaatt tgaccgatg ggacaacaga cctgctcagc 120
ccatcctgct cggttctccc cagatgacaa atactctcga caccgaatca ccatcaagaa 180
acgcttcaag gtgctcatga cccagcaacc gcgcctgtc ctctgagggg ccttaaaactg 240
atgtcttttc tgccacctgt taccctcgg agactccgta accaaactct tcggactgtg 300
agccctgatg cctttttgcc agccatactc tttggcntcc agtctctcgt ggcgattgat 360
```

```

tatgcttggtg tgaggcaatc atggtggcat cacccatnaa gggaacacat ttganttttt 420
tttcncatat tttaaattac naccagaata nttcagaata aatgaattga aaaactctta 480
aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 494

```

<210> 84

<211> 380

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(380)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 84

```

gctggtagcc tatggcgtgg ccacggangg gctcctgagg cacgggacag tgacttccca 60
agtatcctgc gccgcgtctt ctaccgtccc tacctgcaga tcttcgggca gattccccag 120
gaggacatgg acgtggccct catggagcac agcaactgct cgtcggagcc cggcttctgg 180
gcacaccctc ctggggccca ggccggcacc tgcgtctccc agtatgccaa ctggctgggtg 240
gtgctgctcc tcgtcatctt cctgctcgtg gccaacatcc tgctgggtcac ttgctcattg 300
ccatgttcag ttacacattc ggcaaagtac agggcaacag cnatctctac tgggaaggcc 360
agcgttnccg cctcatccgg 380

```

<210> 85

<211> 481

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(481)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 85

```

gagttagctc ctccacaacc ttgatgaggt cgtctgcagt ggctctcgc ttcataaccgc 60
tnccatcgtc atactgtagg ttgcccacca cctcctgcat cttggggcgg ctaatatcca 120
ggaaactctc aatcaagtca ccgtcnatna aacctgtggc tggttctgtc ttccgctcgg 180
tgtgaaagga tctccagaag gagtgtctga tcttccccac acttttgatg actttattga 240
gtcgattctg catgtccagc aggaggttgt accagctctc tgacagttag gtcaccagcc 300
ctatcatgcc nttgaacgtg ccgaagaaca ccgagccttg tgtggggggg gnagtctcac 360
ccagattctg cattaccaga nagccgtggc aaaaganatt gacaactcgc ccaggnngaa 420
aaagaacacc tcctggaagt gctngccgct cctcgtccnt tggtggnngc gcntnccctt 480
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<210> 86

<211> 472

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(472)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 86

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aacatcttcc tgtataatgc tgtgtaatat cgatccgatn ttgtctgctg agaattcatt      60
acttggaata gcaacttnaa gcctggacac tggattataa attcacaata tgcaacactt      120
taaacagtgt gtcaatctgc tcccttactt tgtcatcacc agtctgggaa taagggtatg      180
ccctaattcac acctgttaaa agggcgctaa gcatttttga ttcaacatct ttttttttga      240
cacaagtccg aaaaaagcaa aagtaaacag ttnttaattt gttagccaat tcactttctt      300
catgggacag agccatttga tttaaaaagc aaattgcata atattgagct ttgggagctg      360
atatntgagc ggaagantag cctttctact tcaccagaca caactccttt catattggga      420
tgttnacnaa agttatgtct cttacagatg ggatgctttt gtggcaattc tg              472

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<210> 87

<211> 413

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(413)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 87

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agaaaccagt atctctnaaa acaacctctc ataccttgtg gacctaatth tgtgtgctg      60
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cctcttttgtt atctatatct gtgaaagtth taatgatctg ccataatgtc ttggggacct      180
ttgtcttctg tgtaaatggt actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagttngt      240
tttattcgac atgaaggaaa tttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc cttgactagg      300
ggggacaaaag aaaagcnaaa ctgaacatna gaaacaatth cctgggtgaga aattncataa      360
acagaaattg ggtngtatat tgaaanannn catcattnaa acgttttttt ttt              413

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<210> 88

<211> 448

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(448)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 88

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cgcagcgggt cctctctatc tagctccagc ctctcgcttg cccactccc cgcgtccgc      60
gtcctagccn accatggcgc ggccccctgc cgccccctgc ctctgctgg ccactctggc      120
cgtggccctg gccgtgagcc ccgcggccgc ctccagctcc ggcaagccgc cgcgcctggt      180
gggaggccca tggacccgc gtggaagaag aagggtgtgc gcgtgcactg gactttgccg      240
tcggcnanta caacaaacc gcaacnactt ttaccnagcn cgcgctgcag gttgtgccgc      300
cccaancaaa ttgttactng gggttaantaa ttcttggaa ttgaacctgg gccaaacnng      360
tttaccagaa ccnagccaat tngaacaatt nccccctcat aacagccctt tttaaaaagg      420
gaancantcc tgnctctttc caaattht              448

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<210> 89

<211> 463

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(463)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 89

gaattttgtg cactggccac tgtgatggaa ccattggggc aggatgcttt gagtttatca	60
gtagtgattc tgccaaagt ggtgttgtaa catgagtatg taaaatgtca aaaaatttagc	120
agaggtctag gtctgcatat cagcagacag ttgtccgtg tattttgtag ccttgaagtt	180
ctcagtgaca agttntttct gatgcgaagt tctnattcca gtgttttagt cctttgcac	240
tttnatgtn agacttgccct ctntnaaatt gcttttgnnt tctgcaggta ctatctgtgg	300
tttaacaaaa tagaannact tctctgcttn gaanatttga atatcttaca tctnaaaatn	360
aattctctcc ccatannaaa acccangccc ttggganaat ttgaaaaang gntccttcnn	420
aattcnnana anttcagntn tcatacaaca naacngganc ccc	463

<210> 90

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(400)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 90

agggattgaa ggtctnttnt actgtcggac tgttcancca ccaactctac aagttgctgt	60
cttccactca ctgtctgtaa gcntnttaac ccagactgta tcttcataaa tagaacaaat	120
tcttcaccag tcacatcttc taggaccttt ttggattcag ttagtataag ctcttccact	180
tcctttgtta agacttcac tcggtaaagtc ttaagttttg tagaaaggaa ttttaattgct	240
cgttctctaa caatgtcctc tccttgaagt atttggtgga acaaccacc tnaagtcctt	300
ttgtgcatcc attttaaata tacttaatag ggcattggtt cactagggtt aattctgcaa	360
gagtcactctg tctgcaaaaag ttgcgttagt atatctgcca	400

<210> 91

<211> 480

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(480)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 91

gagctcggat ccaataatct ttgtctgagg gcagcacaca tatncagtgc catggnaact	60
ggtctacccc acatgggagc agcatgccgt agntatataa ggtcattccc tgagtcagac	120
atgcctcttt gactaccgtg tgccagtgtt ggtgattctc acacacctcc nccgctctt	180
tgtggaaaaa ctggcacttg nctggaaacta gcaagacatc acttacaaat tcaccacga	240
gacacttgaa aggtgtaaca aagcgactct tgcattgctt tttgtccctc cggcaccagt	300
tgtcaatact aaccgctgg tttgcctcca tcacatttgt gatctgtagc tctggataca	360
tctcctgaca gtactgaaga acttcttctt ttgtttcaaa agcaactctt ggtgcctgtt	420
ngatcagggt cccatttccc agtccgaatg ttcacatggc atatnttact tcccacaaaa	480

<210> 92

<211> 477

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(477)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 92

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gggtcccgctg	tagccccagc	gactctccac	ctgctggaag	cggttgatgc	tgcactcctt	120
cccacgcagg	cagcagcggg	gccggtcaat	gaactccact	cgtggcttgg	ggttgacggg	180
taantgcagg	aagaggctga	ccacctcgcg	gtccaccagg	atgcccgact	gtgcgggacc	240
tgcagcgaaa	ctcctcgatg	gtcatgagcg	ggaagcgaat	gangcccagg	gccttgccca	300
gaaccttccg	cctgttctct	ggcgtaacct	gcagctgctg	ccgctnacac	tcggcctcgg	360
accagcggac	aaacggcggt	gaacagccgc	acctcacgga	tgccantgtg	gtcgcgctcc	420
aggaacggcn	ccagcgtgtc	caggtcaatg	tcggtgaanc	ctccgcgggt	aatggcg	477

<210> 93

<211> 377

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(377)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 93

gaacggctgg	accttgctc	gcattgtgct	gctggcagga	ataccttggc	aagcagctcc	60
agtccgagca	gccccagacc	gctgccgccc	gaagctaagc	ctgcctctgg	ccttccccctc	120
cgcttcaatg	cagaaccant	agtgggagca	ctgtgttttag	agttaagagt	gaacactgtg	180
tgattttact	tgggaatttc	ctctgttata	tagcttttcc	caatgcta	ttccaaacaa	240
caacaacaaa	ataacatgtt	tgctgttna	gttgataaaa	agtangtgat	tctgtatnta	300
aagaaaatat	tactgttaca	tatactgctt	gcaanttctg	tatttattgg	tnctctggaa	360
ataaatatat	tattaaa					377

<210> 94

<211> 495

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(495)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 94

ccctttgagg	ggttagggc	cagttcccag	tggaagaaac	aggccaggag	aantgcgtgc	60
cgagctgang	cagatttccc	acagtgacct	cagagccctg	ggctatagtc	tctgacctct	120
ccaaggaaaag	accaccttct	ggggacatgg	gctggagggc	aggacctaga	ggcaccaagg	180
gaaggcccca	ttccggggct	gttccccgag	gaggaaggga	aggggctctg	tgtgcccccc	240
acgaggaana	ggccctgant	cctgggatca	nacaccctt	cacgtgtatc	cccacacaaa	300
tgcaagctca	ccaaggctcc	ctctcagtcc	cttccctaca	ccctgaacgg	ncactggccc	360
acaccacccc	agancancca	cccgccatgg	ggaatgttct	caaggaaatcg	cngggcaacg	420
tggactctng	tcccnnaagg	gggcagaatc	tccaatagan	gganngaacc	cttgcctnana	480

aaaaaaaaana aaaaa

495

<210> 95

<211> 472

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(472)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 95

ggttacttgg	tttcattgcc	accacttagt	ggatgtcatt	tagaaccatt	ttgtctgctc	60
cctctggaag	ccttgccgag	agcggacttt	gtaattgttg	gagaataact	gctgaatttt	120
tagctgtttt	gagttgattc	gcaccactgc	accacaactc	aatatgaaaa	ctatttnact	180
tattttattat	cttgtgaaaa	gtatacaatg	aaaattttgt	tcatactgta	tttatcaagt	240
atgatgaaaa	gcaatagata	tatattcttt	tattatgttn	aattatgatt	gccattatta	300
atcggaacaaa	tgtggagtgt	atgttctttt	cacagtaata	tatgcctttt	gtaacttcac	360
ttgggtattt	tattgtaaat	gaattacaaa	attcttaatt	taagaaaatg	gtangttata	420
tttatttcana	taatttcttt	ccttgtttac	gttaattttg	aaaagaatgc	at	472

<210> 96

<211> 476

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(476)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 96

ctgaagcatt	tcttcaaaact	tntctacttt	tgtcattgat	acctgtagta	agttgacaat	60
gtgggtgaaat	ttcaaaaatta	tatgtaactt	ctactagttt	tactttctcc	cccaagtctt	120
ttttaactca	tgattttttac	acacacaatc	cagaacttat	tatatagcct	ctaagtcttt	180
attcttcaca	gtagatgatg	aaagagtctt	ccagtgtctt	gngcanaatg	ttctagntat	240
agctggatac	atacngtggg	agttctataa	actcatacct	cagtgggact	naacccaaat	300
tgtgttagtc	tcaattccta	ccacactgag	ggagcctccc	aaatcactat	attcttatct	360
gcaggtactc	ctccagaaaa	acngacaggg	caggcttgca	tgaaaaagtn	acatctgcgt	420
tacaaagtct	atcttctctca	nangtctgtn	aaggaacaat	ttaattctct	agcttt	476

<210> 97

<211> 479

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(479)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 97

actctttcta	atgctgatat	gatcttgagt	ataagaatgc	atatgtcact	agaatggata	60
aaataatgct	gcaacttaa	tgttcttatg	caaaatggaa	cgctaataga	acacagctta	120

caatcgcaaa	tcaaaactca	caagtgtctca	tctgtttag	atttagtgta	ataagactta	180
gattgtgctc	cttcggatat	gattgtttct	canatcttgg	gcaatnttcc	ttagtcaa	240
caggctacta	gaattctgtt	attggatatn	tgagagcatg	aaatttttaa	naatacactt	300
gtgattatna	aattaatcac	aaatttcaact	tatacctgct	atcagcagct	agaaaaacat	360
ntnnttttta	natcaaagta	ttttgtgttt	ggaantgtnn	aaatgaaatc	tgaatgtggg	420
ttcnatctta	ttttttccn	gacnactant	tnctttttta	gggnctattc	tganccatc	479

<210> 98
 <211> 461
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 98						
agtgacttgt	cctccaacaa	aacccttga	tcaagtttgt	ggcactgaca	atcagacctta	60
tgctagtctc	tgtcatctat	tcgtactaa	atgcagactg	gaggggacca	aaaaggggca	120
tcaactccag	ctggattatt	ttggagcctg	caaattctatt	cctacttgta	cggactttga	180
agtgattcag	tttctctac	ggatgagaga	ctggctcaag	aatactctca	tgcagcttta	240
tgaagccact	ctgaacacgc	tggttatcta	gatgagaaca	gagaaataaa	gtcagaaaat	300
ttacctggag	aaaagaggct	ttggctgggg	accatcccat	tgaaccttct	cttaaggact	360
ttaagaaaaa	ctaccacatg	ttgtgtatcc	tgggtgccggc	cgtttatgaa	ctgaccaccc	420
tttgaataaa	tcttgacgc	cctgaacttg	ctcctctgcg	a		461

<210> 99
 <211> 171
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 99						
gtggcgcg	gcaggtgttt	cctcgtaccg	cagggccccc	tcccttcccc	aggcgctccct	60
cggcgccct	gcggggccga	ggaggagcgg	ctggcggtg	gggggagtgt	gacccaccct	120
cggtgagaaa	agccttctct	agcgatctga	gaggcggtgc	ttgggggtac	c	171

<210> 100
 <211> 269
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 100						
cggccgcaag	tgcaactcca	gctggggccg	tgcgagacgaa	gattctgccca	gcagttggtc	60
cgactgcgac	gacggcgccg	gcgacagtcg	caggtgcagc	gcgggcgcct	ggggtcttgc	120
aaggctgagc	tgacgccgca	gaggtcgtgt	cacgtccac	gaccttgacg	ccgtcgggga	180
cagccggaac	agagcccgt	gaagcgggag	gcctcgggga	gcccctcggg	aagggcgggc	240
cgagagatac	gcaggtgcag	gtggccgcc				269

<210> 101
 <211> 405
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 101						
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gctagcaagg	taacagggtta	gggcatgggt	acatgttcag	gtcaacttcc	tttgcgtgg	120
ttgattgggt	tgtctttatg	ggggcggggt	ggggtagggg	aaacgaagca	aataacatgg	180
agtgggtgca	ccctccctgt	agaacctggt	tacaaagctt	ggggcagttc	acctgggtctg	240
tgaccgtcat	tttcttgaca	tcaatgttat	tagaagtcag	gatattcttt	agagagtcca	300

ctgtttctgga gggagattag ggtttcttgc caaatccaac aaaatccact gaaaaagttg 360
gatgatcagt acgaataccg aggcatattc tcatatcggt ggcca 405

<210> 102
<211> 470
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 102
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ggcacttaat ccatttttat ttcaaaatgt ctacaaattt aatcccatta tacggtattt 120
tcaaaatcta aattattcaa attagccaaa tccttaccaa ataataccca aaaatcaaaa 180
atatacttct ttcagcaaac ttgttacata aattaaaaaa atatatacgg ctggtgtttt 240
caaagtacaa ttatcttaac actgcaaaaca ttttaaggaa ctaaaataaa aaaaaacact 300
ccgcaaaggt taaagggaac aacaaattct tttacaacac cattataaaa atcatatctc 360
aaatcttagg ggaatatata cttcacacgg gatcttaact tttactcact ttgtttattt 420
ttttaaacca ttgtttgggc ccaacacaat ggaatccccc ctggactagt 470

<210> 103
<211> 581
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 103
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tacacatatt tattttataa ttggtattag atattcaaaa ggcagctttt aaaatcaaac 120
taaatggaaa ctgccttaga tacataattc ttaggaatta gcttaaaatc tgcctaaagt 180
gaaaatcttc tctagctctt ttgactgtaa atttttgact cttgtaaaac atccaaattc 240
atttttcttg tctttaaaat tatctaattc ttccattttt tccctattcc aagtcaattt 300
gcttctctag cctcatttcc tagctcttat ctactattag taagtggctt ttttcctaaa 360
agggaataca ggaagagaaa tggcacacaa aacaaacatt ttatattcat atttctacct 420
acgttaataa aatagcattt tgtgaagcca gctcaaaaga aggcttagat ccttttatgt 480
ccattttagt cactaaacga tatcaaagtg ccagaatgca aaagggttgt gaacatttat 540
tcaaaagcta atataagata tttcacatac tcatctttct g 581

<210> 104
<211> 578
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 104
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cactctctag atagggcatg aagaaaactc atctttccag ctttaaaata acaatcaaat 120
ctcttatgct atatcatatt ttaagttaaa ctaatgagtc actggcttat cttctcctga 180
aggaaatctg ttcattcttc tcattcatat agttatatca agtactacct tgcataattga 240
gagggttttc ttctctattt acacatatat ttccatgtga atttgtatca aacctttatt 300
ttcatgcaaa ctagaaaata atgtttcttt tgcataagag aagagaacaa tatagcatta 360
caaaactgct caaattgttt gttaagtatt ccattataat tagttggcag gagctaatac 420
aaatcacatt tacgacagca ataataaac tgaagtacca gttaaatatc caaaataatt 480
aaaggaacat ttttagcctg ggtataatta gctaattcac tttacaagca tttattagaa 540
tgaattcaca tgttattatt cctagcccaa cacaatgg 578

<210> 105
<211> 538
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 105

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gaaaagtgcc	ttacatttaa	taaaagtttg	tttctcaaag	tgatcagagg	aattagatat	120
gtcttgaaca	ccaatattaa	tttgaggaaa	atacaccaaa	atacattaag	taaattattt	180
aagatcatag	agcttgtaag	tgaaaagata	aaatttgacc	tcagaaactc	tgagcattaa	240
aaatccacta	ttagcaaata	aattactatg	gacttcttgc	tttaattttg	tgatgaatat	300
ggggtgtcac	tggtaaacca	acacattctg	aaggatacat	tacttagtga	tagattctta	360
tgacttttgc	taatacgtgg	atatgagttg	acaagtttct	ctttcttcaa	tcctttaagg	420
ggcgagaaat	gaggaagaaa	agaaaaggat	tacgcatact	gttctttcta	tggaaggatt	480
agatatgttt	cctttgccaa	tattaaaaaa	ataataatgt	ttactactag	tgaaaccc	538

<210> 106

<211> 473

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 106

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atttattagc	tctgcaactt	acatatttaa	attaaagaaa	cgttttagac	aactgtacaa	120
tttataaatg	taagggtgcca	ttattgagta	atatattcct	ccaagagtgg	atgtgtccct	180
tctcccacca	actaatgaac	agcaacatta	gtttaatttt	attagtagat	atacactgct	240
gcaaacgcta	attctcttct	ccatcccat	gtgatattgt	gtatatgtgt	gagttggtag	300
aatgcatcac	aatctacaat	caacagcaag	atgaagctag	gctgggcttt	cggtgaaaat	360
agactgtgtc	tgtctgaatc	aaatgatctg	acctatcttc	ggtggcaaga	actcttcgaa	420
ccgcttcttc	aaaggcgctg	ccacatttgt	ggctctttgc	acttgttcca	aaa	473

<210> 107

<211> 1621

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 107

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ctgtgctatg	gtcctggctg	acttcggggc	gcgtgtggta	cgcgtggacc	ggcccggctc	120
ccgctacgac	gtgagccgct	tgggcccggg	caagcgctcg	ctagtgtctg	acctgaagca	180
gccgcgggga	gccgcgctgc	tgcggcgtct	gtgcaagcgg	tcggatgtgc	tgctggagcc	240
cttcgcgcgc	ggtgtcatgg	agaaaactcca	gctgggcccc	gagattctgc	agcgggaaaa	300
tccaaggctt	atttatgcca	ggctgagtgg	atttggccag	tcaggaagct	tctgccgggt	360
agctggccac	gatatcaact	atttggcttt	gtcaggtgtt	ctctcaaaaa	ttggcagaag	420
tggtgagaat	ccgtatgcc	cgtgaatct	cctggctgac	tttctgtgtg	gtggccttat	480
gtgtgactg	ggcattataa	tggctctttt	tgaccgcaca	cgcactgaca	agggtcaggt	540
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gagcatggat	gattggccag	aaatgaagaa	gaagtttgca	gatgtatttg	caaagaagac	840
gaaggcagag	tgggtgtcaa	tctttgacgg	cacagatgcc	tgtgtgactc	cggttctgac	900
ttttgaggag	gttgttcata	atgacacaaa	caaggaacgg	ggctcgttta	tcaccagtga	960
ggagcaggac	gtgagcccc	gccctgcacc	tctgtctgta	aacacccag	ccatcccttc	1020
tttcaaaagg	gaccttttca	taggagaaca	cactgaggag	atacttgaag	aatttggatt	1080
cagccgcgaa	gagatttatc	agcttaactc	agataaaatc	attgaaagta	ataaggtaaa	1140
agctagtctc	taacttcag	gccacgggt	caagtgaatt	tgaatactgc	atctacagtg	1200
tagagtaaca	cataacattg	tatgcatgga	aacatggagg	aacagtatta	cagtgtccta	1260

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ccactctaatt caagaaaaga attacagact ctgattctac agtgatgatt gaattctaaa 1320
aatgggtatc attagggctt ttgatttata aaactttggg tacttatact aaattatggg 1380
agttattctg ccttccagtt tgcttgatat atttgttgat attaagattc ttgacttata 1440
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atttacactc ttgattctac aatgtagaaa atgaggaaat gccacaaatt gtatggtgat 1560
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a 1621

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<210> 108

<211> 382

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 108

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Met Ala Leu Gln Gly Ile Ser Val Met Glu Leu Ser Gly Leu Ala Pro
1      5      10      15
Gly Pro Phe Cys Ala Met Val Leu Ala Asp Phe Gly Ala Arg Val Val
20     25     30
Arg Val Asp Arg Pro Gly Ser Arg Tyr Asp Val Ser Arg Leu Gly Arg
35     40     45
Gly Lys Arg Ser Leu Val Leu Asp Leu Lys Gln Pro Arg Gly Ala Ala
50     55     60
Val Leu Arg Arg Leu Cys Lys Arg Ser Asp Val Leu Leu Glu Pro Phe
65     70     75     80
Arg Arg Gly Val Met Glu Lys Leu Gln Leu Gly Pro Glu Ile Leu Gln
85     90     95
Arg Glu Asn Pro Arg Leu Ile Tyr Ala Arg Leu Ser Gly Phe Gly Gln
100    105    110
Ser Gly Ser Phe Cys Arg Leu Ala Gly His Asp Ile Asn Tyr Leu Ala
115    120    125
Leu Ser Gly Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Asn Pro Tyr
130    135    140
Ala Pro Leu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asp Phe Ala Gly Gly Gly Leu Met Cys
145    150    155    160
Ala Leu Gly Ile Ile Met Ala Leu Phe Asp Arg Thr Arg Thr Asp Lys
165    170    175
Gly Gln Val Ile Asp Ala Asn Met Val Glu Gly Thr Ala Tyr Leu Ser
180    185    190
Ser Phe Leu Trp Lys Thr Gln Lys Ser Ser Leu Trp Glu Ala Pro Arg
195    200    205
Gly Gln Asn Met Leu Asp Gly Gly Ala Pro Phe Tyr Thr Thr Tyr Arg
210    215    220
Thr Ala Asp Gly Glu Phe Met Ala Val Gly Ala Ile Glu Pro Gln Phe
225    230    235    240
Tyr Glu Leu Leu Ile Lys Gly Leu Gly Leu Lys Ser Asp Glu Leu Pro
245    250    255
Asn Gln Met Ser Met Asp Asp Trp Pro Glu Met Lys Lys Lys Phe Ala
260    265    270
Asp Val Phe Ala Lys Lys Thr Lys Ala Glu Trp Cys Gln Ile Phe Asp
275    280    285
Gly Thr Asp Ala Cys Val Thr Pro Val Leu Thr Phe Glu Glu Val Val
290    295    300
His His Asp His Asn Lys Glu Arg Gly Ser Phe Ile Thr Ser Glu Glu
305    310    315    320
Gln Asp Val Ser Pro Arg Pro Ala Pro Leu Leu Leu Asn Thr Pro Ala

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          325          330          335
Ile Pro Ser Phe Lys Arg Asp Pro Phe Ile Gly Glu His Thr Glu Glu
          340          345          350
Ile Leu Glu Glu Phe Gly Phe Ser Arg Glu Glu Ile Tyr Gln Leu Asn
          355          360          365
Ser Asp Lys Ile Ile Glu Ser Asn Lys Val Lys Ala Ser Leu
          370          375          380

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<210> 109

<211> 1524

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 109

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cagtgcgacc tagtggctct cactgcttc ctctgggcg tgggctgccc gctgaccccg 180
ggtttgtacc acctgggccc cactgtcctc tgcacgact tcatggtttt cacggtgcgg 240
ctgcttcaca tcttcacggg caacaaacag ctggggccca agatcgtcac cgtgagcaag 300
atgatgaagg acgtgttctt ctctctcttc ttctcggcg tgtggctggg agcctatggc 360
gtggccacgg aggggctcct gaggccacgg gacagtgaat tcccaagtat cctgcgcccgc 420
gtcttctacc gtccctacct gcagatcttc gggcagattc cccaggagga catggacgtg 480
gacctcatgg agcacagcaa ctgctcgtcg gagcccggt tctgggcaca cctcctggg 540
gcccaggcgg gcacctgcgt ctcccagtat gccaaactggc tgggtggggt gctcctcgtc 600
atcttctctg tctgtggcca catcctgctg gtcaacttgc tcatggccat gttcagttac 660
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cgctcctctg tcaggcaatt gtgcaggcga ccccgagacc cccagccgtc ctcccgggcc 840
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cagaggaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 1524

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<210> 110

<211> 3410

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 110

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gtgatgagac gtgtcccccac tgaggtgccc cacagcagca ggtgttgagc atgggctgag 120
aagctggacc ggcaccaaag ggtgagcaga aatgggcgcc tggctgattc ctaggcagtt 180
ggcggcagca aggaggagag gccgcagctt ctggagcaga gccgagacga agcagttctg 240
gagtgcctga acggcccccct gagccctacc cgcctggccc actatgggcc agaggctgtg 300
ggtagccgc ctgctgcggc accggaagc ccagctcttg ctggtcaacc tgctaacctt 360
tggcctggag gtgtgtttgg ccgagggcat cacctatgtg ccgcctctgc tgctggaagt 420
gggggtagag gagaagttca tgaccatggt gctgggcatt ggtccagtgc tgggcctggt 480

```

ctgtgtcccg	ctcctaggct	cagccagtga	ccactggcgt	ggacgctatg	gccgccgccg	540
gcccttcac	tgggcactgt	ccttgggcat	cctgctgagc	ctctttctca	tcccaagggc	600
cggctggcta	gcagggtg	tgtgcccga	tcccaggccc	ctggagctgg	cactgctcat	660
cctgggcgtg	gggctgctgg	acttctgtgg	ccagggtgtg	ttcactccac	tggaggccct	720
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gggcacttcg	ctggacctcg	ccatcctgga	tagtgccctc	ctgctgtccc	aggtggcccc	1800
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aaaaaaaaara	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaataa	aaaaaaaaaa		3410

<210> 111

<211> 1289

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 111

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ccatgcagtg	cttcagcttc	attaagacca	tgatgatcct	cttcaatttg	ctcatctttc	180
tgtgtggtgc	agccctgttg	gcagtgggca	tctgggtgtc	aatcgatggg	gcaccccttc	240
tgaagatcct	cgggccactg	tcgtccagtg	ccatgcagtt	tgtcaacgtg	ggctacttcc	300
tcacgcgagc	cggcgttggtg	gtctttgtct	ttggtttcct	gggtgctat	ggtgctaaga	360
ctgagagcaa	gtgtgccctc	gtgacgttct	tcttcaccc	cctcctcacc	ttcattgctg	420
aggttgagc	tgctgtggtc	gccttgggtg	acaccacaat	ggctgagcac	ttcctgacgt	480
tgctggtagt	gcctgccatc	aagaaagatt	atgggttcca	ggaagacttc	actcaagtgt	540
ggaacaccac	catgaaaggg	ctcaagtgtc	gtggcttcac	caactatacg	gattttgagg	600
actcacccta	cttcaaagag	aacagtgcct	ttccccatt	ctgttgcaat	gacaacgtca	660
ccaacacagc	caatgaaacc	tgaccaagc	aaaagggtca	cgaccaaaaa	gtagagggtt	720
gcttcaatca	gcttttgtat	gacatccgaa	ctaattgcagt	caccgtgggt	ggtgtggcag	780
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accctggcaa	gcagcagtg	ttgggggagg	ggacaggatc	taacaatgtc	acttgggcca	960
gaatggacct	gccccctctg	ctccagactt	ggggctagat	agggaccact	ccttttagcg	1020
atgcctgact	ttccttccat	tgggtgggtg	atgggtgggg	ggcattccag	agcctctaag	1080
gtagccagtt	ctgttgccca	ttccccagt	ctattaaacc	cttgatatgc	cccctaggcc	1140
tagtggtgat	cccagtgtc	tactggggga	tgagagaaag	gcattttata	gcctgggcat	1200
aagtgaatc	agcagagcct	ctgggtggat	gtgtagaagg	cacttcaaaa	tgcataaacc	1260
tgttacaatg	ttaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaa				1289

<210> 112

<211> 315

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 112

Met	Val	Phe	Thr	Val	Arg	Leu	Leu	His	Ile	Phe	Thr	Val	Asn	Lys	Gln
1				5					10					15	
Leu	Gly	Pro	Lys	Ile	Val	Ile	Val	Ser	Lys	Met	Met	Lys	Asp	Val	Phe
			20					25					30		
Phe	Phe	Leu	Phe	Phe	Leu	Gly	Val	Trp	Leu	Val	Ala	Tyr	Gly	Val	Ala
		35				40						45			
Thr	Glu	Gly	Leu	Leu	Arg	Pro	Arg	Asp	Ser	Asp	Phe	Pro	Ser	Ile	Leu
	50				55					60					
Arg	Arg	Val	Phe	Tyr	Arg	Pro	Tyr	Leu	Gln	Ile	Phe	Gly	Gln	Ile	Pro
65				70					75					80	
Gln	Glu	Asp	Met	Asp	Val	Ala	Leu	Met	Glu	His	Ser	Asn	Cys	Ser	Ser
			85					90					95		
Glu	Pro	Gly	Phe	Trp	Ala	His	Pro	Pro	Gly	Ala	Gln	Ala	Gly	Thr	Cys
			100				105						110		
Val	Ser	Gln	Tyr	Ala	Asn	Trp	Leu	Val	Val	Leu	Leu	Leu	Val	Ile	Phe
	115				120					125					
Leu	Leu	Val	Ala	Asn	Ile	Leu	Leu	Val	Asn	Leu	Leu	Ile	Ala	Met	Phe
	130				135					140					
Ser	Tyr	Thr	Phe	Gly	Lys	Val	Gln	Gly	Asn	Ser	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Trp	Lys
145				150					155					160	
Ala	Gln	Arg	Tyr	Arg	Leu	Ile	Arg	Glu	Phe	His	Ser	Arg	Pro	Ala	Leu
			165					170					175		
Ala	Pro	Pro	Phe	Ile	Val	Ile	Ser	His	Leu	Arg	Leu	Leu	Leu	Arg	Gln
			180				185					190			
Leu	Cys	Arg	Arg	Pro	Arg	Ser	Pro	Gln	Pro	Ser	Ser	Pro	Ala	Leu	Glu

```

      195              200              205
His Phe Arg Val Tyr Leu Ser Lys Glu Ala Glu Arg Lys Leu Leu Thr
  210              215              220
Trp Glu Ser Val His Lys Glu Asn Phe Leu Leu Ala Arg Ala Arg Asp
  225              230              235              240
Lys Arg Glu Ser Asp Ser Glu Arg Leu Lys Arg Thr Ser Gln Lys Val
      245              250              255
Asp Leu Ala Leu Lys Gln Leu Gly His Ile Arg Glu Tyr Glu Gln Arg
      260              265              270
Leu Lys Val Leu Glu Arg Glu Val Gln Gln Cys Ser Arg Val Leu Gly
      275              280              285
Trp Val Ala Glu Ala Leu Ser Arg Ser Ala Leu Leu Pro Gly Gly
      290              295              300
Pro Pro Pro Pro Asp Leu Pro Gly Ser Lys Asp
  305              310              315

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<210> 113

<211> 553

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 113

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Met Val Gln Arg Leu Trp Val Ser Arg Leu Leu Arg His Arg Lys Ala
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Gln Leu Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Thr Phe Gly Leu Glu Val Cys Leu
      20              25              30
Ala Ala Gly Ile Thr Tyr Val Pro Pro Leu Leu Leu Glu Val Gly Val
      35              40              45
Glu Glu Lys Phe Met Thr Met Val Leu Gly Ile Gly Pro Val Leu Gly
      50              55              60
Leu Val Cys Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Ser Ala Ser Asp His Trp Arg Gly
      65              70              75              80
Arg Tyr Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro Phe Ile Trp Ala Leu Ser Leu Gly Ile
      85              90              95
Leu Leu Ser Leu Phe Leu Ile Pro Arg Ala Gly Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu
      100              105              110
Leu Cys Pro Asp Pro Arg Pro Leu Glu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ile Leu Gly
      115              120              125
Val Gly Leu Leu Asp Phe Cys Gly Gln Val Cys Phe Thr Pro Leu Glu
      130              135              140
Ala Leu Leu Ser Asp Leu Phe Arg Asp Pro Asp His Cys Arg Gln Ala
      145              150              155              160
Tyr Ser Val Tyr Ala Phe Met Ile Ser Leu Gly Gly Cys Leu Gly Tyr
      165              170              175
Leu Leu Pro Ala Ile Asp Trp Asp Thr Ser Ala Leu Ala Pro Tyr Leu
      180              185              190
Gly Thr Gln Glu Glu Cys Leu Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Leu Ile Phe Leu
      195              200              205
Thr Cys Val Ala Ala Thr Leu Leu Val Ala Glu Glu Ala Ala Leu Gly
      210              215              220
Pro Thr Glu Pro Ala Glu Gly Leu Ser Ala Pro Ser Leu Ser Pro His
      225              230              235              240
Cys Cys Pro Cys Arg Ala Arg Leu Ala Phe Arg Asn Leu Gly Ala Leu
      245              250              255
Leu Pro Arg Leu His Gln Leu Cys Cys Arg Met Pro Arg Thr Leu Arg

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```

                260                265                270
Arg Leu Phe Val Ala Glu Leu Cys Ser Trp Met Ala Leu Met Thr Phe
      275                280                285
Thr Leu Phe Tyr Thr Asp Phe Val Gly Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gln Gly Val
      290                295                300
Pro Arg Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg Arg His Tyr Asp Glu Gly
305                310                315                320
Val Arg Met Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu Phe Leu Gln Cys Ala Ile Ser Leu
      325                330                335
Val Phe Ser Leu Val Met Asp Arg Leu Val Gln Arg Phe Gly Thr Arg
      340                345                350
Ala Val Tyr Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Ala Phe Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Ala
      355                360                365
Thr Cys Leu Ser His Ser Val Ala Val Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Ala Leu
      370                375                380
Thr Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala Leu Gln Ile Leu Pro Tyr Thr Leu Ala
385                390                395                400
Ser Leu Tyr His Arg Glu Lys Gln Val Phe Leu Pro Lys Tyr Arg Gly
      405                410                415
Asp Thr Gly Gly Ala Ser Ser Glu Asp Ser Leu Met Thr Ser Phe Leu
      420                425                430
Pro Gly Pro Lys Pro Gly Ala Pro Phe Pro Asn Gly His Val Gly Ala
      435                440                445
Gly Gly Ser Gly Leu Leu Pro Pro Pro Pro Ala Leu Cys Gly Ala Ser
      450                455                460
Ala Cys Asp Val Ser Val Arg Val Val Val Gly Glu Pro Thr Glu Ala
465                470                475                480
Arg Val Val Pro Gly Arg Gly Ile Cys Leu Asp Leu Ala Ile Leu Asp
      485                490                495
Ser Ala Phe Leu Ser Gln Val Ala Pro Ser Leu Phe Met Gly Ser
      500                505                510
Ile Val Gln Leu Ser Gln Ser Val Thr Ala Tyr Met Val Ser Ala Ala
      515                520                525
Gly Leu Gly Leu Val Ala Ile Tyr Phe Ala Thr Gln Val Val Phe Asp
      530                535                540
Lys Ser Asp Leu Ala Lys Tyr Ser Ala
545                550

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<210> 114

<211> 241

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 114

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Met Gln Cys Phe Ser Phe Ile Lys Thr Met Met Ile Leu Phe Asn Leu
 1                5                10                15
Leu Ile Phe Leu Cys Gly Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Val Gly Ile Trp Val
      20                25                30
Ser Ile Asp Gly Ala Ser Phe Leu Lys Ile Phe Gly Pro Leu Ser Ser
      35                40                45
Ser Ala Met Gln Phe Val Asn Val Gly Tyr Phe Leu Ile Ala Ala Gly
      50                55                60
Val Val Val Phe Ala Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Cys Tyr Gly Ala Lys Thr
65                70                75                80
Glu Ser Lys Cys Ala Leu Val Thr Phe Phe Phe Ile Leu Leu Leu Ile

```

```

      85              90              95
Phe Ile Ala Glu Val Ala Ala Ala Val Val Ala Leu Val Tyr Thr Thr
      100              105              110
Met Ala Glu His Phe Leu Thr Leu Leu Val Val Pro Ala Ile Lys Lys
      115              120              125
Asp Tyr Gly Ser Gln Glu Asp Phe Thr Gln Val Trp Asn Thr Thr Met
      130              135              140
Lys Gly Leu Lys Cys Cys Gly Phe Thr Asn Tyr Thr Asp Phe Glu Asp
      145              150              155              160
Ser Pro Tyr Phe Lys Glu Asn Ser Ala Phe Pro Pro Phe Cys Cys Asn
      165              170              175
Asp Asn Val Thr Asn Thr Ala Asn Glu Thr Cys Thr Lys Gln Lys Ala
      180              185              190
His Asp Gln Lys Val Glu Gly Cys Phe Asn Gln Leu Leu Tyr Asp Ile
      195              200              205
Arg Thr Asn Ala Val Thr Val Gly Gly Val Ala Ala Gly Ile Gly Gly
      210              215              220
Leu Glu Leu Ala Ala Met Ile Val Ser Met Tyr Leu Tyr Cys Asn Leu
      225              230              235              240
Gln

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<210> 115
<211> 366
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<400> 115
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ttggtttgtg aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaact agtcattaac ccatctctga      180
actggtagaa aaacatctga agagctagtc tatcagcatc tgacaggtga attggatggt      240
tctcagaacc atttcaccca gacagcctgt ttctatcctg tttaataaat tagtttgggt      300
tctctacatg cataacaaac cctgctccaa tctgtcacat aaaagtctgt gacttgaagt      360
ttagtc                                           366

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<210> 116
<211> 282
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(282)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 116
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gagaaatgag atnaaacaca atnttataaa gtctacttag agaagatcaa gtgacctcaa      120
agactttact attttcatat tttaagacac atgatttate ctattttagt aacctggttc      180
atacgttaaa caaaggataa tgtgaacagc agagaggatt tgttggcaga aaatctatgt      240
tcaatctnga actatctana tcacagacat ttctatttcct tt                                           282

```

```

<210> 117
<211> 305

```


<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(305)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 117

acacatgtcg	cttcactgcc	ttcttagatg	cttctgggtca	acatanagga	acagggacca	60
tatttatcct	ccctcctgaa	acaattgcaa	aataanacaa	aatatatgaa	acaattgcaa	120
aataaggcaa	aatatatgaa	acaacaggtc	tcgagatatt	ggaaatcagt	caatgaagga	180
tactgatccc	tgatcactgt	cctaatgcag	gatgtgggaa	acagatgagg	tcacctctgt	240
gactgcccc	gcttactgcc	tgtagagagt	ttctangctg	cagttcagac	agggagaaat	300
tggggt						305

<210> 118

<211> 71

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(71)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 118

accaaggtgt	ntgaatctct	gacgtgggga	tctctgattc	ccgcacaatc	tgagtggaaa	60
aantcctggg	t					71

<210> 119

<211> 212

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(212)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 119

actccggttg	gtgtcagcag	cacgtggcat	tgaacatngc	aatgtggagc	ccaaaccaca	60
gaaaatgggg	tgaaattggc	caactttcta	tnaacttatg	ttggcaantt	tgccaccaac	120
agtaagctgg	cccttcta	aaaagaaaat	tgaaagggtt	ctcactaanc	ggaattaant	180
aatggantca	aganactccc	aggcctcagc	gt			212

<210> 120

<211> 90

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(90)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<210> 125
 <211> 432
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 125
 actttatcta ctggctatga aatagatggt ggaaaattgc gttaccaact ataccactgg 60
 cttgaaaaag aggtgatagc tcttcagagg acttgtgact tttgctcaga tgctgaagaa 120
 ctacagtctg catttggcag aaatgaagat gaatttggat taaatgagga tgctgaagat 180
 ttgcctcacc aaacaaaagt gaaacaactg agagaaaatt ttcaggaaaa aagacagtgg 240
 ctcttgaagt atcagtcact tttgagaatg tttcttagtt actgcatact tcatggatcc 300
 catggtgggg gtcttgcacg tgtaagaatg gaattgattt tgcttttgca agaattctcag 360
 caggaaacat cagaaccact attttctagc cctctgtcag agcaaaccct agtgcctctc 420
 ctctttgctt gt 432

<210> 126
 <211> 112
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 126
 acacaacttg aatagtaaaa tagaaactga gctgaaattt ctaattcact ttctaaccat 60
 agtaagaatg atatttcccc ccagggatca ccaaataatt ataaaaattt gt 112

<210> 127
 <211> 54
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 127
 accacgaaac cacaaacaag atggaagcat caatccactt gccaagcaca gcag 54

<210> 128
 <211> 323
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 128
 acctcattag taattgtttt gttgtttcat ttttttctaa tgtctcccct ctaccagctc 60
 acctgagata acagaatgaa aatggaagga cagccagatt tctcctttgc tctctgctca 120
 ttctctctga agtctagggt acccattttg gggacccatt ataggcaata aacacagtgc 180
 ccaaagcatt tggacagttt cttgttgtgt tttagaatgg ttttcctttt tcttagcctt 240
 ttcttgcaaa aggtctcact agtcctttgc ttgtcagtg gactgggctc cccagggcct 300
 aggctgcctt cttttccatg tcc 323

<210> 129
 <211> 192
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(192)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 129
acatacatgt gtgtatatat ttaaatatca cttttgtatc actctgactt tttagcatatc      60
tgaaaaacaca ctaacataat ttntgtgaac catgatcaga tacaacccaa atcattcatc      120
tagcacattc atctgtgata naaagatagg tgagtttcat ttccttcacg ttggccaatg      180
gataaacaaa gt                                     192

```

```

<210> 130
<211> 362
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (362)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 130
ccctttttta tggaaatgagt agactgtatg tttgaanatt tanccacaac ctctttgaca      60
tataatgacg caacaaaaag gtgctgttta gtcctatggg tcagtttatg cccctgacaa      120
gtttccattg tgttttgccg atcttctggc taatcgtggg atcctccatg ttattagtaa      180
ttctgtattc cattttgta acgcctggta gatgtaacct gctangaggc taactttata      240
cttatttaaa agctcttatt ttgtgggtcat taaaatggca atttatgtgc agcactttat      300
tgcagcagga agcacgtgtg ggttgggtgt aaagctcttt gctaatttta aaaagtaatg      360
gg                                     362

```

```

<210> 131
<211> 332
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (332)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 131
ctttttgaaa gatcgtgtcc actcctgtgg acatcttggt ttaatggagt ttcccatgca      60
gtangactgg tatggttgca gctgtccaga taaaaacatt tgaagagctc caaaatgaga      120
gttctcccag gttcgccctg ctgctccaag tctcagcagc agcctctttt aggaggcatc      180
ttctgaacta gattaaggca gcttgtaaat ctgatgtgat ttgggtttatt atccaactaa      240
cttccatctg ttatcactgg agaaagccca gactccccan gacnggtacg gattgtgggc      300
atanaaggat tgggtgaagc tggcgttgtg gt                                     332

```

```

<210> 132
<211> 322
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (322)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 132
acttttgcca ttttgtatat ataaacaatc ttgggacatt ctctgaaaa ctaggtgtcc      60

```

```

agtggttaag agaactcgat ttcaagcaat tctgaaagga aaaccagcat gacacagaat 120
ctcaaattcc caaacagggg ctctgtggga aaaatgaggg aggacctttg tatctcgggt 180
tttagcaagt taaaatgaan atgacaggaa aggccttatt atcaacaaag agaagagttg 240
ggatgcttct aaaaaaaact ttggtagaga aaataggaat gctnaatcct agggaagcct 300
gtaacaatct acaattgggc ca                                     322

```

<210> 133

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (278)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 133

```

acaagccttc acaagtttaa ctaaattggg attaatcttt ctgtanttat ctgcataatt 60
cttggttttc tttccatctg gctcctgggt tgacaatttg tggaaacaac tctattgcta 120
ctatttaaaa aaatcacaa atctttccct ttaagctatg ttnaattcaa actattcctg 180
ctattcctgt tttgtcaaag aaattatatt tttcaaaata tgtntatttg tttgatgggt 240
cccacgaaac actaataaaa accacagaga ccagcctg                                     278

```

<210> 134

<211> 121

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (121)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 134

```

gtttanaaaa cttgttttagc tccatagagg aaagaatggt aaactttgta ttttaaaaca 60
tgattctctg aggttaaact tgggtttcaa atgttatctt tacttgatt ttgcttttgg 120
t                                     121

```

<210> 135

<211> 350

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (350)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 135

```

acttanaacc atgcctagca catcagaatc cctcaaagaa catcagtata atcctataacc 60
atancaagtg gtgactgggt aagcgtgcga caaaggctcag ctggcacatt acttggtgctc 120
aaacttgata cttttgttct aagtaggaac tagtatacag tncctaggan tggtagtcca 180
gggtgcccc caactcctgc agccgctcct ctgtgccagn ccctgnaagg aactttcgtc 240
ccacctcaat caagccctgg gccatgctac ctgcaattgg ctgaacaaac gtttgctgag 300
ttcccaagga tgcaaagcct ggtgctcaac tcctggggcg tcaactcagt                                     350

```

<210> 136
 <211> 399
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(399)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 136
 tgtaccgtga agacgacaga agttgcatgg cagggacagg gcagggccga ggccagggtt 60
 gctgtgattg tatccgaata ntctcgtga gaaaagataa tgagatgacg tgagcagcct 120
 gcagacttgt gtctgccttc aanaagccag acaggaaggc cctgcctgcc ttggctctga 180
 cctggcgggc agccagccag ccacaggtgg gcttcttctt tttgtggtga caacnccaag 240
 aaaactgcag agggccaggg tcaggtgtna gtgggtangt gaccataaaa caccaggtgc 300
 tcccaggaac ccgggcaaag gccatcccca cctacagcca gcatgcccac tggcgtgatg 360
 ggtgcagang gatgaagcag ccagntgttc tgctgtggt 399

<210> 137
 <211> 165
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(165)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 137
 actggtgtgg tngggggtga tgctggtggt anaagttgan gtgacttcan gatggtgtgt 60
 ggaggaagtg tgtgaacgta gggatgtaga ngttttggcc gtgctaaatg agcttcggga 120
 ttggctggtc ccactggtgg tcaactgtcat tggtgggggt cctgt 165

<210> 138
 <211> 338
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(338)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 138
 actcactgga atgccacatt cacaacagaa tcagaggtct gtgaaaacat taatggctcc 60
 ttaacttctc cagtaagaat cagggacttg aaatggaaac gttaacagcc acatgcccaa 120
 tgctgggcag tctcccatgc ctccacagt gaaagggctt gagaaaaatc acatccaatg 180
 tcatgtgttt ccagccacac caaaaggtgc ttgggggtgga gggctggggg catananggt 240
 cangcctcag gaagcctcaa gtccattca gctttgccac tgtacattcc ccatntttaa 300
 aaaaactgat gccttttttt tttttttttt taaaattc 338

<210> 139
 <211> 382

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 139

gggaatccttg gtttttggca tctggtttgc ctatagccga ggccactttg acagaacaaa	60
gaaagggact tcgagtaaga aggtgattta cagccagcct agtgcccga gtgaaggaga	120
attcaaacag acctcgatcat tcttggtgtg agcctggteg gctcaccgcc tatcatctgc	180
atttgcccta ctcaggtgct accggactct ggccctgat gtctgtagtt tcacaggatg	240
ccttatttgt cttctacacc ccacagggcc cctacttct tcggatgtgt ttttaataat	300
gtcagctatg tgcccatcc tccttcatgc cctccctccc tttcctacca ctgctgagtg	360
gcctggaact tgtttaaagt gt	382

<210> 140

<211> 200

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(200)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 140

accaaancctt ctttctgttg tgttngattt tactataggg gtttngcttn ttctaaanat	60
acttttcatt taacancctt tgttaagtgt caggctgcac ttgctccat anaattattg	120
ttttcacatt tcaacttgta tgtgtttgtc tcttanagca ttggtgaaat cacatatttt	180
atattcagca taaaggagaa	200

<210> 141

<211> 335

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(335)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 141

actttatttt caaaacactc atatgttgca aaaaacacat agaaaaataa agtttggtgg	60
gggtgctgac taaacttcaa gtcacagact tttatgtgac agattggagc agggtttgtt	120
atgcatgtag agaaccctaaa ctaatttatt aaacaggata gaaacaggct gtctgggtga	180
aatggttctg agaaccatcc aattcacctg tcagatgctg atanactagc tcttcagatg	240
ttttctacc agttcagaga tnggttaatg actantcca atggggaaaa agcaagatgg	300
attcacaac caagtaattt taaacaaaga cactt	335

<210> 142

<211> 459

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 142

accagggttaa tattgccaca tatatccttt ccaattgcgg gctaaacaga cgtgtattta	60
gggttggtta aagacaaccc agcttaatat caagagaaat tgtgacctt catggagtat	120
ctgatggaga aaacactgag ttttgacaaa tcttatttta ttcagatagc agtctgatca	180
cacatggtcc aacaacactc aaataataaa tcaaataatna tcagatgtta aagattggtc	240
ttcaaacatc atagccaatg atgccccgct tgcctataat ctctccgaca taaaaccaca	300
tcaacacctc agtggccacc aaaccattca gcacagcttc ctttaactgtg agctgtttga	360
agctaccagt ctgagcacta ttgactatnt ttttcangct ctgaatagct ctagggatct	420
caggcanggt gggaggaacc agctcaacct tggcgtant	459

<210> 143

<211> 140

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 143

acatttcctt ccaccaagtc aggactcctg gcttctgtgg gagttcttat cacctgaggg	60
aatccaaac agtctctcct agaaaggaat agtgtcacca accccaccca tctccctgag	120
accatccgac ttcctgtgt	140

<210> 144

<211> 164

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(164)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 144

acttcagtaa caacatacaa taacaacatt aagtgtatat tgccatcttt gtcattttct	60
atctatacca ctctcccttc tgaaaacaan aatcactanc caatcactta taaaaatttg	120
aggcaattaa tccatatttg tttcaataa ggaaaaaaag atgt	164

<210> 145

<211> 303

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(303)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 145

acgtagacca tccaactttg tatttgtaat ggcaaacatc cagnagcaat tcctaaacaa	60
actggagggt atttataccc aattatccca ttcattaaca tgccctcctc ctcaggctat	120
gcaggacagc tatcataagt cgccccaggc atccagatac taccatttgt ataaacttca	180
gtaggggagt ccatccaagt gacaggctca atcaaaggag gaaatggaac ataagcccag	240
tagtaaaatn ttgcttagct gaaacagcca caaaagactt accgccgtgg tgattaccat	300
caa	303

<210> 146

<211> 327
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(327)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 146
 actgcagctc aattagaagt ggtctctgac ttctcatcanc ttctccctgg gctccatgac 60
 actggcctgg agtgactcat tgctctggtt gggtgagaga gctcctttgc caacaggcct 120
 ccaagtcagg gctgggattt gtttcctttc cacattctag caacaatatg ctggccactt 180
 cctgaacagg gaggggtggga ggagccagca tggacaacgc tgccactttc taaagtagcc 240
 agacttgccc ctgggcctgt cacacctact gatgaccttc tgtgcctgca ggatggaatg 300
 taggggtgag ctgtgtgact ctatggt 327

<210> 147
 <211> 173
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(173)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 147
 acattgtttt tttagataa agcattgana gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60
 actggaacac ataccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120
 atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gtt 173

<210> 148
 <211> 477
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(477)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 148
 acaaccactt tatctcatcg aatttttaac ccaaactcac tcaactgtgcc ttcttatacct 60
 atgggatata ttatttgatg ctccatttca tcacacatat atgaataata cactcatact 120
 gccctactac ctgctgcaat aatcacattc ccttccctgc ctgaccctga agccattggg 180
 gtggctctag tggccatcag tccangcctg caccttgagc ccttgagctc cattgctcac 240
 nccanccac ctcaccgacc ccatectctt acacagctac ctccctgctc tctaacccca 300
 tagattatnt ccaaattcag tcaattaagt tactattaac actctaccg acatgtccag 360
 caccactggg aagccttctc cagccaacac acacacacac acacncacac acacacatat 420
 ccaggcacag gctacctcat cttcacaatc acccctttaa ttaccatgct atggtgg 477

<210> 149
 <211> 207
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 149

acagttgatat	tataatatca	agaaataaac	ttgcaatgag	agcattttaag	aggggaagaac	60
taacgtattt	tagagagcca	aggaagggtt	ctgtggggag	tgggatgtaa	ggtaggggcct	120
gatgataaat	aagagtcagc	caggtaagt	ggtaggtgtg	tatgggcaca	gtgaagaaca	180
tttcaggcag	aggggaacag	agtgaac				207

<210> 150

<211> 111

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(111)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 150

accttgattt	cattgctgct	ctgatggaaa	cccaactatc	taatttagct	aaaacatggg	60
cacttaaatg	tggtcagtgt	ttggacttgt	taactantgg	catctttggg	t	111

<210> 151

<211> 196

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 151

agcgcggcag	gtcatattga	acattccaga	tacctatcat	tactcgatgc	tgttgataac	60
agcaagatgg	ctttgaactc	agggtcacca	ccagctattg	gaccttacta	tgaaaacccat	120
ggataccaac	cggaaaaccc	ctatcccga	cagcccactg	tggccccac	tgtctacgag	180
gtgcatccgg	ctcagt					196

<210> 152

<211> 132

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 152

acagcacttt	cacatgtaag	aagggagaaa	ttcctaaatg	taggagaaag	ataacagaac	60
cttccccctt	tcatttagtg	gtggaaacct	gatgctttat	gttgacagga	atagaaccag	120
gagggagttt	gt					132

<210> 153

<211> 285

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(285)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 153

acaanaccca	nganaggcca	ctggccgtgg	tgtcatggcc	tcctaaacatg	aaagtgtcag	60
------------	------------	------------	------------	-------------	------------	----

```

cttctgctct tatgtcctca tctgacaact ctttaccatt tttatcctcg ctcagcagga    120
gcacatcaat aaagtccaaa gtcttgact tggccttggc ttggaggaag tcatcaacac    180
cctggctagt gaggggtcgg cgccgtcctt ggatgacggc atctgtgaag tcgtgcacca    240
gtctgcaggc cctgtggaag cgccgtccac acggagtnag gaatt                    285

```

```

<210> 154
<211> 333
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 154
accacagtc tgttgggcca gggcttcatt accctttctg tgaaaagcca tattatcacc    60
accccaaat tttccttaa tatctttaac tgaaggggtc agcctcttga ctgcaaagac    120
cctaagcgg ttacacagct aactccactt ggccctgatt tgtgaaattg ctgctgcctg    180
attggcacag gagtcgaagg tgttcagctc cctcctcctg tggaaagaga ctctgatttg    240
agtttcacaa attctcgggc cactcgtca ttgctcctct gaaataaaat ccggagaatg    300
gtcaggcctg tctcatccat atggatcttc cgg                                333

```

```

<210> 155
<211> 308
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(308)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 155
actggaaata ataaaaccca catcacagtg ttgtgtcaaa gatcatcagg gcatggatgg    60
gaaagtgcct tgggaactgt aaagtgccta acacatgac gatgattttt gttataatat    120
ttgaatcacg gtgcatacaa actctcctgc ctgctcctcc tgggccccag cccagcccc    180
atcacagctc actgctctgt tcatccaggc ccagcatgta gtggctgatt cttcttggt    240
gcttttagcc tccanaagtt tctctgaagc caaccaaacc tctangtgta aggcagctg    300
gccctggt                                308

```

```

<210> 156
<211> 295
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 156
accttgctcg gtgcttgga catattagga actcaaaata tgagatgata acagtgccta    60
ttattgatta ctgagagaac tgtagacat ttagttgaag attttctaca caggaactga    120
gaataggaga ttatgtttgg cctcatatt cctcctatc ctccttgctt cattctatgt    180
ctaatatatt ctcaatcaaa taaggtttagc ataatcagga aatcgaccaa ataccaatat    240
aaaaccagat gtctatcctt aagattttca aatagaaaac aaattaacag actat        295

```

```

<210> 157
<211> 126
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 157
acaagtttaa atagtgcgt cactgtgcat gtgctgaaat gtgaaatcca ccacatttct    60

```

gaagagcaaa acaaattctg tcatgtaatc tctatcttgg gtcgtgggta tatctgtccc 120
cttagt 126

<210> 158
<211> 442
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(442)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 158
accactgggt cttggaaaca cccatcctta atacgatgat ttttctgtcg tgtgaaaatg 60
aanccagcag gctgcccta gtcagtcctt ccttcagag aaaaagagat ttgagaaagt 120
gcctgggtaa ttcaccatta atttcctccc ccaaactctc tgagtcttcc cttaatatct 180
ctgggtggtc tgaccaaagc aggtcatggg ttggtgagca tttgggatcc cagtgaagta 240
natgtttgta gccttgcata cttagccctt cccacgcaca aacggagtg gagagtgggtg 300
ccaaccctgt tttccagtc cacgtagaca gattcacagt gcggaattct ggaagctgga 360
nacagacggg ctctttgcag agccgggact ctgagangga catgaggggc tctgcctctg 420
tgttcattct ctgatgtcct gt 442

<210> 159
<211> 498
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(498)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 159
acttcagggt aacgttggtg tttccgttga gcctgaactg atgggtgacg ttgtagggtc 60
tccaacaaga actgagggtg cagagcgggt agggaagagt gctgttccag ttgcacctgg 120
gctgctgtgg actgttggtg attcctcact acggcccaag gttgtggaac tggcanaaag 180
gtgtgttggt gganttgagc tcgggcgggt gtggtagggt gtgggctctt caacaggggc 240
tgctgtgggt cggggangtg aangtggtgt gtcacttgag ctgggccagc tctggaaagt 300
antanattct tcctgaaggc cagcgttgt ggagctggca ngggtcantg ttgtgtgtaa 360
cgaaccagt ctgctgtggg tgggtgtana tcctccacaa agcctgaagt tatggtgtcn 420
tcaggtaana atgtggttct agtgtccctg ggcngctgtg gaagggtgta nattgtcacc 480
aagggaataa gctgtggt 498

<210> 160
<211> 380
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(380)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 160

```

acctgcatcc agcttccctg ccaaactcac aaggagacat caacctctag acagggaaac    60
agcttcagga tacttccagg agacagagcc accagcagca aaacaaatat tcccatgcct    120
ggagcatggc atagaggaag ctganaaatg tgggggtctga ggaagccatt tgagtctggc    180
cactagacat ctcacagcc acttgtgtga agagatgcc catgaccca gatgcctctc    240
ccacccttac ctccatctca cacacttgag ctttccactc tgtataattc taacatcctg    300
gagaaaaatg gcagtttgac cgaacctgtt cacaacggtg gaggtgatt tctaacgaaa    360
ctgtagaat gaagcctgga                                     380

```

```

<210> 161
<211> 114
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 161
actccacatc cctctgagc aggcgggtgt cgttcaaggt gtatttggcc ttgcctgtca    60
cactgtccac tggcccctta tccacttggt gcttaatccc tcgaaagagc atgt      114

```

```

<210> 162
<211> 177
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 162
actttctgaa tcgaatcaaa tgatacttag tgtagtttta atatcctcat atatatcaaa    60
gttttactac tctgataatt ttgtaaacca ggtaaccaga acatccagtc atacagcttt    120
tggtgatata taacttgga ataaccagc ctggtgatac ataaaactac tcactgt      177

```

```

<210> 163
<211> 137
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(137)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 163
catttataca gacaggcgtg aagacattca cgacaaaaac gcgaaattct atcccgtgac    60
canagaaggc agctacggct actcctacat cctggcgtgg gtggccttcg cctgcacctt    120
catcagcggc atgatgt                                     137

```

```

<210> 164
<211> 469
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(469)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 164
cttatcacia tgaatgttct cctgggcagc gttgtgatct ttgccacctt cgtgacttta    60
tgcaatgcat catgctatct catacctaat gagggagttc caggagattc aaccaggaaa    120

```

```

tgcattggatc tcaaaggaaa caaacaccca ataaactcgg agtggcagac tgacaactgt      180
gagacatgca cttgctacga aacagaaatt tcatgttgca cccttgtttc tacacctgtg      240
ggttatgaca aagacaactg ccaaagaatc ttcaagaagg aggactgcaa gtatatcggtg      300
gtggagaaga aggacccaaa aaagacctgt tctgtcagtg aatggataat ctaatgtgct      360
tctagtaggc acagggtccc caggccaggc ctcattctcc tctggcctct aatagtcaat      420
gattgtgtag ccattgcctat cagtaaaaag atntttgagc aaacacttt      469

```

<210> 165

<211> 195

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(195)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 165

```

acagtttttt atanatatcg acattgccgg cacttggtgtt cagtttcata aagctgggtg      60
atccgctgtc atccactatt ccttggttag agtaaaaatt attcttatag cccatgtccc      120
tgcaggccgc ccgcccgtag ttctcgttcc agtcgtcttg gcacacaggg tgccaggact      180
tcctctgaga tgagt      195

```

<210> 166

<211> 383

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(383)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 166

```

acatcttagt agtgtggcac atcagggggc catcagggtc acagtcactc atagcctcgc      60
cgaggtcgga gtccacacca ccggtgtagg tgtgtcfaat cttgggcttg gcgcccacct      120
ttggagaagg gatatgtgtc acacacatgt ccacaaagcc tgtgaactcg ccaaagaatt      180
tttgagacc agcctgagca aggggaggat gttcagcttc agtcctcct tcgtcagggtg      240
gatgccaacc tcgtctangg tccgtgggaa gctggtgtcc acntcaccta caacctgggc      300
gangatctta taaagaggct ccnagataaa ctccacgaaa cttctctggg agctgctagt      360
nggggccttt ttggtgaact ttc      383

```

<210> 167

<211> 247

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(247)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 167

```

acagagccag accttggcca taaatgaanc agagattaag actaaacccc aagtccganat      60
tggagcagaa actggagcaa gaagtgggccc tggggctgaa gtagagacca aggccactgc      120

```

tatanccata cacagagcca actctcaggc caaggcnatg gttggggcag anccagagac 180
 tcaatctgan tccaaagtgg tggctggaac actggtcatg acanaggcag tgactctgac 240
 tgangtc 247

<210> 168

<211> 273

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(273)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 168

acttctaagt tttctagaag tggaaggatt gtantcatcc tgaaaatggg tttacttcaa 60
 aatccctcan ccttggttctt cactactgtc tatactgana gtgtcatgtt tccacaaagg 120
 gctgacacct gagcctgnat tttcactcat ccttgagaag ccttttccag taggggtgggc 180
 aattcccaac ttccttgcca caagcttccc aggttttctc ccttggaata ctccagcttg 240
 agtcccagat acactcatgg gctgacctgg gca 273

<210> 169

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(431)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 169

acagccttgg cttcccaaaa ctccacagtc tcagtgcaga aagatcatct tccagcagtc 60
 agctcagacc aggggtcaaag gatgtgacat caacagtctt tggtttcaga acaggttcta 120
 ctactgtcaa atgacccccc atacttctc aaaggctgtg gtaagttttg cacaggtgag 180
 ggcagcagaa aggggggtant tactgatgga caccatcttc tctgtatact ccacactgac 240
 cttgccatgg gcaaaggccc ctaccacaaa aacaatagga tctactgctgg gcaccagctc 300
 acgcacatca ctgacaaccg ggatggaaaa agaantgcca actttcatac atccaactgg 360
 aaagtgatct gatactggat tcttaattac cttcaaaagc ttctgggggc catcagctgc 420
 tcgaacactg a 431

<210> 170

<211> 266

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(266)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 170

acctgtgggc tgggctgtta tgccctgtgcc ggctgctgaa agggagtcca gaggtggagc 60
 tcaaggagct ctgcaggcat tttgccaanc ctctccanag canagggagc aacctacact 120
 ccccgctaga aagacaccag attggagtcc tgggaggggg agttgggggtg ggcatttgat 180

gtatacttgt cacctgaatg aangagccag agaggaanga gacgaanatg anattggcct 240
tcaaagctag gggctctggca ggtgga 266

<210> 171

<211> 1248

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1248)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 171

```

ggcagccaaa tcataaacgg cgaggactgc agcccgact cgcagccctg gcaggcggca 60
ctgggtcatgg aaaacgaatt gttctgctcg ggcgtcctgg tgcacccgca gtgggtgctg 120
tcagccgcac actgtttcca gaagtgaagt cagagctcct acaccatcgg gctgggcctg 180
cacagtcttg aggccgacca agagccaggg agccagatgg tggaggccag cctctccgta 240
cggcacccag agtacaacag acccttgctc gctaacgacc tcatgtctcat caagttggac 300
gaatccgtgt ccgagtctga caccatccgg agcatcagca ttgcttcgca gtgccctacc 360
gcggggaaact cttgcctcgt ttctggctgg ggtctgctgg cgaacggcag aatgcctacc 420
gtgctgcagt gcgtgaacgt gtcggtggtg tctgaggagg tctgcagtaa gctctatgac 480
ccgctgtacc accccagcat gttctgcgcc ggcggagggc aagaccagaa ggactcctgc 540
aacggtgact ctggggggcc cctgatctgc aacgggtact tgcagggcct tgtgtctttc 600
ggaaaagccc cgtgtggcca agttggcgtg ccagggtgtt acaccaacct ctgcaaattc 660
actgagtggg tagagaaaac cgtccaggcc agttaactct ggggactggg aaccatgaa 720
attgaccccc aaatacatcc tgcggaagga attcaggaat atctgttccc agccccctct 780
ccctcaggcc caggagtcca ggccccagc cctcctccc tcaaaccaag ggtacagatc 840
cccagccct cctccctcag acccaggagt ccagaccccc cagccctcc tccctcagac 900
ccaggagtcc agccccctct cctcagacc caggagtcca gacccccag cccctcctcc 960
ctcagaccca ggggtccagg cccccaaccc ctctcctc agactcagag gtccaagccc 1020
ccaaccntc attcccaga cccagaggtc cagggtccag cccctcntcc ctcagaccca 1080
gcggtccaat gccacctaga ctntccctgt acacagtgcc ccttgtggc acgttgaccc 1140
aaccttacca gttggttttt catTTTTngt ccttttccc tagatccaga aataaagttt 1200
aagagaagng caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1248

```

<210> 172

<211> 159

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1)...(159)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 172

```

Met Val Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro
 1             5             10             15
Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser
          20          25          30
Glu Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr
          35          40          45
Ala Gly Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly
 50          55          60

```


Arg Met Pro Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Val Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe
 85 90 95
 Cys Ala Gly Gly Gly Gln Xaa Gln Xaa Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser
 100 105 110
 Gly Gly Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe
 115 120 125
 Gly Lys Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn
 130 135 140
 Leu Cys Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
 145 150 155

<210> 173

<211> 1265

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1265)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 173

ggcagcccgc	actcgcagcc	ctggcaggcg	gcactgggtca	tggaaaacga	attgttctgc	60
tcgggcgctcc	tggtgcaccc	gcagtgggtg	ctgtcagccg	cacactgttt	ccagaactcc	120
tacaccatcg	ggctgggccc	gcacagctct	gagggccgacc	aagagccagg	gagccagatg	180
gtggaggccca	gcctctccgt	acggcaccca	gagtacaaca	gacccttgct	cgctaacgac	240
ctcatgctca	tcaagttgga	cgaatccgtg	tccgagtcctg	acaccatccg	gagcatcagc	300
attgcttcgc	agtgccttac	cgcgggggaac	tcttgccctcg	cttctggctg	gggtctgctg	360
gcgaacgggtg	agctcacggg	tgtgtgtctg	ccctcttcaa	ggagggtcctc	tgcccagtcg	420
cgggggctga	cccagagctc	tgcgtccag	gcagaatgcc	taccgtgctg	cagtgcgtga	480
acgtgtcggg	gggtctctgag	gaggtctgca	gtaagctcta	tgacccgctg	taccacccca	540
gcatgttctg	cgcgggcgga	gggcaagacc	agaaggactc	ctgcaacggg	gactctgggg	600
ggccccctgat	ctgcaacggg	tacttgccag	gccttggtgtc	tttcggaaaa	gccccgtgtg	660
gccaaagtgg	cgtgccagg	gtctacacca	acctctgcaa	attcactgag	tggatagaga	720
aaaccgtcca	ggccagttaa	ctctggggac	tgggaaccca	tgaaattgac	ccccaaatac	780
atcctgcgga	aggaattcag	gaatatctgt	tcccagcccc	tcctccctca	ggcccaggag	840
tccaggcccc	cagccccctc	tcctccaaac	caagggtaca	gatccccagc	ccctcctccc	900
tcagacccag	gagtccagac	ccccagcccc	ctcctccctc	agacccagga	gtccagcccc	960
tcctccntca	gacccaggag	tccagacccc	ccagccccctc	ctccctcaga	cccaggggtt	1020
gaggccccca	acccctcctc	cttcagagtc	agagggtccaa	gcccccaacc	cctcggtccc	1080
cagacccaga	ggttnnaggtc	ccagccccctc	ttccntcaga	cccagnngtc	caatgccacc	1140
tagattttcc	ctgnacacag	tgcccccttg	tggngangttg	acccaacctt	accagttggt	1200
ttttcatttt	tngtcccttt	cccctagatc	cagaaataaa	gtttaagaga	ngngcaaaaa	1260
aaaaa						1265

<210> 174

<211> 1459

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 174

```

ggtcagccgc acactgtttc cagaagtgag tgcagagctc ctacaccatc gggctggggc      60
tgcacagtct tgaggccgac caagagccag ggagccagat ggtggaggcc agcctctccg      120
tacggcaccc agagtacaac agacccttgc tcgctaacga cctcatgctc atcaagtgg      180
acgaatccgt gtccgagtct gacaccatcc ggagcatcag cattgcttcg cagtgcctta      240
ccgcggggaa ctcttgccct gtttctggct ggggtctgct ggcgaacggt gagctcacgg      300
gtgtgtgtct gccctcttca aggaggtcct ctgccagctc gcgggggctg acccagagct      360
ctgcgctcca ggcagaatgc ctaccgtgct gcagtgcgtg aacgtgtcgg tgggtgtctga      420
ngaggtctgc antaagctct atgaccgct gtaccacccc ancatgttct gcgccggcgg      480
agggcaagac cagaaggact cctgcaacgt gagagagggg aaaggggagg gcaggcgact      540
caggggaagg tggagaaggg ggagacagag acacacaggg ccgcatggcg agatgcagag      600
atggagagac acacagggag acagtgacaa ctagagagag aaactgagag aaacagagaa      660
ataaacacag gaataaagag aagcaaagga agagagaaac agaaacagac atggggaggc      720
agaaacacac acacatagaa atgcagttga ccttccaaca gcatggggcc tgagggcggt      780
gacctccacc caatagaaaa tctcttata acttttgact ccccaaaaac ctgactagaa      840
atagcctact gttgacgggg agccttacca ataacataaa tagtcgattt atgcatacgt      900
tttatgcatt catgataata ctttgttggg attttttgat atttctaagc tacacagttc      960
gtctgtgaat ttttttaaat tgttgcaact ctccataaat ttttctgatg tgtttattga     1020
aaaaatccaa gtataagtgg acttgtgcat tcaaaccagg gttgttcaag ggtcaactgt     1080
gtaccagagc ggaaacagtg acacagattc atagaggtga aacacgaaga gaaacaggaa     1140
aatcaagac tctacaaaga ggctgggcag ggtggctcat gcctgtaatc ccagcacttt     1200
gggagggcag gcaggcagat cacttgagggt aaggagttca agaccagcct ggccaaaatg     1260
gtgaaatcct gtctgtacta aaaatacaaa agttagctgg atatggtggc aggcgcctgt     1320
aatcccagct acttgggagg ctgaggcagg agaattgctt gaatatggga ggcagaggtt     1380
gaagtgagtt gagatcacac cactatactc cagctggggc aacagagtaa gactctgtct     1440
caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa                                     1459

```

<210> 175

<211> 1167

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1167)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 175

```

gcgcagccct ggcaggcggc actggctcatg gaaaacgaat tgttctgctc gggcgctcctg      60
gtgcatccgc agtgggtgct gtcagccgca cactgtttcc agaactccta caccatcggg      120
ctgggcctgc acagtcttga ggccgaccaa gagccaggga gccagatggt ggaggccagc      180
ctctccgtac ggcacccaga gtacaacaga ctcttgctcg ctaacgacct catgctcatc      240
aagtggacg aatccgtgtc cgagtctgac accatccgga gcatcagcat tgcttcgcag      300
tgccctaccg cggggaaact ttgcctcgtn tctggctggg gtctgctggc gaacggcaga      360
atgcctaccg tgctgcaact cgtgaacgtg tcgggtggtg ctgaggangt ctgcagtaag      420
ctctatgacc cgctgtacca cccagcagtg ttctgcgccg gcggagggca agaccagaag      480
gactcctgca acggtgactc tggggggccc ctgatctgca acgggtactt gcagggcctt      540
gtgtctttcg gaaaagcccc gtgtggccaa cttggcgtgc cagggtgtct caccaacctc      600
tgcaaattca ctgagtggat agagaaaacc gtccagncca gttaactctg gggactggga      660
acccatgaaa ttgaccccca aatacatcct gcggaangaa ttcaggaata tctgttccca      720
gccctctctc cctcaggccc aggagtccag gccccagcc cctcctcctt caaaccaagg      780
gtacagatcc ccagccctc ctccctcaga cccaggagtc cagaccccc agccctctnt      840
ccttcagacc caggagccca gccctcctc cntcagacgc aggagtccag acccccagc      900

```

```

ccntcctccg tcagaccagc ggggtgcaggc ccccaacccc tcntcctca gagtcagagg      960
tccaagcccc caacccctcg tccccagac ccagaggtncc aggtcccagc cctcctccc      1020
tcagaccagc cgggtccaatg ccacctagan tntccctgta cacagtgcc ccttggtggca      1080
ngttgaccca accttaccag ttggtttttc attttttgtc cctttccctt agatccagaa      1140
ataaagtnta agagaagcgc aaaaaaa      1167

```

<210> 176
 <211> 205
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> VARIANT
 <222> (1)...(205)
 <223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 176

Met	Glu	Asn	Glu	Leu	Phe	Cys	Ser	Gly	Val	Leu	Val	His	Pro	Gln	Trp
1				5					10					15	
Val	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ala	His	Cys	Phe	Gln	Asn	Ser	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Gly	Leu
			20					25					30		
Gly	Leu	His	Ser	Leu	Glu	Ala	Asp	Gln	Glu	Pro	Gly	Ser	Gln	Met	Val
		35					40					45			
Glu	Ala	Ser	Leu	Ser	Val	Arg	His	Pro	Glu	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Leu	Leu	Leu
	50				55						60				
Ala	Asn	Asp	Leu	Met	Leu	Ile	Lys	Leu	Asp	Glu	Ser	Val	Ser	Glu	Ser
65					70				75					80	
Asp	Thr	Ile	Arg	Ser	Ile	Ser	Ile	Ala	Ser	Gln	Cys	Pro	Thr	Ala	Gly
			85					90					95		
Asn	Ser	Cys	Leu	Val	Ser	Gly	Trp	Gly	Leu	Leu	Ala	Asn	Gly	Arg	Met
		100					105						110		
Pro	Thr	Val	Leu	His	Cys	Val	Asn	Val	Ser	Val	Val	Ser	Glu	Xaa	Val
		115				120						125			
Cys	Ser	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Pro	Leu	Tyr	His	Pro	Ser	Met	Phe	Cys	Ala
	130				135						140				
Gly	Gly	Gly	Gln	Asp	Gln	Lys	Asp	Ser	Cys	Asn	Gly	Asp	Ser	Gly	Gly
145					150					155				160	
Pro	Leu	Ile	Cys	Asn	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Gln	Gly	Leu	Val	Ser	Phe	Gly	Lys
			165					170					175		
Ala	Pro	Cys	Gly	Gln	Leu	Gly	Val	Pro	Gly	Val	Tyr	Thr	Asn	Leu	Cys
		180					185						190		
Lys	Phe	Thr	Glu	Trp	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Val	Gln	Xaa	Ser			
		195				200						205			

<210> 177
 <211> 1119
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 177

gcgcactcgc	agccctggca	ggcggcactg	gtcatggaaa	acgaattgtt	ctgctcgggc		60
gtcctgggtg	atccgcagtg	gggtgctgtc	gccgcacact	gtttccagaa	ctcctacacc		120
atcgggctgg	gcctgcacag	tcttgaggcc	gaccaagagc	cagggagcca	gatgggtggag		180
gccagcctct	ccgtacggca	cccagagtac	aacagaccct	tgctcgctaa	cgacctcatg		240
ctcatcaagt	tggacgaatc	cgtgtccgag	tctgacacca	tccggagcat	cagcattgct		300

```

tcgcagtgcc ctaccgcggg gaactcttgc ctcgtttctg gctgggggtct gctggcggaac 360
gatgctgtga ttgccatcca gtcccagact gtgggaggct gggagtgtga gaagctttcc 420
caacctgggc agggttgtac catttcggca acitccagtg caaggacgtc ctgctgcatc 480
ctcactgggt gctcactact gctcactgca tcacccgga cactgtgac aactagccag 540
caccatagtt ctccgaagtc agactatcat gattactgtg ttgactgtgc tgtctattgt 600
actaaccatg ccgatgttta ggtgaaatta gcgtcacttg gcctcaacca tcttggtatc 660
cagttatcct cactgaattg agatttcctg cttcagtgtc agccattccc acataatttc 720
tgacctacag aggtgaggga tcatatagct cttcaaggat gctgggtactc ccctcacaaa 780
ttcatttttc ctggtttagt gaaaggtgcg ccctctggag cctcccaggg tgggtgtgca 840
ggtcacaatg atgaatgtat gatcgtgttc ccattaccca aagcctttaa atccctcatg 900
ctcagtacac cagggcaggt ctagcatttc ttcatttagt gtatgctgtc cattcatgca 960
accacctcag gactcctgga ttctctgcct agttgagctc ctgcatgctg cctccttggg 1020
gaggtgaggg agagggccca tgggtcaatg ggatctgtgc agttgtaaca cattaggtgc 1080
ttaataaaca gaagctgtga tgtaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa 1119

```

<210> 178

<211> 164

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1)...(164)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 178

```

Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1          5          10          15
Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
 20          25          30
Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
 35          40          45
Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu
 50          55          60
Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
 65          70          75          80
Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
 85          90          95
Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Ala Val
100          105          110
Ile Ala Ile Gln Ser Xaa Thr Val Gly Gly Trp Glu Cys Glu Lys Leu
115          120          125
Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Gly Cys Thr Ile Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Ala Arg
130          135          140
Thr Ser Cys Cys Ile Leu Thr Gly Cys Ser Leu Leu Leu Thr Ala Ser
145          150          155          160
Pro Gly Thr Leu

```

<210> 179

<211> 250

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 179

```

ctggagtgcc ttggtgtttc aagccctgc aggaagcaga atgcaccttc tgaggcacct    60
ccagctgccc ccggccgggg gatgagaggc tcggagcacc cttgcccggc tgtgattgct    120
gccaggcact gtccatctca gcttttctgt ccctttgttc ccggcaagcg cttctgctga    180
aagttcatat ctggagcctg atgtcttaac gaataaaggc cccatgctcc acccgaaaaa    240
aaaaaaaaaa                                     250

```

<210> 180

<211> 202

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 180

```

actagtcagc tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttggggccca cacaatggct acctttaaca    60
tcaccagac ccgcccctg ccgctgcccc acgctgctgc taacgacagt atgatgctta    120
ctctgctact cggaaactat ttttatgtaa ttaatgtag ctttcttgtt tataaatgcc    180
tgatttaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa                                     202

```

<210> 181

<211> 558

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(558)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 181

```

tccytttgkt naggtttkkg agacamceck agacctwaan ctgtgtcaca gacttcyngg    60
aatgtttagg cagtgtagt aatttcytcg taatgattct gttattactt tcctnattct    120
ttattcctct ttcttctgaa gattaatgaa gttgaaaatt gaggtggata aatacaaaaa    180
ggtagtgtga tagtataagt atctaagtgc agatgaaagt gtgttatata tatccattca    240
aaattatgca agttagtaat tactcagggt taactaaatt actttaatat gctgttgaaac    300
ctactctgtt ccttggctag aaaaaattat aaacaggact ttgttagttt gggaagccaa    360
attgataata ttctatgttc taaaagttgg gctatacata aattattaag aaatatggaw    420
ttttattccc aggaatatgg kgttcatttt atgaatatta cscrggatag awgtwtgagt    480
aaaaycagtt ttggtwaata ygtwaatatg tcmtaataaa acaakgcttt gacttatttc    540
caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa                                     558

```

<210> 182

<211> 479

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(479)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 182

```

acagggwtck grggatgcta agsecccrga rwtggtttga tccaacctg gcttwttttc    60
agaggggaaa atggggccta gaagttacag mscatytagy tgggtgcmgtg gcacccctgg    120
cstcacacag astcccgagt agctgggact acaggcacac agtcactgaa gcaggccctg    180
ttwgcaattc acgttgccac ctccaactta aacattcttc atatgtgatg tccttagtca    240
ctaagggttaa actttccccc ccagaaaagg caacttagat aaaatcttag agtactttca    300

```

```
tactmttcta agtctctctc cagctcact kkgagtcctm cytgggggtt gataggaant 360
ntctcttggc ttcttcaata aartctctat ycatctcatg ttaatttgg tacgcatara 420
awtgstgara aaattaaaat gttctgggty mactttaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 479
```

<210> 183
 <211> 384
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

```
<400> 183
aggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactggtgcc 60
agtaccagta ccaataacag tgccagtgcc agtgccagca ccagtggtag cttcagtgct 120
gggtgccagcc tgaccgccac tctcacattt gggctcttcg ctggccttgg tggagctggg 180
gccagcacca gtggcagctc tgggtgctgt ggtttctcct acaagtgaga ttttagatat 240
tgtaaatcct gccagtcttt ctcttcaagc cagggtgcat cctcagaaac ctactcaaca 300
cagcactcta ggcagccact atcaatcaat tgaagttgac actctgcatt aratctattt 360
gccatttcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 384
```

<210> 184
 <211> 496
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (496)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

```
<400> 184
accgaattgg gaccgctggc ttataagcga tcatgtyynt ccrgtatkac ctcaacgagc 60
aggagatcg agtctatacg ctgaagaaat ttgacccgat gggacaacag acctgctcag 120
cccatcctgc tcggttctcc ccagatgaca aatactctsg acaccgaatc accatcaaga 180
aacgcttcaa ggtgctcatg acccagcaac cgcgccctgt cctctgaggg tcccttaaac 240
tgatgtcttt tctgccacct gttacccctc ggagactccg taaccaaact cttcggactg 300
tgagccctga tgcctttttg ccagccatac tctttggcat ccagtctctc gtggcgattg 360
attatgcttg tgtgaggcaa tcatgggtggc atcaccataa aagggaacac atttgacttt 420
ttttctctcat attttaaat actacmagaw tattwmagaw waaatgawtt gaaaaactst 480
taaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 496
```

<210> 185
 <211> 384
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

```
<400> 185
gctggtagcc tatggcgkcg ccacggagg ggctcctgag gccacggrac agtgacttcc 60
caagtatcyt gcgscgctc ttctaccgtc cctacctgca gatcttcggg cagattcccc 120
aggaggacat ggacgtggcc ctcatggagc acagcaactg ytcgtcggag cccggcttct 180
gggcacaccc tctgggggcc caggcgggca cctgctctc ccagtatgcc aactggctgg 240
tgggtgctgt cctcgtcatc ttctgctcgt tggccaacat cctgctgggc aacttgctca 300
ttgccatgtt cagttacaca ttcggaagac tacagggcaa cagcgatctc tactgggaag 360
gcgcagcgtt accgcctcat ccgg 384
```

<210> 186
 <211> 577

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (577)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 186
gagtttagctc ctccacaacc ttgatgaggt cgtctgcagt ggcctctcgc ttcataccgc 60
tnccatcgctc atactgtagg ttgcccacca cytcctggca tcttggggcg gcntaatatt 120
ccaggaaact ctcaatcaag tcaccgtcga tgaaacctgt gggctggttc tgtcttccgc 180
tcgggtgtgaa aggatctccc agaaggagtg ctcgatcttc cccacacttt tgatgacttt 240
attgagtcga ttctgcatgt ccagcaggag gttgtaccag ctctctgaca gtgaggtcac 300
cagccctatc atgccgttga mcgtgccgaa garcaccgag ccttgtgtgg gggkkgaagt 360
ctcaccacaga ttctgcatta ccagagagcc gtggcaaaaag acattgacaa actcgcccag 420
gtggaaaaag amcamctcct ggargtgctn gccgctcctc gtcmgttggg ggcagcgctw 480
tccttttgac acacaaaaca gttaaaggca ttttcagccc ccagaaantt gtcacatcc 540
aagatntcgc acagcactna tccagtggg attaaat 577

<210> 187
<211> 534
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (534)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 187
aacatcttcc tgtataatgc tgtgtaatat cgatccgatn ttgtctgstg agaatycatw 60
actkggaaaa gmaacattaa agcctggaca ctggtattaa aattcacaat atgcaacact 120
ttaaacagtg tgtcaatctg ctcccyynac ttgtcatca ccagtctggg aakaagggtg 180
tgccctattc acacctgtta aaagggcgct aagcattttt gattcaacat cttttttttt 240
gacacaagtc cgaaaaaagc aaaagtaaac agttatyaat ttgttagcca attcactttc 300
ttcatgggac agagccatyt gatttaaaaa gcaaatgca taatattgag ctttggggagc 360
tgatatttga gcggaagagt agccttttcta ctccaccaga cacaactccc ttccatattg 420
ggatgttnac naaagtwatg tctctwacag atgggatgct tttgtggcaa ttctgttctg 480
aggatctccc agttttattta ccacttgac aagaaggcgt tttcttcttc aggc 534

<210> 188
<211> 761
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (761)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 188
agaaaccagt atctctnaaa acaacctctc ataccttggt gacctaatTT tgtgtgcgtg 60
tgtgtgtgcg cgcataattat atagacaggc acatcttttt tacttttTgta aaagcttatg 120
cctctttTgt atctatatct gtgaaagttt taatgatctg ccataatgtc ttggggacct 180

```

ttgtcttctg tgtaaatggg actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagttngt      240
tttattcgac atgaaggaaa tttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc ctkgackarg      300
ggggacaaaag aaaagcaaaa ctgamcataa raaacaatwa cctgggtgaga arttgcataa      360
acagaaatwr ggtagtatat tgaarnacag catcattaaa rmgttwtktt wttctccctt      420
gcaaaaaaca tgtacngact tcccgttgag taatgccaaag ttgttttttt tatnataaaa      480
cttgcccttc attacatggt tnaaagtggg gtgggtggggc aaaatattga aatgatggaa      540
ctgactgata aagctgtaca aataagcagt gtgcctaaca agcaacacag taatggtgac      600
atgcttaatt cacaaatgct aatttcatta taaatgtttg ctaaaatata ctttgaacta      660
ttttctctgn ttcccagagc tgagatntta gattttatgt agtatnaagt gaaaaantac      720
gaaaaataata acattgaaga aaananaaaa aaanaaaaaa a                                761

```

<210> 189

<211> 482

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(482)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 189

```

tttttttttt tttgccgatn ctactatntt attgcaggan gtgggggtgt atgcaccgca      60
caccgggggt atnagaagca agaaggaagg agggagggca cagcccttg ctgagcaaca      120
aagccgcctg ctgccttctc tgtctgtctc ctggtgcagg cacatgggga gaccttcccc      180
aaggcagggg ccaccagtcc aggggtggga atacaggggg tgggagtgt gcataagaag      240
tgataggcac aggccacccg gtacagaccg ctcggtctct gacaggtnga ttctgaccag      300
gtcattgtgc cctgcccagg cacagcgtn atctggaaaa gacagaatgc ttcccttttc      360
aaatttggtc ngtcatngaa ngggcanttt tccaanttng gctnggtctt ggtacnctt      420
gttcggccca gctcncgtc caaaaantat tcaccnntct ccnaattgct tgcnggnccc      480
cc

```

<210> 190

<211> 471

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(471)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 190

```

tttttttttt ttttaaaaca gtttttcaca aaaaaattta ttagaagaat agtggttttg      60
aaaactctcg catccagtga gaactaccat acaccacatt acagctngga atgtntccca      120
aatgtctggt caaatgatac aatggaacca ttcaatctta cacatgcacg aaagaacaag      180
cgcttttgac atacaatgca caaaaaaaaa aggggggggg gaccacatgg attaaaattt      240
taagtactca tcacatacat taagacacag ttctagtcca gtcnaaaatc agaactgcnt      300
tgaaaaattt catgtatgca atccaaccaa agaacttnat tggatgatcat gantnctcta      360
ctacatcnac cttgatcatt gccaggaacn aaaagttnaa ancacncngt acaaaaaanaa      420
tctgtaattn anttcaacct ccgtacngaa aaatnttntt tatacactcc c                                471

```

<210> 191

<211> 402

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (402)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 191

gagggattga aggtctgttc tastgtcggm ctgttcagcc accaactcta acaagttgct	60
gtcttccact cactgtctgt aagcttttta acccagacwg tatcttcata aatagaacaa	120
attcttcacc agtcacatct tctaggacct ttttggttc agttagtata agctcttcca	180
cttcctttgt taagacttca tctggtaaag tcttaagttt tgtagaaagg aattyaattg	240
ctcgttctct aacaatgtcc tctccttgaa gtatttggtc gaacaaccca cctaaagtcc	300
ctttgtgcat ccattttaaa tatacttaat agggcattgk tncactaggt taaattctgc	360
aagagtcacg tgtctgcaaa agttgcgtta gtatatctgc ca	402

<210> 192

<211> 601

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (601)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 192

gagctcggat ccaataatct ttgtctgagg gcagcacaca tatncagtgc catggnaact	60
ggtctacccc acatgggagc agcatgccgt agntatataa ggtcattccc tgagtcagac	120
atgcytyttt gaytaccgtg tgccaagtgc tgggtgattct yaacacacyt ccatcccgyt	180
cttttgtgga aaaactggca cttktctgga actagcarga catcacttac aaattcacc	240
acgagacact tgaaagggtg aacaaagcga ytcttgcat gctttttgtc cctccggcac	300
cagttgtcaa tactaaccg ctggtttgcc tccatcacat ttgtgatctg tagctctgga	360
tacatctcct gacagtactg aagaacttct tcttttgtt caaaagcarg tcttggtgcc	420
tgttggaatca ggttcccatt tcccagtcyg aatgttcaca tggcatattt wacttcccac	480
aaaacattgc gatttgaggc tcagcaacag caaatcctgt tccggcattg gctgcaagag	540
cctcgatgta gccggccagc gccaaaggcag gcgccgtgag cccaccagc agcagaagca	600
g	601

<210> 193

<211> 608

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (608)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 193

atacagccca nateccacca cgaagatgcg cttgttgact gagaacctga tgcggtcact	60
ggtccccgtg tagccccagc gactctccac ctgctggaag cggttgatgc tgcactcytt	120
cccaacgcag gcagmagcgg gscgggtcaa tgaactccay tcgtggcttg gggtkgacgg	180
tkaagtgcag gaagaggctg accacctcgc ggtccaccag gatgcccgac tgtgcgggac	240
ctgcagcgaa actcctcgat ggtcatgagc ggggaagcgaa tgaggcccag ggccttgccc	300

```

agaaccttcc gcctgttctc tggcgtcacc tgcagctgct gccgctgaca ctgggcctcg 360
gaccagcgga caaacggcrt tgaacagccg cacctcacgg atgcccagtg tgtcgcgctc 420
caggamrgsc accagcgtgt ccaggccaat gtcggtgaag ccctccgcgg gtrtgccgt 480
ctgcagtgtt tttgtcgatg ttctccaggc acaggctggc cagctgcggt tcatcgaaga 540
gtcgcgcctg cgtgagcagc atgaaggcgt tgtcggctcg cagttcttct tcaggaactc 600
cacgcaat 608

```

<210> 194

<211> 392

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(392)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 194

```

gaacggctgg accttgccctc gcattgtgct tgctggcagg gaataccttg gcaagcagyt 60
ccagtcgag cagccccaga ccgctgccgc ccgaagctaa gcctgcctct ggccctcccc 120
tccgcctcaa tgcagaacca gtagtgggag cactgtgttt agagttaaga gtgaacactg 180
tttgatttta cttgggaatt tcctctgtta tatagctttt cccaatgcta atttccaaac 240
aacaacaaca aaataacatg tttgcctgtt aagttgtata aaagtaggtg attctgtatt 300
taaagaaaat attactgtta catatactgc ttgcaatttc tgtatttatt gktnctstgg 360
aaataaatat agttattaaa gggtgtcant cc 392

```

<210> 195

<211> 502

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(502)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 195

```

ccsttkgagg ggtkaggkyc cagttyccga gtggaagaaa caggccagga gaagtgcgtg 60
ccgagctgag gcagatgttc ccacagtgc cccagagcc stgggstata gtytctgacc 120
cctcncaagg aaagaccacs ttctggggac atgggctgga gggcaggacc tagaggcacc 180
aagggaaggc cccattccgg ggstgttccc cgaggaggaa gggaaagggc tctgtgtgcc 240
ccccasgagg aagaggccct gagtcctggg atcagacacc ccttcacgtg tatccccaca 300
caaatgcaag ctcaccaagg tcccctctca gtccccttcc stacacctg amcgccact 360
gscscacacc caccagagc acgccacccg ccattggggar tgtgctcaag gartcgcnng 420
gcarcgtgga catctngtcc cagaaggggg cagaatctcc aatagangga ctgarcmstt 480
gctnanaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa 502

```

<210> 196

<211> 665

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(665)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 196

```

ggttacttgg tttcattgcc accacttagt ggatgtcatt tagaaccatt ttgtctgctc      60
cctctggaag ccttgccgag agcggacttt gtaattgttg gagaataact gctgaatttt      120
wagctgtttk gagttgatts gcaccactgc acccacaact tcaatatgaa aacyawttga      180
actwatttat tatcttgtga aaagtataac aatgaaaatt ttgttcatac tgtattkac      240
aagtatgatg aaaagcaawa gatatatata cttttattat gttaaattat gattgccatt      300
attaatcggc aaaatgtgga gtgtatgttc ttttcacagt aatatatgcc ttttgaact      360
tcacttgggt attttattgt aaatgattta caaaattctt aatttaagar aatggtatgt      420
wataatttat tcattaattt ctttcctkgt ttacgtwaat ttgaaaaaga wtgcatgatt      480
tcttgacaga aatcgatctt gatgctgtgg aagtagtttg acccacatcc ctatgagttt      540
ttcttagaat gtataaagggt tgtagcccat cnaacttcaa agaaaaaat gaccacatac      600
tttgcataca ggctgaaatg tggcatgctn ttctaattcc aactttataa actagcaaan      660
aagtg

```

<210> 197

<211> 492

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (492)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 197

```

tttntttttt ttttttttgc aggaaggatt ccatttattg tggatgcatt ttcacaatat      60
atgtttattg gagcgatcca ttatcagtga aaagtatcaa gtgtttataa natttttagg      120
aaggcagatt cacagaacat gctngtcngc ttgcagtttt acctcgtna gatnacagag      180
aattatagtc naaccagtaa acnaggaatt tacttttcaa aagattaaat ccaaactgaa      240
caaaatttcta cctgaaact tactccatcc aaatattgga ataanagtca gcagtgtac      300
attctcttct gaactttaga ttttctagaa aaatatgtaa tagtgatcag gaagagctct      360
tgttcaaaag tacaacnaag caatgttccc ttaccatagg ccttaattca aactttgatc      420
catttcactc ccatacggg agtcaatgct acctgggaca cttgtatttt gtcatnctg      480
ancntggctt aa

```

<210> 198

<211> 478

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (478)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 198

```

tttnttttgn atttcantct gtannaanta ttttcattat gtttattana aaaatatnaa      60
tgtntccacn acaaatcatn ttacntnagt aagaggccan ctacattgta caacatacac      120
tgagtatatt ttgaaaagga caagttttaa gtanacncat attgccganc atancacatt      180
tatacatggc ttgattgata tttagcacag canaaactga gtgagttacc agaaanaaat      240
natatatgtc aatcngattt aagatacaaa acagatccta tggtagatan catcntgtag      300
gagttgtggc tttatgttta ctgaaagtca atgcagttcc tgtacaaaga gatggccgta      360
agcattctag tacctctact ccatacgtaa gaatcgtaca cttatgttta catatgtnc      420

```

gggtaagaat tgtgttaagt naanttatgg agagggtccan gagaaaaatt tgaatncaa 478

<210> 199

<211> 482

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(482)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 199

agtgacttgt cctccaacaa aacccttga tcaagtttgt ggcactgaca atcagaccta	60
tgctagtcc tgtcatctat tcgtactaa atgcagactg gaggggacca aaaaggggca	120
tcaactccag ctggattatt ttggagcctg caaatctatt cctacttgta cggactttga	180
agtgattcag ttctctctac ggatgagaga ctggctcaag aatctctca tgcagcttta	240
tgaagccnac tctgaacacg ctggttatct nagatgagaa ncagagaaat aaagtcnaga	300
aaatttacct ggangaaaag aggctttngg ctggggacca tccattgaa ccttctctta	360
anggacttta agaanaaact accacatgtn tgtngtatcc tgggtgccngg ccgtttantg	420
aacntngacn ncacccttnt ggaatanant cttgacngcn tcttgaactt gctcctctgc	480
ga	482

<210> 200

<211> 270

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(270)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 200

cgcccgcaag tgcaactcca gctggggcgg tgcggacgaa gattctgcc a gcagttggtc	60
cgactgcgac gacggcggcg gcgacagtcg cagggtgcag gcgggcgcct ggggtcttgc	120
aaggctgagc tgacgccgca gaggtcgtgt cacgtccac gaccttgacg ccgtcgggga	180
cagccggaac agagcccggg gaangcggga ggccctcggg agcccctcgg gaagggcggc	240
ccgagagata cgcaggtgca ggtggccgcc	270

<210> 201

<211> 419

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(419)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 201

tttttttttt ttttggaaac tactgcgagc acagcaggtc agcaacaagt ttattttgca	60
gctagcaagg taacagggtg gggcatggtt acatgttcag gtcaacttcc ttgtcgtggt	120
ttgattcgtt tgtctttatg ggggcggggt ggggtagggg aaancgaagc anaantaaca	180
tggagtgggt gcacctccc tgtagaacct ggttacnaaa gcttggggca gtacacctgg	240

tctgtgaccg	tcattttctt	gacatcaatg	ttattagaag	tcaggatata	ttttagagag	300
tccactgtnt	ctggaggagg	attagggttt	cttgccaana	tccaancaa	atccacntga	360
aaaagttgga	tgatncangt	acngaatacc	ganggcatan	ttctcatant	cgggtggcca	419

<210> 202

<211> 509

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(509)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 202

tttntttttt	ttttttttt	ttttttttt	ttttttttt	ttttttttt	ttttttttt	60
tggcacttaa	tccattttta	tttcaaaatg	tctacaaant	ttnaatncnc	cattatacng	120
gtnattttnc	aaaatctaaa	nnttattcaa	atntnagcca	aantccttac	ncaaatnnaa	180
tacnncnaaa	aatcaaaaaa	atacntntct	ttcagcaaac	ttngttacat	aaattaaaaa	240
aatatatacg	gctggtgttt	tcaaagtaca	attatcttaa	cactgcaaac	atnttttnnaa	300
ggaactaaaa	taaaaaaaaa	cactnccgca	aagggttaaag	ggaacaacaa	attcntttta	360
caacancncn	nattataaaa	atcatatctc	aaatcttagg	ggaatatata	cttcacacng	420
ggatcttaac	ttttactnca	ctttgtttat	ttttttanaa	ccattgtnnt	gggccaacaa	480
caatggnaat	nccnccnncn	tggaactagt				509

<210> 203

<211> 583

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(583)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 203

tttttttttt	ttttttttga	ccccctctt	ataaaaaaca	agttaccatt	ttattttact	60
tacacatatt	tattttataa	ttggtattag	atattcaaaa	ggcagctttt	aaaatcaaac	120
taaatggaaa	ctgccttaga	tacataattc	ttaggaatta	gcttaaaaac	tgccataaagt	180
gaaaatcttc	tctagctctt	ttgactgtaa	atttttgact	cttgtaaaaac	atccaaattc	240
atttttcttg	tctttaaaat	tatctaattc	ttccattttt	tccctattcc	aagtcaattt	300
gcttctctag	cctcattttc	tagctcttat	ctactattag	taagtggctt	ttttcctaaa	360
agggaaaaaca	ggaagagana	atggcacaca	aaacaaacat	tttatattca	tatttctacc	420
tacgttaata	aaatagcatt	ttgtgaagcc	agctcaaaaag	aaggcttaga	tccttttatg	480
tccatttttag	tcactaaacg	atatcnaaag	tgccagaatg	caaaagggtt	gtgaacattt	540
attcaaaagc	taataaaga	tatttcacat	actcatcttt	ctg		583

<210> 204

<211> 589

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(589)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 204

ttttttttnt tttttttttt ttttttntct tttttttttt ttganaatga ggatcgagtt	60
tttactcttc tagatagggc atgaagaaaa ctcatctttc cagctttaaa ataacaatca	120
aatctcttat gctatatcat attttaagtt aaactaatga gtcactggct tatcttctcc	180
tgaaggaaat ctgttcattc ttctcattca tatagttata tcaagtacta ccttgcatat	240
tgagaggttt ttcttctcta ttacacata tatttccatg tgaatttgta tcaaaccttt	300
attttcatgc aaactagaaa ataatgtntt cttttgcata agagaagaga acaatatnag	360
cattacaaaa ctgctcaaat tgtttgttaa gnttatccat tataattagt tnggcaggag	420
ctaatacaaa tcacatttac ngacnagcaa taataaaaact gaagtaccag ttaaatatcc	480
aaaataatta aaggaacatt tttagcctgg gtataattag ctaattcact ttacaagcat	540
ttattnagaa tgaattcaca tgttattatt centagccca acacaatgg	589

<210> 205

<211> 545

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(545)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 205

ttttntttt ttttttcagt aataatcaga acaatattta tttttatatt taaaattcat	60
agaaaagtgc cttacattta ataaaagttt gtttctcaaa gtgatcagag gaattagata	120
tngtcttgaa caccaatatt aatttgagga aaatacacca aaatacatta agtaaattat	180
ttaagatcat agagcttgta agtgaaaaga taaaatttga cctcagaaac tctgagcatt	240
aaaaatccac tattagcaaa taaattacta tggacttctt gctttaattt tgtgatgaat	300
atgggggtgc actggtaaac caacacattc tgaaggatac attacttagt gatagattct	360
tatgtacttt gctanatnac gtggatatga gttgacaagt ttctcttctt tcaatctttt	420
aaggggcnga ngaaatgagg aagaaaagaa aaggattacg catactgttc ttctatnng	480
aaggattaga tatgtttctt ttgccaatat taaaaaata ataatgttta ctactagtga	540
aaccc	545

<210> 206

<211> 487

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(487)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 206

ttttttttt ttttttagtc aagtttctna tttttattat aattaaagtc ttggctattt	60
catttattag ctctgcaact tacatattta aattaaagaa acgttnttag acaactgtna	120
caatttataa atgtaagggtg ccattattga gtanatata tctccaaga gtggatgtgt	180
cccttctccc accaactaat gaancagcaa cattagttta attttattag tagatnatac	240
actgctgcaa acgctaattc tcttctccat ccccatgtng atattgtgta tatgtgtgag	300
ttggttagaa tgcattcanca atctnacaat caacagcaag atgaagctag gcntgggctt	360
tcggtgaaaa tagactgtgt ctgtctgaat caaatgatct gacctatcct cgggtggcaag	420
aactcttcca accgcttctt caaaggcngc tggcacattt gtggcctctn ttgcactgtg	480

ttcaaaa

487

<210> 207

<211> 332

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(332)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 207

tgaattggct	aaaagactgc	atTTTTanaa	ctagcaactc	ttatttcttt	cctttaaaaa	60
tacatagcat	taaatcccaa	atcctattta	aagacctgac	agcttgagaa	ggtcactact	120
gcatttatag	gaccttctgg	tggttctgct	gttacntttg	aantctgaca	atccttgana	180
atctttgcat	gcagaggagg	taaaagggtat	tggattttca	cagaggaana	acacagcgca	240
gaaatgaagg	ggccaggctt	actgagcttg	tccactggag	ggctcatggg	tgggacatgg	300
aaaagaaggc	agcctaggcc	ctggggagcc	ca			332

<210> 208

<211> 524

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(524)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 208

agggcggtgt	gcgaggggcg	ttactgtttt	gtctcagtaa	caataaatat	aaaaagactg	60
gttgtgttcc	ggccccatcc	aaccacgaag	ttgatttctc	ttgtgtgcag	agtgactgat	120
tttaaaggac	atggagcttg	tcacaatgtc	acaatgtcac	agtgtgaagg	gcacactcac	180
tcccgcgtga	ttcacattta	gcaaccaaca	atagctcatg	agtccatact	tgtaaatact	240
tttggcagaa	tacttnttga	aacttgacga	tgataactaa	gatccaagat	atttcccaaa	300
gtaaatagaa	gtgggtcata	atattaatta	cctgttcaca	tcagcttcca	tttacaagtc	360
atgagcccag	acactgacat	caaactaagc	ccacttagac	tcctcaccac	cagtctgtcc	420
tgtcatcaga	caggaggctg	tcaccttgac	caaattctca	ccagtcaatc	atctatccaa	480
aaaccattac	ctgatccact	tccggtaatg	caccaccttg	gtga		524

<210> 209

<211> 159

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 209

gggtgaggaa	atccagagtt	gccatggaga	aaattccagt	gtcagcattc	ttgtctcttg	60
tggccctctc	ctacactctg	gccagagata	ccacagtcaa	acctggagcc	aaaaaggaca	120
caaaggactc	tcgacccaaa	ctgccccaga	ccctctcca			159

<210> 210

<211> 256

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(256)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 210
 actccctggc agacaaaggc agaggagaga gctctgttag ttctgtgttg ttgaactgcc 60
 actgaatttc tttccacttg gactattaca tgccanttga gggactaatg gaaaaacgta 120
 tggggagatt ttanccaatt tangtntgta aatggggaga ctggggcagg cgggagagat 180
 ttgcagggtg naaatgggan ggctgggttg ttanatgaac agggacatag gaggtaggca 240
 ccaggatgct aaatca 256

<210> 211
 <211> 264
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(264)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 211
 acattgtttt tttagataa agcattgaga gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60
 actggaacac ataccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120
 atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gttaaggaga 180
 ggggagatac attcngaaag aggactgaaa gaaatactca agtnggaaaa cagaaaaaga 240
 aaaaaaggag caaatgagaa gcct 264

<210> 212
 <211> 328
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(328)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 212
 acccaaaaaat ccaatgctga atatttggtc tcattattcc canattcttt gattgtcaaa 60
 ggatttaatg ttgtctcagc ttgggcactt cagttaggac ctaaggatgc cagccggcag 120
 gtttatatat gcagcaacaa tattcaagcg cgacaacagg ttattgaact tgcccgccag 180
 ttnaatttca tttccattga cttgggatcc ttatcatcag ccagagagat tgaaaattta 240
 cccctacnac tctttactct ctgganaggg ccagtgggtg tagctataag cttggccaca 300
 ttttttttct cttttttcct ttgtcaga 328

<210> 213
 <211> 250
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (250)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 213

acttatgagc agagcgacat atccnagtgt agactgaata aaactgaatt ctctccagtt	60
taaagcattg ctccactgaag ggatagaagt gactgccagg agggaaagta agccaaggct	120
cattatgcca aagganatat acatttcaat tctccaaact tcttcctcat tccaagagtt	180
ttcaatattt gcatgaacct gctgataanc catgttaana aacaaatata tctctnacct	240
tctcatcggt	250

<210> 214

<211> 444

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (444)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 214

accagaatc caatgctgaa tatttggctt cattattccc agattctttg attgtcaaag	60
gatttaattg tgtctcagct tgggcacttc agttaggacc taaggatgcc agccggcagg	120
tttatatatg cagcaacaat attcaagcgc gacaacaggt tattgaactt gcccgccagt	180
tgaatttcat tcccattgac ttgggatcct tatcatcagc canagagatt gaaaatttac	240
ccctacgact ctttactctc tggagagggc cagtgggtgg agctataagc ttggccacat	300
ttttttttcc tttattcctt tgtcagagat gcgattcctc catatgctan aaaccaacag	360
agtgaacttt acaaaattcc tataganatt gtgaataaaa ccttacctat agttgccatt	420
actttgctct cctaatata cctc	444

<210> 215

<211> 366

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (366)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 215

acttatgagc agagcgacat atccaagtgt anactgaata aaactgaatt ctctccagtt	60
taaagcattg ctccactgaag ggatagaagt gactgccagg agggaaagta agccaaggct	120
cattatgcca aagganatat acatttcaat tctccaaact tcttcctcat tccaagagtt	180
ttcaatattt gcatgaacct gctgataagc catgttgaga aacaaatata tctctgacct	240
tctcatcggt aagcagagggc tgtaggcaac atggaccata gcgaanaaaa aacttagtaa	300
tccaagctgt tttctacact gtaaccaggt ttccaaccaa ggtggaaatc tcctatactt	360
ggtgcc	366

<210> 216

<211> 260

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(260)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 216
 ctgtataaac agaactccac tgcangaggg agggccgggc caggagaatc tccgcttgtc 60
 caagacaggg gcctaaggag ggtctccaca ctgctnntaa gggctnttnc atttttttat 120
 taataaaaaag tnnaaaaggc ctcttctcaa cttttttccc ttnggctgga aaatttaaaa 180
 atcaaaaatt tcctnaagtt ntcaagctat catatatact ntatcctgaa aaagcaacat 240
 aattcttctt tccctccttt 260

<210> 217
 <211> 262
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(262)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 217
 acctacgtgg gtaagtttan aaatgttata atttcaggaa naggaacgca tataattgta 60
 tcttgccat aattttctat ttaataagg aaatagcaaa ttgggggtggg gggaatgtag 120
 ggcattctac agtttgagca aaatgcaatt aaatgtggaa ggacagcact gaaaaatttt 180
 atgaataatc tgtatgatta tatgtctcta gagtagattt ataattagcc acttacccta 240
 atatccttca tgcttgtaaa gt 262

<210> 218
 <211> 205
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(205)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 218
 accaaggtgg tgcattaccg gaantggatc aangacacca tcgtggccaa cccctgagca 60
 cccctatcaa ctcccttttg tagtaaaactt ggaaccttgg aaatgaccag gccaaagactc 120
 aggcctcccc agttctactg acctttgtcc ttangtntna ngtccagggt tgctaggaaa 180
 anaaatcagc agacacaggt gtaaa 205

<210> 219
 <211> 114
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 219
 tactgttttg tctcagtaac aataaatata aaaagactgg ttgtgttccg gccccatcca 60
 accacgaagt tgatttctct tgtgtgcaga gtgactgatt ttaaaggaca tgga 114

<210> 220
 <211> 93

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 220

actagccagc acaaaaaggca gggtagcctg aattgctttc tgctctttac atttctttta	60
aaataagcat ttagtgctca gtcctactg agt	93

<210> 221

<211> 167

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(167)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 221

actangtgca ggtgcgcaca aatatttgtc gatattccct tcctcttgga ttccatgagg	60
tcctttgccc agcctgtggc tctactgtag taagtttctg ctgatgagga gccagnatgc	120
ccccactac cttccttgac gtcctccana aatcacccaa cctctgt	167

<210> 222

<211> 351

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 222

agggcggtgt gcgaggggcg gtactgacct cattagtagg aggatgcatt ctggcacccc	60
gttcttcacc tgtcccccaa tccttaaaag gccatactgc ataaagtcaa caacagataa	120
atggttgctg aattaaagga tggatgaaaa aaattaataa tgaatttttg cataatccaa	180
tttctcttt tatatttcta gaagaagttt ctttgagcct attagatccc gggaatcttt	240
taggtgagca tgattagaga gctttaggtg tgcttttaca tatatctggc atatttgagt	300
ctcgtatcaa aacaatagat tggtaaagggt ggtattattg tattgataag t	351

<210> 223

<211> 383

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(383)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 223

aaaacaaaca aacaaaaaaa acaattcttc attcagaaaa attatcttag ggactgatat	60
tggttaattat ggtcaattta atwrrtrttk ggggcatttc cttacattgt cttgacaaga	120
ttaaaatgtc tgtgccaaaa ttttgatatt tatttgagga cttcttatca aaagtaatgc	180
tgccaaagga agtctaagga attagtagtg tccccmtcac ttgtttggag tgtgctattc	240
taaaagattt tgaatttcctg gaatgacaat tatattttta ctttggtggg ggaaanagtt	300
ataggaccac agtcttcact tctgatactt gtaaattaat cttttattgc acttgttttg	360
accattaagc tatatgttta aaa	383

<210> 224

<211> 320
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 224
 cccctgaagg cttcttggtta gaaaatagta cagttacaac caataggaac aacaaaaaga 60
 aaaagtttgt gacattgttag tagggagtgt gtacccttca ctcccatca aaaaaaaaaat 120
 ggatacatgg ttaaaggata raagggaat attttatcat atgttctaaa agagaaggaa 180
 gagaaaatac tactttctcr aaatggaagc ccttaaagggt gctttgatac tgaaggacac 240
 aaatgtggcc gtccatcctc ctttaragtt gcatgacttg gacacggtaa ctgttgagcgt 300
 tttaractcm gcattgtgac 320

<210> 225
 <211> 1214
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 225
 gaggactgca gcccgcactc gcagccctgg caggcgccac tgggtcatgga aaacgaattg 60
 ttctgctcgg gcgtcctggt gcatcccgag tgggtgctgt cagccgcaca ctgtttccag 120
 aactcctaca ccacgaggct gggcctgcac agtcttgagg ccgaccaaga gccagggagc 180
 cagatgggtg aggccagcct ctccgtacgg caccagagt acaacagacc cttgctcgtc 240
 aacgacctca tgctcatcaa gttggacgaa tccgtgtccg agtctgacac catccggagc 300
 atcagcattg cttcgcagtg ccctaccgag gggaaactctt gcctcgtttc tggctggggc 360
 ctgctggcga acggcagaat gcctaccgtg ctgcagtgcg tgaacgtgtc ggtggtgtct 420
 gaggaggctc gcagtaagct ctatgacccg ctgtaccacc ccagcatgtt ctgcgcgggc 480
 ggagggcaag accagaagga ctctgcaac ggtgactctg gggggccctt gatctgcaac 540
 gggtaacttg agggccttgt gtctttcggg aaagccccgt gtggccaagt tggcgtgcc 600
 ggtgtctaca ccaacctctg caaatcact gagtgatag agaaaaccgt ccaggccagt 660
 taactctggg gactgggaac ccataaatt gacccccaaa tacatcctgc ggaaggaatt 720
 caggaatatc tgttcccagc ccctcctccc tcaggccagc gagtccaggc cccagcccc 780
 tcttccctca aaccaagggt acagatcccc agccccctc ccctcagacc caggagtcca 840
 gacccccag cccctcctc ctcagaccca ggagtccagc ccctcctccc tcagaccag 900
 gagtccagac cccccagccc ctctcctc agacccagggt gtccaggccc ccaaccctc 960
 ctccctcaga ctcagagggt caagccccca accctcctt cccagaccc agagggtccag 1020
 gtcccagccc ctctcctc agacccagcg gtccaatgcc acctagactc tccctgtaca 1080
 cagtgcctcc ttgtggcacg ttgacccaac cttaccagtt gggttttcat tttttgtccc 1140
 tttcccttag atccagaaat aaagtctaag agaagcgcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1200
 aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 1214

<210> 226
 <211> 119
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 226
 acccagtatg tgcagggaga cggaacccca tgtgacagcc cactccacca gggttcccaa 60
 agaacctggc ccagtcataa tcattcatcc tgacagtggc aataatcacg ataaccagt 119

<210> 227
 <211> 818
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 227

acaattcata	gggacgacca	atgaggacag	ggaatgaacc	cggtctctccc	ccagccctga	60
tttttgctac	atatggggtc	ccttttcatt	ctttgcaaaa	acactgggtt	ttctgagaac	120
acggacgggt	cttagcacia	tttgtgaaat	ctgtgtaraa	ccgggctttg	caggggagat	180
aattttcttc	ctctggagga	aaggtggtga	ttgacaggca	gggagacagt	gacaaggcta	240
gagaaagcca	cgctcggcct	tctctgaacc	aggatggaac	ggcagacccc	tgaaaacgaa	300
gcttgctccc	ttccaatcag	ccactttctga	gaacccccat	ctaacttctt	actggaaaag	360
agggcctcct	caggagcagt	ccaagagttt	tcaaagataa	cgtgacaact	accatctaga	420
ggaaaggggtg	caccctcagc	agagaagccg	agagcttaac	tctggctcgtt	tccagagaca	480
acctgctggc	tgtcttgga	tgcgcccagc	ctttgagagg	ccactacccc	atgaacttct	540
gcatccact	ggacatgaag	ctgaggacac	tgggcttcaa	cactgagttg	tcatgagagg	600
gacaggctct	gccctcaagc	cggtcgagg	cagcaaccac	tctcctcccc	ttcttcacgc	660
aaagccattc	ccacaaatcc	agaccatacc	atgaagcaac	gagacccaaa	cagtttggt	720
caagaggata	tgaggactgt	ctcagcctgg	ctttgggctg	acascctgca	cacacacaag	780
gtccacttct	aggttttcag	cctagatggg	agtcgtgt			818

<210> 228

<211> 744

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 228

actggagaca	ctgttgaact	tgatcaagac	ccagaccacc	ccaggtctcc	ttcgtgggat	60
gtcatgacgt	ttgacatacc	tttggaaacga	gcctcctcct	tggaaagatgg	aagaccgtgt	120
tctgtggccga	cctggcctct	cctggcctgt	ttcttaagat	gcggagtac	atttcaatgg	180
taggaaaagt	ggcttcgtaa	aatagaagag	cagtcactgt	ggaactacca	aatggcgaga	240
tgctcgggtc	acattgggggt	gctttgggat	aaaagattta	tgagccaact	attctctggc	300
accagattct	aggccagttt	gttccactga	agcttttccc	acagcagtcc	acctctgcag	360
gctggcagct	gaatggcctt	ccggtggctc	tgtggcaaga	tcacactgag	atcgatgggt	420
gagaaggcta	ggatgcttgt	ctagtgttct	tagctgtcac	gttggctcct	tccaggttgg	480
ccagacgggtg	ttggccactc	ccttctaaaa	cacaggcgcc	ctcctgggtga	cagtgaacccg	540
ccgtggtatg	ccttggccca	ttccagcagt	cccagttatg	catttcaagt	ttgggggttg	600
ttcttttctg	taatgttcct	ctgtgtgtgc	agctgtcttc	atttcttggg	ctaagcagca	660
ttgggagatg	tggaccagag	atccactcct	taagaaccag	tggcgaaaga	cactttcttt	720
cttccactctg	aagtagctgg	tggt				744

<210> 229

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 229

cgagtctggg	ttttgtctat	aaagtttgat	ccctcctttt	ctcatccaaa	tcatgtgaac	60
cattacacat	cgaaataaaa	gaaaggtggc	agacttgccc	aacgccaggc	tgacatgtgc	120
tgcagggttg	ttgtttttta	attattattg	ttgaaacgt	cacccacagt	ccctgttaat	180
ttgtatgtga	cagccaactc	tgagaaggtc	ctatttttcc	acctgcagag	gatccagtct	240
cactaggctc	ctccttgccc	tcacactgga	gtctccgcca	gtgtgggtgc	ccactgacat	300

<210> 230

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 230

cagcagaaca	aatacaata	tgaagagtgc	aaagatctca	taaaatctat	gctgaggaat	60
gagcgacagt	tcaaggagga	gaagcttgca	gagcagctca	agcaagctga	ggagctcagg	120

```

caatataaag tcctggttca cactcaggaa cgagagctga cccagttaag ggagaagttg      180
cggaagggga gagatgcctc cctctcattg aatgagcctc tccaggccct cctcactcgg      240
gatgaaccgg acaagccccg ggggcaggac ctccaagaaa cagacctcgg ccgcgaccac      300
g                                                                                   301

```

```

<210> 231
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 231
gcaagcacgc tggcaaatct ctgtcaggtc agctccagag aagccattag tcatttttagc      60
caggaaactcc aagtccacat ccttggcaac tggggacttg cgcagggttag ccttgaggat      120
ggcaacacgg gacttctcat caggaagtgg gatgtagatg agctgatcaa gacggccagg      180
tctgaggatg gcaggatcaa tgatgtcagg ccggttggtg ccgccaatga tgaacacatt      240
tttttttgtg gacatgccat ccatttctgt caggatctgg ttgatgactc ggtcagcagc      300
c                                                                                   301

```

```

<210> 232
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 232
agtaggtatt tcgtgagaag ttcaacacca aaactggaac atagtctctc ttcaagtgtt      60
ggcgacagcg gggcttcctg attctggaat ataactttgt gttaaattaac agccacctat      120
agaagagtcc atctgctgtg aaggagagac agagaactct ggggtccgct gtccctgtcca      180
cgtgctgtac caagtgtcgg tgccagcctg ttacctgttc tcaactgaaa tctggctaatt      240
gctctgtgtg atcacttctg attctgacaa tcaatcaatc aatggcctag agcactgact      300
g                                                                                   301

```

```

<210> 233
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 233
atgactgact tcccagtaag gctctctaag gggtaagtag gaggatccac aggatttgag      60
atgctaaggc cccagagatc gtttgatcca accctcttat ttccagaggg gaaaatgggg      120
cctagaagtt acagagcctc tagctggtgc gctggcaccg ctggcctcac acagactccc      180
gagtagctgg gactacaggc acacagtcac tgaagcaggc cctgttagca attctatgcg      240
tacaatttaa catgagatga gtagagactt tattgagaaa gcaagagaaa atcctatcaa      300
c                                                                                   301

```

```

<210> 234
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 234
aggctctaca catcgagact catccatgat tgatatgaat ttaaaaatta caagcaaaga      60
cattttattc atcatgatgc ttctttttgt ttctcttttt cgttttcttc tttttctttt      120
tcaatttcag caacatactt ctcaaattct tcaggattta aaatcttgag ggattgatct      180
cgctcatga cagcaagttc aatgtttttg ccacctgact gaaccacttc caggagtgcc      240
ttgatcacca gcttaatggc cagatcatct gcttcaatgg cttcgtcagt atagttcttc      300

```

t 301

<210> 235
 <211> 283
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 235
 tggggctgtg catcaggcgg gtttgagaaa tattcaattc tcagcagaag ccagaatttg 60
 aattccctca tcttttaggg aatcatttac caggtttgga gaggattcag acagctcagg 120
 tgctttcact aatgtctctg aacttctgtc cctctttgtt catggatagt ccaataaata 180
 atgttatctt tgaactgatg ctcataggag agaataaag aactctgagt gatatcaaca 240
 ttagggtattc aaagaaatat tagattttaag ctcacactgg tca 283

<210> 236
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 236
 aggtcctcca ccaactgcct gaagcacggg taaaattggg aagaagtata gtgcagcata 60
 aatactttta aatcgatcag atttccctaa cccacatgca atcttcttca ccagaagagg 120
 tcggagcagc atcattaata ccaagcagaa tgcgtaatag ataaatacaa tggatatag 180
 tgggtagacg gcttcatgag tacagtgtac tgtgggtatcg taatctggac ttgggttgta 240
 aagcatcgtg taccagtcag aaagcatcaa tactcgacat gaacgaatat aaagaacacc 300
 a 301

<210> 237
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 237
 cagtggtagt ggtgggtggc gtggcggttg tctgggtgcc ttttttggtg cccgtcacia 60
 actcaatttt tgttcgctcc tttttggcct ttccaattt gtccatctca attttctggg 120
 ccttggctaa tgcctcatag taggagtcct cagaccagcc atggggatca aacatatact 180
 ttgggtagt: ggtgccaaagc tcgtcaatgg cacagaatgg atcagcttct cgtaaatcta 240
 gggttccgaa attctttctt cctttggata atgtagttca tatccattcc ctcttttctc 300
 t 301

<210> 238
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 238
 gggcagggtt tttttttttt ttttttgatg gtgcagaccc ttgctttatt tgtctgactt 60
 gttcacagtt cagccccctg ctcagaaaaa caacggggcca gctaaggaga ggaggaggca 120
 ccttgagact tccggagtcg aggcctctcca gggttcccca gcccatcaat cattttctgc 180
 accccctgcc tgggaagcag ctccctgggg ggtgggaatg ggtgactaga agggatttca 240
 gtgtgggacc cagggtctgt tcttcacagt aggggttgga agggatgact aatttcttta 300
 t 301

<210> 239
 <211> 239

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 239

ataagcagct aggggaattct ttatttagta atgtcctaac ataaaagttc acataactgc	60
ttctgtcaaa ccatgatact gagctttgtg acaaccaga aataactaag agaaggcaaa	120
cataatacct tagagatcaa gaaacattta cacagttcaa ctgtttaaaa atagctcaac	180
attcagccag tgagtagagt gtgaatgcca gcatacacag tatacaggtc cttcaggga	239

<210> 240

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 240

ggtcctaagt aagcagcagc ttccacattt taacgcaggt ttacgggtgat actgtccttc	60
gggatctgcc ctccagtggg accctttaag gaagaagtgg gcccaagcta agttccacat	120
gctgggtgag ccagatgact tctgttcctt ggtcactttc ttcaatgggg cgaatggggg	180
ctgccagggt tttaaaatca tgcttcactt tgaagcacac ggtcacttca ccttcctcac	240
gctgtgggtg tactttgatg aaaataccca cttgtttggc ctttctgaag ctataatgtc	300

<210> 241

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 241

gaggctcggg gctgaggtct ctgggctagg aagaggagtt ctgtggagct ggaagccaga	60
cctcttttga ggaaactcca gcagctatgt tgggtgtctt gaggggaatgc aacaaggctg	120
ctcctccatg tattggaaaa ctgcaaaactg gactcaactg gaagggaagt ctgctgccag	180
tgtgaagaac cagcctgagg tgacagaaac ggaagcaaac aggaacagcc agtcttttct	240
tcctcctcct gtcatacggg ctctctcaag catcctttgt tgtcaggggc ctaaaaggga	300
g	301

<210> 242

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 242

ccgaggctct gggatgcaac caatcactct gtttcacgtg acttttatca ccatacaatt	60
tgtggcattt cctcattttc tacattgtag aatcaagagt gtaaataaat gtatatcgat	120
gtcttcaaga atatatcatt cctttttcac tagaaccat tcaaaatata agtcaagaat	180
cttaatatca acaaatatat caagcaaact ggaaggcaga ataactacca taatttagta	240
taagtaccca aagttttata aatcaaaagc cctaatagata accattttta gaattcaatc	300
a	301

<210> 243

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 243

aggtaagtcc cagtttgaag ctcaaaagat ctggtatgag cataggctca tcgacgacat	60
gggtggcccaa gctatgaaat cagaggaggg cttcatctgg gcctgtaaaa actatgatgg	120

tgacgtgcag tggactctg tggcccaagg gtatggctct ctcggcatga tgaccagcgt 180
 gctggtttgt ccagatggca agacagtaga agcagaggct gcccacggga ctgtaaccg 240
 tcactaccgc atgttccaga aaggacagga gacgtccacc aatcccattg cttccatttt 300
 t 301

<210> 244

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 244

gctggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg acttaacctt gaaatggaaa 60
 gtcattgcaat cccatttgcg ggatctgtct gtgcacatgc ctctgtagag agcagcattc 120
 ccagggacct tggaaacagt tgacactgta aggtgcttgc tccccaagac acatcctaaa 180
 aggtgttcta atgggtgaaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgcc ccttcttatt tatgtgaaca 240
 actgtttgtc ttttgtgtat cttttttaaa ctgtaaagt caattgtgaa aatgaatatc 300

<210> 245

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 245

gtctgagtat ttaaaatggt attgaaatta tccccaacca atgttagaaa agaaagagg 60
 tatatactta gataaaaaat gaggtgaatt actatccatt gaaatcatgc tcttagaatt 120
 aaggccagga gatattgtca ttaatgtara cttcaggaca ctagagtata gcagccctat 180
 gttttcaaag agcagagatg caattaaata ttgttttagca tcaaaaaggc cactcaatac 240
 agctaataaa atgaaaagacc taattttctaa agcaattctt tataattttac aaagttttaa 300
 g 301

<210> 246

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 246

ggtctgtcct acaatgcctg cttcttgaaa gaagtcggca ctttctagaa tagctaaata 60
 acctgggctt attttaaaga actatttcta gctcagattg gttttcctat ggctaaaata 120
 agtgcttctt gtgaaaatta aataaaacag ttaattcaaa gccttgatat atgttaccac 180
 taacaatcat actaaatata ttttgaagta caaagtgtga catgctctaa agtgacaacc 240
 caaatgtgtc ttacaaaaca cgttcctaac aaggatatgt ttacactacc aatgcagaaa 300
 c 301

<210> 247

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 247

aggtcctttg gcagggtcga tggatcagag ctcaaactgg agggaaaggc atttcgggta 60
 gcctaagagg gcgactggcg gcagcacaac caaggaaggc aaggttgttt cccccacgct 120
 gtgtcctgtg ttcaggtgcy acacacaatc ctcatgggaa caggatcacc catgcgctgc 180
 ccttgatgat caagggtggg gcttaagtgg attaagggag gcaagttctg ggctccttgc 240
 cttttcaaac catgaagtca ggctctgtat ccctcctttt cctaactgat attctaacta 300
 a 301

<210> 248
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 248
 aggtccttgg agatgccatt tcagccgaag gactcttctw ttcggaagta caccctcact 60
 attaggaaga ttcttagggg taatttttct gaggaaggag aactagccaa cttaagaatt 120
 acaggaagaa agtggtttgg aagacagcca aagaaataaa agcagattaa attgtatcag 180
 gtacattcca gcctgttggc aactccataa aaacatttca gattttaatc ccgaatttag 240
 ctaatgagac tggatttttg ttttttatgt tgtgtgtcgc agagctaaaa actcagttcc 300
 c 301

<210> 249
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 249
 gtccagagga agcacctggg gctgaactag gcttgccctg ctgtgaactt gcacttggag 60
 ccctgacgct gctgttctcc ccgaaaaacc cgaccgacct ccgcgatctc cgccccgcc 120
 ccagggagac acagcagtga ctcagagctg gtgcgcacct gtgcctccct cctcaccgcc 180
 catcgtaatg aattattttg aaaattaatt ccaccatcct ttcagattct ggatggaaag 240
 actgaatctt tgactcagaa ttgtttgctg aaaagaatga tgtgactttc ttagtcattt 300
 a 301

<210> 250
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 250
 ggctgtgac aaggacttgc aggctgtggg aggcaagtga cccttaacac tacacttctc 60
 cttatcttta ttggcttgat aaacataatt atttctaaca ctagcttatt tccagttgcc 120
 cataagcaca tcagtacttt tctctggctg gaatagttaa ctaaagtatg gtacatctac 180
 ctaaaagact actatgtgga ataatacata ctaatgaagt attacatgat ttaaagacta 240
 caataaaacc aaacatgctt ataacattaa gaaaaacaat aaagatacat gattgaaacc 300
 a 301

<210> 251
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 251
 gccgaggtcc tacatttggc ccagtttccc cctgcacct ctccagggcc cctgcctcat 60
 agacaacctc atagagcata ggagaactgg ttgccctggg gccaggggga ctgtctggat 120
 gccaggggtc ctcaaaaatg ccactgtcac tgccaggaaa tgcttctgag cagtacacct 180
 cattgggac aatgaaaagc ttcaagaaat cttcaggctc actctcttga aggccccgaa 240
 cctctggagg ggggcagtgg aatcccagct ccaggacgga tcctgtcgaa aagatatcct 300
 c 301

<210> 252
 <211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 252

```

gcaaccaatc actctgtttc acgtgacttt tatcaccata caatttgtgg catttctca    60
ttttctacat tgtagaatca agagtgtaaa taaatgtata tcgatgtctt caagaatata    120
tcattccttt ttcactagga acccattcaa aatataagtc aagaatctta atatcaacaa    180
atatatcaag caaactggaa ggcagaataa ctaccataat ttagtataag tacccaaagt    240
tttataaatc aaaagccta atgataacca tttttagaat tcaatcatca ctgtagaatc    300
a

```

301

<210> 253

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 253

```

ttccctaaga agatgttatt ttgttgggtt ttgttccccc tccatctcga ttctcgtacc    60
caactaaaaa aaaaaaataa agaaaaaatg tgctgcgttc tgaaaaataa ctcccttagct    120
tggtctgatt gttttcagac cttaaaatat aaacttggtt cacaagcttt aatccatgtg    180
gatttttttt cttagagaac cacaaaacat aaaaggagca agtcggactg aatacctgtt    240
tccatagtgc ccacagggta ttccctcacat tttctccata ggaaaatgct ttttcccaag    300
g

```

301

<210> 254

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 254

```

cgctgcgcct ttcccttggg ggaggggcaa ggccagaggg ggtccaagtg cagcacgagg    60
aacttgacca attcccttga agcgggtggg ttaaaccctg taaatgggaa caaaatcccc    120
ccaaatctct tcattctacc ctggtggact cctgactgta gaattttttg gttgaaacaa    180
gaaaaaaata aagctttgga cttttcaagg ttgcttaaca ggtactgaaa gactggcctc    240
acttaaaactg agccaggaaa agctgcagat ttattaatgg gtgtgttagt gtgcagtgcc    300
t

```

301

<210> 255

<211> 302

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 255

```

agcttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt ttcattaaaa aatagtgttc tttattataa    60
attactgaaa tgttttcttt ctgaatataa atataaatat gtgcaaagtt tgacttggat    120
tggtgatttt tgagttctt caagcatctc ctaataccct caagggcctg agtagggggg    180
aggaaaaagg actggagggt gaatctttat aaaaaacaag agtgattgag gcagattgta    240
aacattatta aaaaacaaga aacaaacaaa aaaatagaga aaaaaaccac cccaacacac    300
aa

```

302

<210> 256

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 256
 gttccagaaa acattgaagg tggcttccca aagtctaact agggataccc cctctagcct 60
 aggaccctcc tccccacacc tcaatccacc aaaccatcca taatgcaccc agataggccc 120
 accccaaaaa gcctggacac cttgagcaca cagttatgac caggacagac tcatctctat 180
 aggcaaatag ctgctggcaa actggcatta cctggtttgt ggggatgggg gggcaagtgt 240
 gtggcctctc ggcctgggta gcaagaacat tcagggtagg cctaagttan tcgtgttagt 300
 t 301

<210> 257
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 257
 gttgtggagg aactctggct tgctcattaa gtcctactga ttttactat cccctgaatt 60
 tccccactta tttttgtctt tcaactatcg aggccttaga agaggtctac ctgcctccag 120
 tcttacctag tccagtctac cccctggagt tagaatggcc atcctgaagt gaaaagtaat 180
 gtcacattac tcccttcagt gatttcttgt agaagtgcc atccctgaat gccaccaaga 240
 tcttaatctt cacatcttta atcttatctc tttgactcct ctttacaccg gagaaggctc 300
 c 301

<210> 258
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 258
 cagcagtagt agatgccgta tgccagcacg cccagcactc ccaggatcag caccagcacc 60
 agggggcccag ccaccaggcg cagaagcaag ataaacagta ggctcaagac cagagccacc 120
 cccagggcaa caagaatcca ataccaggac tgggcaaaat cttcaaagat cttaacactg 180
 atgtctcggg cattgaggct gtcaataana cgctgatccc ctgctgtatg gtggtgtcat 240
 tgggtgatccc tgggagcgcc ggtggagtaa cgttggtcca tggaaagcag cgcccacaac 300
 t 301

<210> 259
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 259

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tcatatatgc aaacaaatgc agactangcc tcaggcagag actaaaggac atctcttggg      60
gtgtcctgaa gtgatttggg cccctgaggg cagacaccta agtaggaatc ccagtgggaa      120
gcaaagccat aaggaagccc aggattcctt gtgacagga agtggggccag gaaggctctgt      180
tccdgctcac atctcatctg catgcagcac ggaccggatg cggccactgg gtcttggctt      240
ccctcccatc ttctcaagca gtgtccttgt tgagccattt gcatccttgg ctccaggtgg      300
c                                                                    301

```

```

<210> 260
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 260
ttttttttct ccctaaggaa aaagaaggaa caagtctcat aaaaccaa at aagcaatggt      60
aaggtgtctt aacttgaaaa agattaggag tctctgggtt acaagttata attgaatgaa      120
agaactgtaa cagccacagt tggccatttc atgccaatgg cagcaaacia caggattaac      180
tagggcaaaa taaataagtg tgtggaagcc ctgataagtg cttaataaac agactgattc      240
actgagacat cagtacctgc ccgggcggcc gctcgagccg aattctgcag atatccatca      300
c                                                                    301

```

```

<210> 261
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 261
aaatattcga gcaaatcctg taactaatgt gtctccataa aaggctttga actcagtgaa      60
tctgcttcca tccacgattc tagcaatgac ctctcggaca tcaaagctcc tcttaaggtt      120
agcaccaact attccataca attcatcagc aggaaataaa ggctcttcag aaggttcaat      180
ggtagacatc aatttcttct gataatttag attcctcaca accttcttag ttaagtgaag      240
ggcatgatga tcattcaaag ccagtggtgc acttactcca gactttctgc aatgaagatc      300
a                                                                    301

```

```

<210> 262
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 262
gaggagagcc tgttacagca tttgtaagca cagaatactc caggagtatt tgtaattgtc      60
tgtgagcttc ttgccgcaag tctctcagaa atttaaaaag atgcaaatcc ctgagtcacc      120
cctagacttc ctaaaccaga tctctgggg ctggaacctg gcactctgca tttgtaatga      180
gggctttctg gtgcacacct aattttgtgc atctttgcc taaatcctgg attagtgcc      240
catcattacc cccacattat aatgggatag attcagagca gatactctcc agcaaagaat      300
c                                                                    301

```

```

<210> 263
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 263

```

tttagcttgt ggtaaatgac tcacaaaact gatttttaaaa tcaagttaat gtgaattttg      60
aaaaattacta cttaatccta attcacaata acaatggcat taaggtttga cttgagttgg      120
ttcttagtat tatttatggg aaataggctc ttaccacttg caaataactg gccacatcat      180
taatgactga cttcccagta aggtctctcta aggggtaagt angaggatcc acaggatttg      240
agatgctaag gccccagaga tcgtttgatc caaccctctt attttcagag gggaaatgg      300
g

```

301

<210> 264

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 264

```

aaagacgtta aaccactcta ctaccacttg tggaactctc aaagggtaaa tgacaaascc      60
aatgaatgac tctaaaaaca atattttacat ttaatggttt gtagacaata aaaaaacaag      120
gtggatagat ctagaattgt aacattttta gaaaaccata scatttgaca gatgagaaaag      180
ctcaattata gatgcaaagt tataactaaa ctactatagt agtaaagaaa tacatttcac      240
acccttcata taaattcact atcttggctt gaggcactcc ataaaatgta tcacgtgcac      300
a

```

301

<210> 265

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 265

```

tgcccaagtt atgtgtaagt gtatccgcac ccagaggtaa aactacactg tcattctttgt      60
cttcttgtga cgcagtattt cttctctggg gagaagccgg gaagtcttct cctggctcta      120
catattcttg gaagtctcta atcaactttt gtccatttg ttccatttct tcaggaggga      180
ttttcagttt gtcaacatgt tctctaacaa cacttgccca tttctgtaaa gaatccaaag      240
cagtccaagg ctttgacatg tcaacaacca gcataactag agtatccttc agagatacgg      300
c

```

301

<210> 266

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 266

```

taccgtctgc ccttctctcc atccaggcca tctgcgaatc tacatgggtc ctctatttcg      60
acaccagatc actctttcct ctaccacag gcttgctatg agcaagagac acaacctcct      120
ctcttctgtg ttccagcttc ttttctgtt cttccacccc cttaagttct attcctgggg      180
atagagacac caatacccat aacctctctc ctaagcctcc ttataaccca ggggtgcacag      240
cacagactcc tgacaactgg taaggccaat gaactgggag ctcacagctg gctgtgcctg      300
a

```

301

<210> 267

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 267

```

aaagagcaca ggccagctca gcctgccctg gccatctaga ctacgcttgg ctccatgggg      60

```

```

gtttctcagt ctgagtcctat ccaggaaaag ctcacctaga ctttctgagg ctgaatcttc 120
atcctcacag gcagcttctg agagcctgat attcctagcc ttgatggctt ggagtaaagc 180
ctcattctga ttctctcctt tcttttcttt caagttggct ttcctcacat cctctgttc 240
aattcgcttc agcttgctctg ctttagccct catttccaga agcttcttct ctttggcatc 300
t 301

```

```

<210> 268
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 268
aatgtctcac tcaactactt cccagcctac cgtggcctaa ttctgggagt tttcttctta 60
gatcttggga gagctggctt ttctaaggag aaggaggaag gacagatgta actttggatc 120
tcgaagagga agtctaattg aagtaattag tcaacggctc ttgttttagac tcttggata 180
tgctgggtgg ctcatgagc ctttttggag aaagcaagta ttattcttaa ggagtaacca 240
cttcccattg ttctactttc taccatcatt aattgtatat tatgtattct ttggagaact 300
a 301

```

```

<210> 269
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 269
taacaatata cactagctat ctttttaact gtccatcatt agcaccaatg aagattcaat 60
aaaattacct ttattcacac atctcaaac aattctgcaa attcttagtg aagtttaact 120
atagtcacag accttaaata ttcacattgt tttctatgtc tactgaaaat aagttcacta 180
cttttctgga tattctttac aaaatcttat taaaattcct ggtattatca cccccaatta 240
tacagtagca caaccacctt atgtagtatt tacatgatag ctctgtagaa gtttcacatc 300
t 301

```

```

<210> 270
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 270
cattgaagag cttttgcgaa acatcagaac acaagtgttt ataaaattaa ttaagcctta 60
cacaagaata catattcctt ttatttctaa ggagttaaac atagatgtag ctgatgtgga 120
gagcttgctg gtgcagtga tattggataa cactattcat ggccgaattg atcaagtcaa 180
ccaactcctt gaactggatc atcagaagaa ggggtgggtgca cgatatactg cactagataa 240
tggaccaacc aactaaattc tctcaccagg ctgtatcagt aaactgggtt aacagaaaac 300
a 301

```

```

<210> 271
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)... (301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 271

```
aaaagggttct cataagatta acaattttaa taaatatttg atagaacatt ctttctcatt    60
tttatagctc atcttttagg ttgatattca gttcatgctt cccttgctgt tcttgatcca    120
gaattgcaat cacttcatca gcctgtattc gctccaattc tctataaagt ggggtccaagg    180
tgaaccacag agccacagca cacctcttct ccttggtgac tgccttcacc ccatganggt    240
tctctcctcc agatganaac tgatcatgcg cccacatttt ggggtttata gaagcagtca    300
c                                                                    301
```

<210> 272

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 272

```
taaattgcta agccacagat aacaccaatc aaatggaaca aatcactgtc ttcaaatgtc    60
ttatcagaaa accaaatgag cctggaatct tcataatacc taaacatgcc gtatttagga    120
tccaataatt cctcatgat gagcaagaaa aattctttgc gcacccctcc tgcattccaca    180
gcatcttctc caacaaatat aaccttgagt ggcttcttgt aatctatgtt cttgttttct    240
ctaaggactt ccattgcac tcctacaata tttctctctac gcaccactag aattaagcag    300
g                                                                    301
```

<210> 273

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 273

```
acatgtgtgt atgtgtatct ttgggaaaaa aanaagacat cttgtttcayt atttttttgg    60
agagangctg ggacatggat aatcacwtaa tttgctayta tyactttaat ctgactygaa    120
gaaccgtcta aaaataaaat ttaccatgtc dtatattcct tatagtatgc ttatttcacc    180
tlytttctgt ccagagagag tatcagtgtc ananatttma ggggtgaamac atgmattggg    240
gggacttnty tttaacngagm accctgcccg sgcgcctcg makcngantt ccgcsananc    300
t                                                                    301
```

<210> 274

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 274

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cttatatact ctttctcaga ggcaaaagag gagatgggta atgtagacaa ttcttttgagg    60
aacagtaaat gattattaga gagaangaat ggaccaagga gacagaaatt aacttgtaaa    120
tgattctctt tggaaatctga atgagatcaa gaggccagct ttagcttggt gaaaagtcca    180
tctagggtat gttgcattct cgtcttcttt tctgcagtag ataatgaggt aaccgaaggc    240
aattgtgctt cttttgataa gaagctttct tggctcatatc aggaaattcc aganaaagtc    300
```


c

301

<210> 275
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 275

tcggtgtcag cagcacgtgg cattgaacat tgcaatgtgg agcccaaacc acagaaaatg	60
gggtgaaatt ggccaacttt ctattaactt atgttggaac ttttgccacc aacagtaagc	120
tggtcccttct aataaaagaa aattgaaagg tttctcacta aacggaatta agtagtgag	180
tcaagagact ccagggcttc agcgtacctg cccggggcggc cgctcgaagc cgaattctgc	240
agatatccat cacactggcg gncgctcgan catgcatcta gaaggnccaa ttcgacctat	300
a	301

<210> 276
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 276

tgtacacata ctcaataaat aaatgactgc attgtgggtat tattactata ctgattatat	60
ttatcatgtg acttctaatt agaaaatgta tccaaaagca aaacagcaga tatacaaaat	120
taaagagaca gaagatagac attaacagat aaggcaactt atacattgag aatccaaatc	180
caatacatctt aaacatttgg gaaatgaggg ggacaaatgg aagccagatc aaatttgtgt	240
aaaactattc agtatgttcc ctttgcttca tgtctgagaa ggctctcctt caatggggat	300
g	301

<210> 277
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 277

tttgttgatg tcagtatttt attacttgcg ttatgagtgc tcacctggga aattctaaag	60
atacagagga cttggaggaa gcagagcaac tgaatttaac ttaaaagaag gaaaacattg	120
gaatcatggc actcctgata ctttcccaaa tcaacactct caatgcccc cctcgtctct	180
caccatagtg gggagactaa agtggccacg gatctgcctt angtgtgcag tgcgttctga	240
gttcnctgtc gattacatct gaccagtctc ctttttccga agtcnctccg ttcaatcttg	300
c	301

<210> 278
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 278

taccactaca	ctccagcctg	ggcaacagag	caagacctgt	ctcaaagcat	aaaatggaat	60
aacatatcaa	atgaaacagg	gaaaatgaag	ctgacaattt	atggaagcca	gggcttgtca	120
cagtctctac	tggtattatg	cattacctgg	gaatttatat	aagcccttaa	taataatgcc	180
aatgaacatc	tcagtgtgtc	tcacaatgtt	ctggcactat	tataagtgtc	tcacaggttt	240
tatgtgttct	tcgtaacttt	atggantagg	tactcggccg	cgaacacgct	aagccgaatt	300
c						301

<210> 279

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 279

aaagcaggaa	tgacaaagct	tgcttttctg	gtatgttcta	ggtgtattgt	gacttttact	60
gttatattaa	ttgccaatat	aagtaaata	agattatata	tgtatagtgt	ttcacaaagc	120
ttagaccttt	accttccagc	cacccacag	tgcttgatat	ttcagagtca	gtcattgggt	180
atacatgtgt	agttccaaag	cacataagct	agaanaanaa	atatttctag	ggagcactac	240
catctgtttt	cacatgaaat	gccacacaca	tagaactcca	acatcaattt	cattgcacag	300
a						301

<210> 280

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 280

ggtactggag	ttttcctccc	ctgtgaaaac	gtaactactg	ttgggagtga	attgaggatg	60
tagaaagggt	gtggaaccaa	attgtgggtc	atggaaatag	gagaatatgg	ttctcactct	120
tgagaaaaaa	acctaagatt	agcccaggta	gttgacctga	acttcagttt	ttctgcttgg	180
gtttgatata	gtttagggtt	ggggttagat	taagatctaa	attacatcag	gacaaagaga	240
cagactatta	actccacagt	taattaagga	ggtatgttcc	atgtttattt	gttaaagcag	300
t						301

<210> 281

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 281

aggtacaaga	aggggaatgg	gaaagagctg	ctgctgtggc	attgttcaac	ttggatatcc	60
gccgagcaat	ccaaatcctg	aatgaagggg	catcttctga	aaaaggagat	ctgaatctca	120
atgtggtagc	aatggcttta	tcgggttata	cggatgagaa	gaactccctt	tggagagaaa	180
tgtgtagcac	actgcgatta	cagctaaata	acccgtattt	gtgtgtcatg	tttgcatttc	240

tgacaaagtga aacaggatct tacgatggag ttttgtatga aaacaaagtt gcagtacctc 300
g 301

<210> 282

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 282

caggtactac agaattaaaa tactgacaag caagtagttt cttggcgtgc acgaattgca 60
tccagaaccc aaaaattaag aaattcaaaa agacattttg tgggcacctg ctagcacaga 120
agcgcagaag caaagcccag gcagaacat gctaacctta cagctcagcc tgcacagaag 180
cgcagaagca aagcccaggc agaaccatgc taaccttaca gctcagcctg cacagaagcg 240
cagaagcaaa gccccaggcag aacatgctaa ccttacagct cagcctgcac agaagcacag 300
a 301

<210> 283

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 283

atctgtatac ggcagacaaa ctttatarag tgtagagagg tgagcgaaag gatgcaaaag 60
cactttgagg gctttataat aatatgctgc ttgaaaaaaa aaatgtgtag ttgatactca 120
gtgcatctcc agacatagta aggggttgct ctgaccaatc aggtgatcat ttttctatc 180
acttcccagg ttttatgcaa aaattttgtt aaattctata atggtgatat gcattcttta 240
ggaaacatat acatttttaa aaatctattt tatgtaagaa ctgacagacg aatttgcttt 300
g 301

<210> 284

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 284

caggtacaaa acgctattaa gtggcttaga atttgaacat ttgtggctctt tatttacttt 60
gcttcgtgtg tgggcaaagc aacatcttcc ctaaataat attaccaaga aaagcaagaa 120
gcagattagg tttttgacaa aacaaacagg ccaaaagggg cctgacctgg agcagagcat 180
ggtgagaggc aaggcatgag agggcaagtt tgttgtggac agatctgtgc ctactttatt 240
actggagtaa aagaaaacaa agttcattga tgtcgaagga tatatacagt gttagaaatt 300
a 301

<210> 285

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 285

acatcaccat gatcggatcc cccaccatt atacgttgta tgtttacata aatactcttc 60
aatgatcatt agtgctttta aaaaaatatt gaaaactcct tctgcatccc aatctctaac 120

caggaaagca aatgctatct acagacctgc aagccctccc tcaaacnaaa ctatttctgg 180
attaaatatt tctgacttct tttagagtca cagcactagg caaatgctat ttacgatctg 240
caaaagctgt ttgaagagtc aaagcccca tgtgaacacg atttctggac cctgtaacag 300
t 301

<210> 286
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 286
taccactgca ttccagcctg ggtgacagag tgagactccg tctccaaaa aaactttgct 60
tgtatattat tttagcctta cagtggatca ttctagtagg aaaggacagt aagatttttt 120
atcaaaatgt gtcattgccag taagagatgt tatattcttt tctcatttct tccccacca 180
aaaataagct accatatagc ttataagtct caaatTTTTG ccttttacta aaatgtgatt 240
gtttctgttc attgtgtatg cttcatcacc tatattaggc aaattccatt tttcccttg 300
t 301

<210> 287
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 287
tacagatctg ggaactaaat attaaaaatg agtgtggctg gatatatgga gaatgttggg 60
cccagaagga acgtagagat cagatattac aacagctttg ttttgagggg tagaaatatg 120
aaatgatttg gttatgaacg cacagtttag gcagcagggc cagaatcctg accctctgcc 180
ccgtgggtat ctctcccca gcttggctgc ctcatgttat cacagtattc cattttgttt 240
gttgcattgc ttgtgaagcc atcaagattt tctcgtctgt tttcctctca ttggtaatgc 300
t 301

<210> 288
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 288
gtacaccta ctgcaaggac agctgaggaa tgtaatgggc agccgctttt aaagaagtag 60
agtcaatagg aagacaaatt ccagttccag ctcatctggg gtatctgcaa agctgcaaaa 120
gatctttaaa gacaatttca agagaatatt tctttaaagt tggcaatttg gagatcatac 180
aaaagcatct gcttttgtga ttttaatttag ctcatctggc cactggaaga atccaaacag 240
tctgccttaa ttttggatga atgcatgatg gaaattcaat aatttagaaa gttaaaaaaa 300
a 301

<210> 289
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)... (301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 289

ggtaactgt tccatgtta tggttctaca cattgctacc tcagtgtcc tggaaactta 60
gcttttgatg tctccaagta gtccaccttc atttaactct ttgaaactgt atcatcttg 120
ccaagtaaga gtggggcct atttcagctg ctttgacaaa atgactggct cctgacttaa 180
cgttctataa atgaatgtgc tgaagcaaag tgcccatggg ggcggcgaan aagagaaaga 240
tgtgtttgt tttggactct ctgtgggtccc ttccaatgct gtgggtttcc aaccagnnga 300
a 301

<210> 290

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 290

acactgagct cttcttgata aatatacaga atgcttggca tatacaagat tctatactac 60
tgactgatct gttcatttct ctcacagctc ttaccccaaa aagcttttcc accctaagt 120
ttctgacctc cttttctaata cacagtaggg atagaggcag anccacctac aatgaacatg 180
gagttctatc aagaggcaga aacagcacag aatcccagtt ttaccattcg ctacgagtgc 240
tgcttgaac aaaaacattt ctccatgtct ctttttcttc atgcctcaag taacagtga 300
a 301

<210> 291

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 291

caggtagcaa tttcttctat cctagaaaca tttcatttta tgttggtgaa acataacaac 60
tatatcagct agattttttt tctatgcttt acctgctatg gaaaatttga cacattctgc 120
tttactcttt tgtttatagg tgaatcacia aatgtatttt tatgtattct gtagttcaat 180
agccatggct gtttacttca ttttaatttat ttagcataaa gacattatga aaaggcctaa 240
acatgagctt cacttcccca ctaactaatt agcatctggt atttcttaac cgtaatgctt 300
a 301

<210> 292

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 292

accttttagt agtaatgtct aataataaat aagaaatcaa ttttataagg tccatatagc 60
tgtattaaat aatttttaag tttaaaagat aaaataccat ctttttaaat gttggatttc 120
aaaaccaaag natataaccg aaaggaaaaa cagatgagac ataaaatgat ttgcnagatg 180
ggaaatatag tастtyatga atgttnatta aattccagtt ataatagtgg ctacacactc 240
tcactacaca cacagacccc acagtcctat atgccacaaa cacatttcca taacttgaaa 300
a 301

<210> 293
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 293
 ggtaccaagt gctggtgccg gcctgttacc tgttctcact gaaaagtctg gctaattgctc 60
 ttgtgtagtc acttctgatt ctgacaatca atcaatcaat ggcctagagc actgactgtc 120
 aacacaaacg tcactagcaa agtagcaaca gctttaagtc taaatacaaa gctgttctgt 180
 gtgagaattt tttaaaaggc tacttgtata ataacccttg tcatttttaa tgtacctcgg 240
 ccgcgaccac gctaagccga attctgcaga tatccatcac actggcggcc gctcgagcat 300
 g 301

<210> 294
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 294
 tgaccataaa caatatacac tagctatctt ttttaactgtc catcattagc accaatgaag 60
 attcaataaa attaccttta ttcacacatc tcaaaacaat tctgcaaatt cttagtgaag 120
 ttttaactata gtcacaganc ttaaatattc acattgtttt ctatgtctac tgaaaataag 180
 ttcactactt ttctgggata ttctttacaa aatcttatta aaattcctgg tattatcacc 240
 cccaattata cagtagcaca accaccttat gtagttttta catgatagct ctgtagaggt 300
 t 301

<210> 295
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 295
 gtactctttc tctccctccc tctgaattta attctttcaa cttgcaattt gcaaggatta 60
 cacatttcac tgtgatgtat attgtgttgc aaaaaaaaaa gtgtctttgt ttaaaattac 120
 ttggtttgtg aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaact agtcattaac ccatctctga 180
 actggtagaa aaacrtctga agagctagtc tatcagcatc tgacaggtga attggatggg 240
 tctcagaacc atttcaccca gacagcctgt ttctatcctg ttttaataaat tagtttgggt 300
 tctct 305

<210> 296
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 296
 aggtactatg ggaagctgct aaaataatat ttgatagtaa aagtatgtaa tgtgctatct 60
 cacttagtag taaactaaaa ataaactgaa actttatgga atctgaagtt attttccttg 120
 attaaataga attaataaac caatatgagg aaacatgaaa ccatgcaatc tactatcaac 180
 tttgaaaaag tgattgaacg aaccacttag ctttcagatg atgaacactg ataagtcatt 240

tgccattact ataaatttta aaatctgtta ataagatggc ctatagggag gaaaaagggg 300
c 301

<210> 297

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(300)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 297

actgagtttt aactggacgc caagcaggca aggctggaag gttttgctct ctttgtgcta 60
aaggttttga aaaccttgaa ggagaatcat ttgacaaga agtacttaag agtctagaga 120
acaaagangt gaaccagctg aaagctctcg ggggaanctt acatgtgttg ttaggcctgt 180
tccatcattg ggagtgcact ggccatccct caaaatttgc ctgggctggc ctgagtggtc 240
accgcacctc ggccgcgacc acgctaagcc gaattctgca gatatccatc acactggcgg 300

<210> 298

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 298

tatggggttt gtcacccaaa agctgatgct gagaaaggcc tccctggggc cctcccgcg 60
ggcatctgag agacctggtg tccagtggt tctggaaatg ggtcccagtg ccgccggctg 120
tgaagctctc agatcaatca cgggaagggc ctggcggtgg tggccacctg gaaccacct 180
gtcctgtctg ttacatttc actaycagg tttctctggg cattacnatt tgttccccta 240
caacagtgc ctgtgcattc tgctgtggcc tgctgtgtct gcagggtggct ctcagcgagg 300
t 301

<210> 299

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 299

gttttgagac ggagtttcac tcttggtgcc cagactggac tgcaatggca gggctctctgc 60
tcaactgcacc ctctgcctcc cagggttcgag caattctcct gcctcagcct cccaggtagc 120
tgggattgca ggctcacgcc accataccca gctaattttt ttgtattttt agtagagacg 180
gagtttcgcc atgttggcc gctgggtctca aactcctgac ctcaagcgac ctgcctgcct 240
cggcctccca aagtgtcga attataggca tgagtcaaca cgcccagcct aaagatatct 300
t 301

<210> 300

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 300

```

attcagtttt atttgctgcc ccagtatctg taaccaggag tgccacaaaa tcttgccaga    60
tatgtcccac acccactggg aaaggctccc acctggctac ttctctatc agctgggtca    120
gctgcattcc acaaggttct cagcctaata agtttacta cctgccagtc tcaaaactta    180
gtaaagcaag accatgacat tccccacgg aaatcagagt ttgccccacc gtcttggtac    240
tataaagcct gcctctaaca gtcttgctt cttcacacca atcccagagc catcccccat    300
g

```

301

<210> 301

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 301

```

ttaaattttt gagaggataa aaaggacaaa taatctagaa atgtgtcttc ttcagtctgc    60
agaggacccc aggtctccaa gcaaccacat ggtcaagggc atgaataatt aaaagtgggt    120
gggaactcac aaagaccctc agagctgaga caccacacac agtgaggagc cacaaagacc    180
ctcagagctg agacacccac aacagtggga gtcacaaaag accctcagag ctgagacacc    240
cacaacagca cctcgttcag ctgccacatg tgtgaataag gatgcaatgt ccagaagtgt    300
t

```

301

<210> 302

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 302

```

aggtacacat ttagcttggt gtaaatgact cacaaaactg attttaaaat caagttaatg    60
tgaattttga aaattactac ttaatcctaa ttcacaataa caatggcatt aaggtttgac    120
ttgagttggg tcttagtatt atttatggta aataggctct taccacttgc aaataactgg    180
ccacatcatt aatgactgac ttcccagtaa ggctctctaa ggggtaagta ggaggatcca    240
caggatttga gatgctaagg cccagagat cgtttgatcc aacctctta ttttcagagg    300
g

```

301

<210> 303

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 303

```

aggtaccaac tgtggaaata ggtagaggat cattttttct ttccatatca actaagttgt    60
atattgtttt ttgacagttt aacacatctt cttctgtcag agattctttc acaatagcac    120
tggctaattg aactaccgct tgcagttaa aaatgggtgt ttgtgaaatg atcataggcc    180
agtaacgggt atgtttttct aactgatctt ttgtcgttc caaagggacc tcaagacttc    240
catcgatttt atatctgggg tctagaaaag gagttaatct gttttccctc ataaattcac    300
c

```

301

<210> 304

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 304

```

acatggatgt tattttgcag actgtcaacc tgaatttgta ttgtcttgac attgcctaatt    60

```



```

tattagtttc agtttcagc taccacttt ttgtctgca catgcaraas agacagtgcc 120
cttttagtg tatcatatca ggaatcatct cacattgggt tgtgccatta ctgggtgcagt 180
gactttcagc cacttgggta aggtggagtt ggccatatgt ctccactgca aaattactga 240
ttttctttt gtaattaata agtgtgtgtg tgaagattct ttgagatgag gtatatactc 300
c 301

```

```

<210> 305
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 305
gangtacagc gtggtcaagg taacaagaag aaaaaaatgt gagtggcatc ctgggatgag 60
cagggggaca gacctggaca gacacgttgt catttgctgc tgtgggtagg aaaatgggcg 120
taaaggagga gaaacagata caaaatctcc aactcagtat taaggatttc tcatgcctag 180
aatattggta gaaacaagaa tacattcata tggcaaataa ctaaccatgg tggaacaaaa 240
ttctgggatt taagttggat accaangaaa ttgtattaaa agagctgttc atggaataag 300
a 301

```

```

<210> 306
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 306
Val Leu Gly Trp Val Ala Glu Leu
1 5

```

```

<210> 307
<211> 637
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 307
acaggggatg aagggaaagg gagaggatga ggaagccccc ctggggattt ggtttggtcc 60
ttgtgatcag gtggtctatg gggcttatcc ctacaaagaa gaatccagaa ataggggcac 120
attgaggaat gatacttgag cccaaagagc attcaatcat tgttttattt gccttmtttt 180
cacaccattg gtgagggagg gattaccacc ctgggggttat gaagatggtt gaacacccca 240
cacatagcac cggagatatg agatcaacag tttcttagcc atagagattc acagcccaga 300
gcaggaggac gcttgcacac catgcaggat gacatggggg atgcgctcgg gattggtgtg 360
aagaagcaag gactgttaga ggcaggcttt atagtaacaa gacggtgggg caaactctga 420
tttccgtggg ggaatgtcat ggtcttgctt tactaagttt tgagactggc aggtagttaa 480
actcattagg ctgagaacct tgtggaatgc acttgaccca scgatagag gaagtagcca 540
ggtgggagcc tttccagtg ggtgtgggac atatctggca agatttctgtg gcactcctgg 600
ttacagatac tggggcagca aataaaactg aatcttg 637

```

```

<210> 308
<211> 647
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(647)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 308

acgattttca	ttatcatgta	aatcgggtca	ctcaaggggc	caaccacagc	tgggagccac	60
tgctcagggg	aaggttcata	tgggactttc	tactgcccac	ggttctatac	aggatataaa	120
ggngcctcac	agtatagatc	tggtagcaaa	gaagaagaaa	caaacactga	tctctttctg	180
ccacccctct	gaccctttgg	aactcctctg	accctttaga	acaagcctac	ctaatactcg	240
ctagagaaaa	gaccaacaac	ggcctcaaag	gatctcttac	catgaaggtc	tcagctaatt	300
cttgggctaag	atgtgggttc	cacattaggt	tctgaatatg	gggggaaggg	tcaatttgct	360
cattttgtgt	gtggataaag	tcaggatgcc	caggggccag	agcagggggc	tgcttgcttt	420
gggaacaatg	gctgagcata	taaccatagg	ttatggggaa	caaaacaaca	tcaaagtcac	480
tgtatcaatt	gccatgaaga	cttgagggac	ctgaatctac	cgattcatct	taaggcagca	540
ggaccagttt	gagtggcaac	aatgcagcag	cagaatcaat	ggaaacaaca	gaatgattgc	600
aatgtccttt	ttttctcct	gcttctgact	tgataaaagg	ggaccgt		647

<210> 309
<211> 460
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 309

actttatagt	ttaggctgga	cattggaaaa	aaaaaaaaagc	cagaacaaca	tgtgaragat	60
aatatgattg	gctgcacact	tccagactga	tgaatgatga	acgtgatgga	ctattgtatg	120
gagcacatct	tcagcaagag	ggggaaatac	tcatcatttt	tggccagcag	ttgtttgatc	180
accaaaccatc	atgccagaat	actcagcaaa	ccttcttagc	tcttgagaag	tcaaagtcctg	240
ggggaattta	ttcctggcaa	ttttaattgg	actccttatg	tgagagcagc	ggctaccag	300
ctggggtggg	ggagcgaacc	cgtcactagt	ggacatgcag	tggcagagct	cctggtaacc	360
acctagagga	atacacaggc	acatgtgtga	tgccaagcgt	gacacctgta	gcactcaaat	420
ttgtcttggt	tttgtctttc	ggtgtgtaag	attcttaagt			460

<210> 310
<211> 539
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 310

acgggactta	tcaaataaag	ataggaaaag	aagaaaactc	aaatattata	ggcagaaatg	60
ctaaagggtt	taaaatatgt	caggattgga	agaaggcatg	gataaagaac	aaagttcagt	120
taggaaagag	aaacacagaa	ggaagagaca	caataaaaagt	cattatgtat	tctgtgagaa	180
gtcagacagt	aagatttctg	ggaaatgggt	tggtttggtg	tatggtatgt	attttagcaa	240
taatcttat	ggcagagaaa	gctaaaaatc	tttagcttgc	gtgaatgatc	acttgctgaa	300
ttcctcaagg	taggcatgat	gaaggagggt	ttagaggaga	cacagacaca	atgaactgac	360
ctagatagaa	agccttagta	tactcagcta	ggaatagtga	ttctgagggc	acactgtgac	420
atgattatgt	cattacatgt	atggtagtga	tggggatgat	aggaaggaag	aacttatggc	480
atattttcac	ccccacaaaa	gtcagttaaa	tattggggaca	ctaaccatcc	aggtcaaga	539

<210> 311
<211> 526
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(526)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 311

caaatttgag ccaatgacat agaattttac aaatcaagaa gcttattctg gggccatttc	60
ttttgacgtt ttctctaaac tactaaagag gcattaatga tccataaatt atattatcta	120
catttacagc atttaaaatg tgttcagcat gaaatattag ctacagggga agctaaataa	180
attaacatg gaataaagat ttgtccttaa atataatcta caagaagact ttgatatttg	240
tttttcacaa gtgaagcatt cttataaagt gtcataacct ttttggggaa actatgggaa	300
aaaatgggga aactctgaag ggttttaagt atcttacctg aagctacaga ctccataacc	360
tctctttaca gggagctcct gcagccctca cagaaatgag tggctgagat tcttgattgc	420
acagcaagag cttctcatct aaacctttc ccttttttagt atctgtgtat caagtataaa	480
agttctataa actgtagtnt acttatttta atcccaaaag cacagt	526

<210> 312

<211> 500

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(500)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 312

cctctctctc cccacccctt gactctagag aactgggttt tctcccagta ctccagcaat	60
tcattttctga aagcagttga gccactttat tccaaagtac actgcagatg ttcaaactct	120
ccattttctc ttcccttcca cctgccagtt ttgctgactc tcaacttgct atgagtgtaa	180
gcattaagga cattatgctt cttcgattct gaagacaggc cctgctcatg gatgactctg	240
gcttcttagg aaaatatttt tcttccaaaa tcagtaggaa atctaaactt atccccctct	300
tgcagatgtc tagcagcttc agacatttgg ttaagaacct atgggaaaaa aaaaaatcct	360
tgctaattgt gtttcccttg taaaccanga ttcttatttg nctgggtatg aatatcagct	420
ctgaacgtgt ggtaaagatt tttgtgtttg aatataggag aaatcagttt gctgaaaagt	480
tagtcttaat tatctattgg	500

<210> 313

<211> 718

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(718)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 313

ggagatttgt gtggtttgca gccgagggag accaggaaga tctgcatggt gggaaggacc	60
tgatgataca gaggtgagaa ataagaaagg ctgctgactt taccatctga ggccacacat	120
ctgctgaaat ggagataaatt aacatcacta gaaacagcaa gatgacaata taatgtctaa	180
gtagtgcacat gtttttgcac atttccagcc cttttaaata tccacacaca caggaagcac	240
aaaagggaagc acagagatcc ctggggagaaa tggccggccg ccatcttggg tcatcgatga	300
gcctcgccct gtgctgntc ccgcttgtga gggaaggaca ttagaaaaatg aattgatgtg	360
ttcctttaaag gatggcagga aaacagatcc tgtgtgtgat atttatttga acgggattac	420

```

agatttgaaa tgaagtcaca aagtgagcat taccaatgag aggaaaacag acgagaaaat      480
cttgatgggt cacaagacat gcaacaaaca aaatggaata ctgtgatgac acgagcagcc      540
aactggggag gagataccac ggggcagagg tcaggattct ggccctgctg cctaactgtg      600
cggtatacca atcattttcta tttctaccct caaacaagct gtngaataac tgacttacgg      660
ttcttntggc ccacattttc atnatccacc cctccttttt aannttantic caaantgt      718

```

<210> 314

<211> 358

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 314

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gtttatttac attacagaaa aaacatcaag acaatgtata ctatttcaaa tatatccata      60
cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattgggtg agattaccac aaatgcaagg      120
caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg tgtagtccaa      180
gctctcggtg gtccagccac tgtgaaacat gtcctcttta gattaacctc gtggacgctc      240
ttgttgatt gctgaactgt agtgccctgt attttgcttc tgtctgtgaa ttctgttgct      300
tctggggcat ttccttgga tgcagaggac caccacacag atgacagcaa tctgaatt      358

```

<210> 315

<211> 341

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 315

```

taccacctcc ccgctggcac tgatgagccg catcaccatg gtcaccagca ccatgaaggc      60
ataggtgatg atgaggacat ggaatggggc cccaaggatg gtctgtccaa agaagcgagt      120
gaccccatc ctgaagatgt ctggaacctc taccagcagg atgatgatag cccaatgac      180
agtcaccagc tccccgacca gccggatata gtccttaggg gtcattgagg ctccctgaag      240
tagcttctgc tgtaagaggg tgtgtccccg ggggctcgtg cggttattgg tccctgggctt      300
gagggggcgg tagatgcagc acatgggtgaa gcagatgatg t      341

```

<210> 316

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 316

```

agactgggca agactcttac gccccacact gcaatttggt cttgttgccg tatccattta      60
tgtgggacct tctcgagttt ctgattataa acaccactgg agcgatgtgt tgactggact      120
cattcagggg gctctgggtg caatattagt t      151

```

<210> 317

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 317

```

agaactagtg gatcctaata aaatacctga aacatatatt ggcatttata aatggctcaa      60
atcttcattt atctctggcc ttaacctgg ctcctgaggg tgcggccagc agatcccagg      120
ccagggtctt gttcttgcca cacctgcttg a      151

```

<210> 318

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 318

```
actggtggga ggcgctgttt agttggctgt tttcagaggg gtctttcggg gggacctcct    60
gctgcaggct ggagtgtctt tattcctggc gggagaccgc acattccact gctgaggctg    120
tgggggcggg ttatcaggca gtgataaaca t                                     151
```

<210> 319

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 319

```
aactagtggg tccagagcta taggtacagt gtgatctcag ctttgcaaac acattttcta    60
catagatagt actaggtatt aatagatatg taaagaaaga aatcacacca ttaataatgg    120
taagattggg tttatgtgat tttagtgggt a                                     151
```

<210> 320

<211> 150

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 320

```
aactagtggg tccactagtc cagtgtgggt gaattccatt gtgttggggg tctagatcgc    60
gagcggctgc cctttttttt tttttttttg ggggggaatt tttttttttt aatagttatt    120
gagtgttcta cagcttacag taaataccat                                     150
```

<210> 321

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 321

```
agcaactttg tttttcatcc aggttatatt aggccttagga tttcctctca cactgcagtt    60
taggggtggc ttgtaaccag ctatggcata ggtgttaacc aaaggctgag taaacatggg    120
tgcctctgag aaatcaaagt cttcatacac t                                     151
```

<210> 322

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(151)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 322

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atccagcatc ttctcctgtt tcttgccctc cttttctctc ttcttasatt ctgcttgagg    60
tttgggcttg gtcagtttgc cacagggctt ggagatgggt acagtcttct ggcattcggc    120
attgtgcagg gctcgttcca nacttccagt t                                     151
```

<210> 323

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(151)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 323

tgaggacttg tktttttttt ctttattttt aatcctctta ctttgtaa atattgccta	60
nagactcant tactaccag tttgtggtt twtgggagaa atgtaactgg acagttagct	120
gtcaatyaa aaagacactt ancccatgtg g	151

<210> 324

<211> 461

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(461)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 324

acctgtgtgg aatttcagct ttccatcatgc aaaaggattt tgtatccccg gcctacttga	60
agaagtggc agctaaagga atccaggttg ttggttgac tgtaataacc ttgatgaaa	120
agagttacta cgaatcccat cttggttcca gctatatcac tgacagcatg gtagaagact	180
gcgaacctca cttctagact ttacagggtg gacgaaacgg gttcagaaac tgcaggggc	240
ctcatacagg gatatacaaaa taccctttgt gctaccagg cctggggaa tcagggtgact	300
cacacaaatg caatagtgg tcaactgcatt ttacctgaa ccaaagctaa acccggtgtt	360
gccaccatgc accatggcat gccagagttc aacactgtt ctcttgaaaa ttgggtctga	420
aaaaacgcac aagagcccc gcctgccc agctgangca c	461

<210> 325

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 325

acactgtttc catgttatgt ttctacacat tgctacctca gtgctcctgg aaacttagct	60
tttgatgtct ccaagtagtc caccctcatt taactctttg aaactgtatc atctttgcca	120
agtaagagtg gtggcctatt tcagctgctt tgacaaaatg actggctcct gacttaacgt	180
tctataaatg aatgtgctga agcaaagtgc ccatgggtggc ggcgaagaag agaaagatgt	240
gttttgttt ggactctctg tggctccttc caatgctgtg gggttccaac caggggaagg	300
gtcccttttg cattgccaag tgccataacc atgagcacta cgctaccatg gttctgcctc	360
ctggccaagc aggctgggtt gcaagaatga aatgaatgat	400

<210> 326

<211> 1215

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 326

ggaggactgc agcccgcat cgcagccctg gcaggcggca ctggctatgg aaaacgaatt	60
gttctgctcg ggcgtcctgg tgcatccgca gtgggtgctg tcagccgcac actgtttcca	120
gaactcctac accatcgggc tgggcctgca cagtcttgag gccgaccaag agccaggcag	180

```

ccagatggtg gaggccagcc tctccgtacg gcacccagag tacaacagac ccttgctcgc      240
taacgacctc atgctcatca agttggacga atccgtgtcc gagtctgaca ccatccggag      300
catcagcatt gcttcgcagt gccctaccgc ggggaactct tgcctcgttt ctggctgggg      360
tctgctggcg aacggcagaa tgcctaccgt gctgcagtgc gtgaacgtgt cgggtggtgc      420
tgaggaggtc tgcagtaagc tctatgaccc gctgtaccac cccagcatgt tctgcgccgg      480
cggaggggcaa gaccagaagg actcctgcaa cggtgactct gggggggccc tgatctgcaa      540
cgggtacttg cagggccttg tgtctttcgg aaaagccccg tgtggccaag ttggcggtgc      600
aggtgtctac accaacctct gcaaatcac tgagtggata gagaaaaccg tccaggccag      660
ttaactctgg ggactgggaa cccatgaaat tgacccccaa atacatcctg cggaggaat      720
tcaggaatat ctgttcccag cccctcctcc cttaggcccc ggagtccagg cccccagccc      780
ctcctccctc aaaccaaggg tacagatccc cagccccctc tccctcagac ccaggagctc      840
agacccccca gccctcctc cctcagaccc aggagtccag cccctcctc ctcagaccca      900
ggagtccaga cccccagcc cctcctccct cagacccagg ggtccaggcc cccaacccct      960
cctccctcag actcagaggt ccaagccccc aaccctcct tccccagacc cagaggtcca     1020
ggtcccagcc cctcctccct cagacccagc ggtccaatgc cacctagact ctcctgttac     1080
acagtgcgcc cttgtggcac gttgaaccaa ccttaccagt tgggttttca tttttgtcc     1140
cttcccccata gatccagaaa taaagtctaa gagaagcgca aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa     1200
aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa                                         1215

```

<210> 327

<211> 220

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 327

```

Glu Asp Cys Ser Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met
 1           5           10           15
Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val
 20           25           30
Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly
 35           40           45
Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu
 50           55           60
Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu Ala
 65           70           75           80
Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser Asp
 85           90           95
Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly Asn
100           105           110
Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met Pro
115           120           125
Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Glu Val Cys
130           135           140
Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala Gly
145           150           155           160
Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro
165           170           175
Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys Ala
180           185           190
Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys Lys
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<211> 3030

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 333

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<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 334

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<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

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<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

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<210> 339
 <211> 318
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 339
 Met Val Glu Leu Met Phe Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Phe Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Tyr Met Ala Ala Pro Gln Ile Arg Lys Met Leu Ser Ser Gly Val
 20 25 30
 Cys Thr Ser Thr Val Gln Leu Pro Gly Lys Val Val Val Val Thr Gly
 35 40 45
 Ala Asn Thr Gly Ile Gly Lys Glu Thr Ala Lys Glu Leu Ala Gln Arg
 50 55 60
 Gly Ala Arg Val Tyr Leu Ala Cys Arg Asp Val Glu Lys Gly Glu Leu
 65 70 75 80
 Val Ala Lys Glu Ile Gln Thr Thr Thr Gly Asn Gln Gln Val Leu Val
 85 90 95
 Arg Lys Leu Asp Leu Ser Asp Thr Lys Ser Ile Arg Ala Phe Ala Lys
 100 105 110
 Gly Phe Leu Ala Glu Glu Lys His Leu His Val Leu Ile Asn Asn Ala
 115 120 125
 Gly Val Met Met Cys Pro Tyr Ser Lys Thr Ala Asp Gly Phe Glu Met
 130 135 140
 His Ile Gly Val Asn His Leu Gly His Phe Leu Leu Thr His Leu Leu

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145          150          155          160
Leu Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Ser Ala Pro Ser Arg Ile Val Asn Val Ser
          165          170          175
Ser Leu Ala His His Leu Gly Arg Ile His Phe His Asn Leu Gln Gly
          180          185          190
Glu Lys Phe Tyr Asn Ala Gly Leu Ala Tyr Cys His Ser Lys Leu Ala
          195          200          205
Asn Ile Leu Phe Thr Gln Glu Leu Ala Arg Arg Leu Lys Gly Ser Gly
          210          215          220
Val Thr Thr Tyr Ser Val His Pro Gly Thr Val Gln Ser Glu Leu Val
225          230          235          240
Arg His Ser Ser Phe Met Arg Trp Met Trp Trp Leu Phe Ser Phe Phe
          245          250          255
Ile Lys Thr Pro Gln Gln Gly Ala Gln Thr Ser Leu His Cys Ala Leu
          260          265          270
Thr Glu Gly Leu Glu Ile Leu Ser Gly Asn His Phe Ser Asp Cys His
          275          280          285
Val Ala Trp Val Ser Ala Gln Ala Arg Asn Glu Thr Ile Ala Arg Arg
          290          295          300
Leu Trp Asp Val Ser Cys Asp Leu Leu Gly Leu Pro Ile Asp
305          310          315

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<210> 340

<211> 483

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 340

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ctcctgctgc aggctggagt gtctttattc ctggcgggag accgcacatt ccaactgctga      180
ggttgctggg gcggtttatc aggcagtgat aaacataaga tgtcatttcc ttgactccgg      240
ccttcaattt tctctttggc tgacgacgga gtccgtggtg tcccgatgta actgaccctt      300
gtccaaaacg tgacatcact gatgctcttc tcgggggtgc tgatggcccg cttgggtcacg      360
tgctcaatct cgccattcga ctcttgcttc aaactgtatg aagacacctg actgcacgtt      420
ttttctgggc ttccagaatt taaagtgaag ggcagcactc ctaagctccg actccgatgc      480
ctg                                         483

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<210> 341

<211> 344

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 341

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ctgctgctga gtcacagatt tcattataaa tagcctccct aaggaaaata cactgaatgc      60
tatttttact aaccattcta tttttataga aatagctgag agtttctaaa ccaactctct      120
gctgccttac aagtattaaa tattttactt cttccataa agagtagctc aaaatatgca      180
attaatttaa taattttctga tgatgggttt atctgcagta atatgtatat catctattag      240
aattttacta atgaaaaact gaagagaaca aaatttgtaa ccactagcac ttaagtactc      300
ctgattctta acattgtctt taatgaccac aagacaacca acag                                         344

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<210> 342

<211> 592

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 342

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caatgtggaa	acttcttata	cttggttcca	ttatgaagtt	ggacaattgc	tgctatcaca	120
cctggcaggt	aaaccaatgc	caagagagtg	atggaaacca	ttggcaagac	tttgttgatg	180
accaggattg	gaattttata	aaaatattgt	tgatgggaag	ttgctaaagg	gtgaattact	240
tcctcagaa	gagtgtaaag	aaaagtcaga	gatgctataa	tagcagctat	tttaattggc	300
aagtgccact	gtggaaagag	ttcctgtgtg	tgctgaagtt	ctgaaggcca	gtcaaatcca	360
tcagcatggg	ctgtttgggtg	caaattgcaa	agcacaggtc	tttttagcat	gctgggtctct	420
cccggtgcct	tatgcaaata	atcgctctct	tctaaatttc	tcctaggctt	cattttccaa	480
agttcttctt	ggtttgtgat	gtcttttctg	ctttccatta	attctataaa	atagtatggc	540
ttcagccacc	cactcttcgc	cttagcttga	ccgtgagctt	cggctgccgc	tg	592

<210> 343

<211> 382

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 343

ttcttgacct	cctcctcctt	caagctcaaa	caccacctcc	cttattcagg	accggcactt	60
cttaattgrr	gtggctttct	ctccagcctc	tcttaggagg	ggtaatggtg	gagttggcat	120
cttgtaactc	tcctttctcc	ttcttctccc	ttctctgcc	cgccttccc	atcctgctgt	180
agacttcttg	attgtcagtc	tytgtcacat	ccagtgattg	ttttggtttc	tgttcccttt	240
ctgactgccc	aaggggctca	gaaccccagc	aatcccttcc	tttactacc	ttcttttttg	300
ggggtagt	gaagggactg	aaattgtggg	gggaagsta	gaggcacatc	aataaagagg	360
aaaccaccaa	gctgaaaaaa	aa				382

<210> 344

<211> 536

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 344

ctgggcctga	agctgtaggg	taaatcagag	gcaggcttct	gagtgatgag	agtcctgaga	60
caataggcca	cataaacttg	gctggatgga	acctcacaat	aaggtgggtca	cctcttgrrt	120
gttttagggg	atgccaaagg	taaggccagc	tcagttatat	gaagagaagc	agaacaaaca	180
agtctttcag	agaaatggat	gcaatcagag	tgggatcccc	gtcacatcaa	ggtcacactc	240
caccttcag	tgcttgaatg	gttgccaggt	cagaaaaatc	caccccttac	gagtgcgggt	300
tcgaccttat	atcccccgcc	cgcgtccctt	tctccataaa	attcttctta	gtagctatta	360
ccttcttatt	atttgatcta	gaaattgccc	tccttttacc	cctaccatga	gccctacaaa	420
caactaacct	gccactaata	gttatgtcat	ccctcttatt	aatcatcacc	ctagccctaa	480
gtctggccta	tgagtgacta	caaaaaggat	tagactgagc	cgaataacaa	aaaaaa	536

<210> 345

<211> 251

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 345

accttttgag	gtctctctca	ccacctccac	agccaccgtc	accgtgggat	gtgctggatg	60
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gcgtgggcca	ggaaatcaca	tcctacactg	cccaggagcc	agacacattt	atggaacaga	180
aaataacata	tcggatttgg	agagacactg	ccaactggct	ggagattaat	ccggacactg	240
gtgccatttc	c					251

<210> 346
 <211> 282
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(282)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 346
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 ctaagtcttg ttacaaaaa aaggaaaaag aaaagatctt ctgagttaca aattctggga 120
 agggagacta tacctggctc ttgccctaag tgagagggtc tccctcccgc accaaaaaat 180
 agaaaggctt tctatttcac tggcccaggt agggggaagg agagtaactt tgagtctgtg 240
 ggtctcattt cccaagggtg cttcaatgct catnaaaacc aa 282

<210> 347
 <211> 201
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(201)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 347
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 taaatataac ttttaaaaana ntactancag cttttaccta ngctcctaaa tgcttgtaaa 120
 tctgagactg actggaccca cccagaccca gggcaaagat acatgttacc atatcatctt 180
 tataaagaat ttttttttgt c 201

<210> 348
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 348
 ctgttaatca caacatttgt gcacacttg tgccaagtga gaaaatgttc taaaatcaca 60
 agagagaaca gtgccagaat gaaactgacc ctaagtccca ggtgcccctg ggcaggcaga 120
 aggagacact cccagcatgg aggagggtt atcttttcat cctagggtcag gtctacaatg 180
 ggggaagggt ttattataga actcccaaca gccacctca ctctgccac ccacccgatg 240
 gcctgcctc c 251

<210> 349
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 349
 taaaaatcaa gccatttaat tgtatctttg aaggtaaaca atatatggga gctggatcac 60
 aacccttgag gatgccagag ctatgggtcc agaacatggt gtggtattat caacagagt 120
 cagaagggtc tgaactctac gtgttaccag agaacataat gcaattcatg cattccactt 180
 agcaattttg taaaatacca gaaacagacc ccaagagtct ttcaagatga ggaaaattca 240

actcctgggt t

251

<210> 350

<211> 908

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 350

ctggacactt tgcgagggct tttgctgggt gctgctgctg cccgctcatgc tactcatcgt	60
agcccgcgcc gtgaagctcg ctgctttccc tacctcctta agtgactgcc aaacgcccac	120
cggctggaat tgctctgggt atgatgacag agaaaatgat ctcttctctt gtgacaccaa	180
cacctgtaaa tttgatgggg aatgtttaag aattggagac actgtgactt gcgtctgtca	240
gttcaagtgc aacaatgact atgtgcctgt gtgtggctcc aatggggaga gctaccagaa	300
tgagtgttac ctgcgacagg ctgcatgcaa acagcagagt gagatacttg tgggtgtcaga	360
aggatcatgt gccacagtcc atgaaggctc tggagaaaact agtcaaaagg agacatccac	420
ctgtgatatt tgccagtttg gtgcagaatg tgacgaagat gccgaggatg tctgggtgtgt	480
gtgtaatat gactgttctc aaaccaactt caatcccctc tgcgcttctg atgggaaatc	540
ttatgataat gcatgccaaa tcaagaagc atcgtgtcag aaacaggaga aaattgaagt	600
catgtctttg ggtcgatgtc aagataacac aactacaact actaagtctg aagatgggca	660
ttatgcaaga acagattatg cagagaatgc taacaaatta gaagaaagtg ccagagaaca	720
ccacatacct tgtccggaac attacaatgg cttctgcatg catgggaagt gtgagcattc	780
tatcaatatg caggagccat cttgcagggt tgatgctggg tatactggac aacactgtga	840
aaaaaaggac tacagtgttc tatacgttgt tcccggctct gtacgatttc agtatgtctt	900
aatcgacag	908

<210> 351

<211> 472

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 351

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gtcaaaccctt aatgccattg ttattgtgaa ttaggattcaa gtagtaattt tcaaaattca	120
cattaacttg attttaaaat cagwtttgyg agtcatttac cacaagctaa atgtgtacac	180
tatgataaaa acaaccattg tattcctgtt tttctaaaca gtcctaattt ctaacactgt	240
atatatctct cgacatcaat gaactttgtt ttcttttact ccagtaataa agtaggcaca	300
gatctgtcca caacaaactt gccctctcat gccttgctc tcaccatgct ctgctccagg	360
tcagccccct tttggcctgt ttgttttgtc aaaaacctaa tctgcttctt gcttttcttg	420
gtaatatata tttagggaag atgttgcttt gccacacac gaagcaaagt aa	472

<210> 352

<211> 251

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 352

ctcaaagcta atctctcgsg aatcaaacca gaaaagggca aggatcttag gcatgggtgga	60
tgtggataag gccagggtcaa tggctgcaag catgcagaga aagagggtaca tcggagcgtg	120
caggctgcgt tccgtcctta cgatgaagac cagatgcag ttcccaaaca ttgccactac	180
atacatggaa aggaggggga agccaaccca gaaatgggct ttctctaate ctgggatacc	240
aataagcaca a	251

<210> 353

<211> 436

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 353

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cacattatgg tattattact atactgatta tttttatcat gtgacttcta attaraaaat	120
gtatccaaaa gcaaaacagc agatatacaa aattaaaagag acagaagata gacattaaca	180
gataaggcaa cttatacatt gacaatccaa atccaataca tttaaacatt tgggaaatga	240
gggggacaaa tgggaagccar atcaaatttg tgtaaaaacta ttcagtatgt ttccttctgt	300
tcagtctga raaggctctc ccttcaatgg ggatgacaaa ctccaaatgc cacacaaatg	360
ttaacagaat actagattca cactggaacg ggggttaaaga agaaattatt ttctataaaa	420
gggctcctaa tgtagt	436

<210> 354

<211> 854

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 354

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caagtctgaa accaaatcta ggaaacatag gaaacgagcc aggcacaggg ctggtgggcc	120
atcagggacc accctttggg ttgatatttt gcttaatctg catcttttga gtaagatcat	180
ctggcagtag aagctgttct ccaggtagat ttctctagct catgtacaaa aacatcctga	240
aggactttgt cagggtgcctt gctaaaagcc agatgcgttc ggcacttcct tggctgagg	300
ttaattgcac acctacaggc actgggctca tgctttcaag ttttttgtcc tcactttagg	360
gtgagtgaag gatccccatt ataggagcac ttgggagaga tcatataaaa gctgactctt	420
gagtacatgc agtaatgggg tagatgtgtg tgggtgtgtt tcatctctgc aagggtgctt	480
gttagggagt gtttccagga ggaacaagtc tgaaccaat catgaaataa atggtaggtg	540
tgaactggaa aactaattca aaagagagat cgtgatatca gtgtggttga tacaccttgg	600
caatatggaa ggctctaatt tgcccatatt tgaaaataa attcagcttt ttgtaataca	660
aaataacaaa ggattgagaa tcatggtgtc taatgtataa aagaccaggg aaacataaat	720
atatcaactg cataaatgta aaatgcatgt gacccaagaa ggccccaag tggcagacaa	780
cattgtcccc attttccctt ccaaaatgtg agcggcgggc ctgctgcttt caaggctgtc	840
acacgggtag tcag	854

<210> 355

<211> 676

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 355

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atccacaagt catacctgga tgtcagcgaa gagggcacgg aggcagcagc agccactggg	180
gacagcatcg ctgtaaaaaag cctaccaatg agagctcagt tcaaggcgaa ccacctctc	240
ctgttcttta taaggcacac tcataccaac acgatcctat tctgtggcaa gcttgcctct	300
ccctaatacag atgggggttga gtaaggctca gagttgcaga tgagggtcag agacaatcct	360
gtgactttcc cacggccaaa aagctgttca cacctcacgc acctctgtgc ctgagtgtgc	420
tcattctgaa aataggtcta ggatttcttc caaccatttc atgagtgtg aagctaaggc	480
tttgtaatc atggaaaaag gtagacttat gcagaaaagc tttctggctt tcttatctgt	540
gggtgtctcat ttgagtgtg tccagtgaac tgatcaagtc aatgagtaaa attttaaggg	600
attagatttt ctgacttgt atgtatctgt gagatcttga ataagtgaac tgacatctct	660
gcttaaagaa aaccag	676

<210> 356

<211> 574

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 356

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caagcttccc atttgtagat ctccagtgcct atgagtatct gacacctgtt cctctcttca	180
gtctcttagg gaggtctaaa tctgtctcag gtgtgctaag agtgccagcc caaggkggtc	240
aaaagtccac aaaactgcag tctttgctgg gatagtaagc caagcagtgc ctggacagca	300
gagttctttt cttgggcaac agataaccag acaggactct aatcgtgctc ttattcaaca	360
ttcttctgtc tctgcctaga ctggaataaa aagccaatct ctctcgtggc acaggggaagg	420
agatacaagc tcgtttacat gtgatagatc taacaaaggc atctaccgaa gtctgggtctg	480
gatagacggc acagggagct cttaggtcag cgctgctggg tggaggacat tcctgagtc	540
agctttgagc cctttgtgca acagtacttt ccca	574

<210> 357

<211> 393

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 357

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taatatggkg kcttggtcac tatacttaaa aatgcaccac tcataaatat ttaattcagc	120
aagccacaac caaracttga ttttatcaac aaaaacccct aaatataaac ggsaaaaaag	180
atagatatata ttattccagt ttttttaaaa cttaaaarat attccattgc cgaattaara	240
araarataag tggtatatgg aaagaagggc attcaagcac actaaaraaa cctgaggkaa	300
gcataatctg tacaaaatta aactgtcctt ttgggcattt taacaaatatt gcaacgktct	360
tttttttctt tttctgtttt tttttttttt tac	393

<210> 358

<211> 630

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 358

acagggtaaa caggaggatc cttgctctca cggagcttac attctagcag gaggacaata	60
ttaatgttta taggaaaatg atgagtttat gacaaaggaa gtagatagtg ttttacaaga	120
gcatagagta ggggaagctaa tccagcacag ggaggtcaca gagacatccc taaggaagtg	180
gagtttaaac tgagagaagc aagtgcctaa actgaaggat gtgttgaaga agaagggaga	240
gtagaacaat ttgggcagag ggaaccttat agaccctaag gtgggaaggt tcaaagaact	300
gaaagagagc tagaacagct ggagccgttc tccggtgtaa agaggagtca aagagataag	360
attaaagatg tgaagattaa gatcttgggtg gcattcaggg attggcactt ctacaagaaa	420
tcaactgaagg gagtaatgtg acattacttt tcacttcagg atggccattc taactccagg	480
gggtagactg gactaggtaa gactggaggc aggtagacct cttctaaggc ctgcgatagt	540
gaaagacaaa aataagtggg gaaattcagg ggatagtga aatcagtagg acttaatgag	600
caagccagag gttcctccac aacaaccagt	630

<210> 359

<211> 620

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 359

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ctcaccagaa	gaataaagt	ctctgccagt	tattaaagga	ttactgctgg	tgaattaaat	180
atggcattcc	ccaagggaaa	tagagagatt	cttctggatt	atgttcaata	tttatttcac	240
aggattaact	gttttaggaa	cagatataaa	gcttcgccac	ggaagagatg	gacaaagcac	300
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aatgtcattg	acttatcaaa	tactatcttg	gcatataacc	tatgaaggca	aaactaaaca	540
aacaaaaagc	tcacaccaaa	caaaaccatc	aacttatttt	gtattctata	acatacgaga	600
ctgtaaagat	gtgacagtgt					620

<210> 360

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 360

aaaaaaaaaa	agccagaaca	acatgtgata	gataatatga	ttggctgcac	acttccagac	60
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tactcatcat	ttttggccag	cagttgtttg	atcaccaaac	atcatgccag	aatactcagc	180
aaaccttctt	agctcttgag	aagtc aaagt	ccgggggaat	ttattcctgg	caattttaat	240
tggactcctt	atgtgagagc	agcggctacc	cagctggggt	ggtggagcga	acccgtcact	300
agtggacatg	cagtggcaga	gctcctggta	accacctaga	ggaatacaca	ggcacatgtg	360
tgatgccaag	cgtgacacct	gtagcactca	aatttgtctt	gtttttgtct	tccggtgtgt	420
agattcttag	t					431

<210> 361

<211> 351

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 361

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ttgggtcctc	tggctctctg	ccaagtctcc	cagccactcg	agggagaaat	atcgggaggt	180
ttgacttctt	ccggggcttt	cccagagggt	tcaccgtgag	ccctgcggcc	ctcagggctg	240
caatcctgga	ttcaatgtct	gaaacctcgc	tctctgcctg	ctggacttct	gaggccgtca	300
ctgccactct	gtcctccagc	tctgacagct	cctcatctgt	ggtcctgttg	t	351

<210> 362

<211> 463

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 362

acttcatcag	gccataatgg	gtgcctcccg	tgagaatcca	agcacctttg	gactgcgcga	60
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ccccggctac	agaaatgacc	agggtgggtg	ttttcaggtg	ccagtgcctg	gtcagcagct	180
cgtaaaggat	ttccgcgtcc	gtgtgcgagg	acagacgtat	atacttccct	ttcttcccca	240
gtgtctcaaa	ctgaatatcc	ccaaaggcgt	cggtaggaaa	ttccttggtg	tgtttcttgt	300
agttccattt	ctcacttttg	ttgatctggg	tgcttcccat	gtgctggctc	tgggcatagc	360
cacacttgca	cacattctcc	ctgataagca	cgatgggtgtg	gacaggaaag	aaggatttca	420
ttgagcctgc	ttatggaaac	tggtattgtt	agcttaataa	gac		463

<210> 363

<211> 653

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(653)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 363

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atcttgagaga tcctnggtcc agaattccat ttaccttctg ggccagatac caccagaatg      600
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<210> 364

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 364

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aaaacaaggt ggatagatct agaattgtaa cattttaaga aaaccatagc atttgacaga      180
tgagaaagct caattataga tgcaaagtta taactaaact actatagtag taaagaaata      240
catctcacac ccttcatata aattcactat cttggcttga ggcactccat aaaatgtatc      300
acgtgcatag taaatcttta tatttgctat ggcgttgac tagaggactt ggactgcaac      360
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<210> 365

<211> 356

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 365

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taccagagca tcaagtctct gcagcagggtc attcttgggt aaagaaatga ctccacaaa      180
ctctccatcc cctggctttg gcttcggcct tgcgttttcg gcatcatctc cgttaatggt      240
gactgtcacg atgtgtatag tacagtttga caagcctggg tccatacaga ccgctggaga      300
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<210> 366

<211> 1851

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 366

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<210> 367

<211> 668

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 367

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acctataag agcagtgtt tggccattaa tttatcttcc attttagaca gctagtgya 180
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catatcttag gaattcaaaa taacattcca cagctttcac caactagtta tatttaaagg 360
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cgtctgtcca gcaggagttt tactacttct gaattcccat tggcagaggc cagatgtaga 540
gcagtcctat gagagtgaga agacttttta ggaaattgta gtgcactagc tacagccata 500
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668

<210> 368

<211> 1512

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 368

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ttcaaacaga	ttggaaaccc	ggagttacct	gctagtgggt	gaaactgggt	ggtagacgcg	180
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tggtgctgcc	gttgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gagagcggca	agagcaacgt	gggcacttct	360
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actccaagaa	aagttaaaca	tgtttcagtg	aatagagatc	ctgctccttt	ggcaagttcc	1440
taaaaaacag	taatagatac	gagggtgatgc	gcctgtcagt	ggcaagggtt	aagatatttc	1500
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<210> 369

<211> 1853

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 369

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<210> 370

<211> 2184

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 370

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<210> 371
 <211> 1855
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(1855)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 371

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cagttttt	ttttaaat	cacttctg	aaatactt	gttgaaa	ctgaatt	1620
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<210> 372
 <211> 1059
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 372

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caacttaatg tccttgacaa caaaaagagg acagctctga yaaaggccgt acaatgccag	420
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tatggaaata ccactctrca ctaygctrtc tayaatgaag ataaattaat ggccaaagca	540
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<210> 373

<211> 1155

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 373

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ggagactacg atgacagtgc cttcatggag cccagggtacc acgtccgtgg agaagatctg	420
gacaagctcc acagagctgc ctggtggggg aaagtcccca gaaaggatct catcgctcatg	480
ctcagggaca ctgacgtgaa caagaaggac aagcaaaaga ggactgctct acatctggcc	540
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accactctgc actacgctat ctataatgaa gataaattaa tggccaaagc actgctctta	780
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ctggatagat atggaaggac tgctctcata cttgctgtat gttgtggatc agcaagtata	960
gtcagccttc tacttgagca aaatattgat gtatcttctc aagatctatc tggacagacg	1020
gccagagagt atgctgttct tagtcatcat catgtaattt gccagttact ttctgactac	1080
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<210> 374

<211> 2000

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 374

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ggcgcttctg gagaccacga cgaactctgct atgaagacac tcagggaacaa gatgggcaag	300
tgggtgctgcc actgcttccc ctgctgcagg gggagcggca agagcaaggt gggcgcttgg	360
ggagactacg atgacagtgc cttcatggag cccagggtacc acgtccgtgg agaagatctg	420
gacaagctcc acagagctgc ctggtggggg aaagtcccca gaaaggatct catcgctcatg	480
ctcagggaca ctgacgtgaa caagaaggac aagcaaaaga ggactgctct acatctggcc	540

tctgccaatg	ggaattcaga	agtagtaaaa	ctcctgctgg	acagacgatg	tcaacttaat	600
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tgtgcgttaa	tgttgctgga	acatggcact	gatccaaata	ttccagatga	gtatggaaat	720
accactctgc	actacgctat	ctataatgaa	gataaattaa	tggccaaagc	actgctctta	780
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gtcagccttc	tacttgagca	aaatattgat	gtatcttctc	aagatctatc	tggacagacg	1020
gccagagagt	atgctgtttc	tagtcatcat	catgtaattt	gccagttact	ttctgactac	1080
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agaacacctg	aaagccagca	atctcctgac	actgagaatg	aagagtatca	cagtgcagaa	1740
caaaatgata	ctcagaagca	atcttgatga	gaacagaaca	ctggaatatt	acacgatgag	1800
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<210> 375

<211> 2040

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 375

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tgggtgctgc	actgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gggagcgcca	agagcaaggc	gggcgcttgg	360
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gacaagctcc	acagagctgc	ctgggtgggt	aaagtcccca	gaaaggatct	catcgtcatg	480
ctcagggaca	ctgacgtgaa	caagaaggac	aagcaaaaaga	ggactgctct	acatctggcc	540
tctgccaatg	ggaattcaga	agtagtaaaa	ctcctgctgg	acagacgatg	tcaacttaat	600
gtccttgaca	acaaaaagag	gacagctctg	ataaaggccg	tacaatgcca	ggaagatgaa	660
tgtgcgttaa	tgttgctgga	acatggcact	gatccaaata	ttccagatga	gtatggaaat	720
accactctgc	actacgctat	ctataatgaa	gataaattaa	tggccaaagc	actgctctta	780
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catgagcaaa	aacagcaagt	cgtgaaatct	ttaatcaaga	aaaaagcgaa	tttaaatgca	900
ctggatagat	atggaaggac	tgctctcata	cttgctgtat	gttggtggatc	agcaagtata	960
gtcagccttc	tacttgagca	aaatattgat	gtatcttctc	aagatctatc	tggacagacg	1020
gccagagagt	atgctgtttc	tagtcatcat	catgtaattt	gccagttact	ttctgactac	1080
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ctgacatcag	aggaagagtc	acaaagggtc	aaaggcagtg	aaaatagcca	gccagagaaa	1200
atgtctcaag	aaccagaaat	aaataaggat	ggtgatagag	agggtgaaga	agaaatgaag	1260
aagcatgaaa	gtaataatgt	gggattacta	gaaaacctga	ctaattggtgt	cactgctggc	1320
aatggtgata	atggattaat	tcctcaaagg	aagagcagaa	cacctgaaaa	tcagcaattt	1380

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cctgacaacg aaagtgaaga gtatcacaga atttgcgaat tagtttctga ctacaaagaa 1440
aaacagatgc caaaatactc ttctgaaaac agcaaccag aacaagactt aaagctgaca 1500
tcagaggaag agtcacaaag gcttgagggc agtgaaaatg gccagccaga gaaaagatct 1560
caagaaccag aaataaataa ggatggtgat agagagctag aaaattttat ggctatcgaa 1620
gaaatgaaga agcacggaag tactcatgtc ggattcccag aaaaacctgac taatggtgcc 1680
actgctggca atggtgatga tggattaatt cctccaagga agagcagaac acctgaaagc 1740
cagcaatttc ctgacactga gaatgaagag tatcacagt acgaacaaaa tgatactcag 1800
aagcaatttt gtgaagaaca gaacactgga atattacacg atgagattct gattcatgaa 1860
gaaaagcaga tagaagtggg tgaaaaaatg aattctgagc tttctcttag ttgtaagaaa 1920
gaaaaagaca tcttgcacga aaatagtacg ttgcgggaag aaattgccat gctaagactg 1980
gagctagaca caatgaaaca tcagagccag ctaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 2040

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<210> 376

<211> 329

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 376

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Glu Tyr Thr Ile Val His Ala Ser Phe Ile Ser Cys Ile Ser Ser Ser
 35             40             45
Leu Asp Gly Gln Gly Glu Arg Gln Glu Gln Arg Gly His Phe Trp Arg
 50             55             60
Pro Gln Arg Leu Leu Cys Glu Asp Ala Trp Glu Gln Glu Val Gln Val
 65             70             75             80
Val Leu Pro Leu Leu Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 85             90             95
Val Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Asp Pro Arg Tyr
100            105            110
His Val His Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp
115            120            125
Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp
130            135            140
Val Asn Lys Arg Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser
145            150            155            160
Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Val Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys
165            170            175
Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Thr Lys Ala
180            185            190
Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly
195            200            205
Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr
210            215            220
Ala Val Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr
225            230            235            240
Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu
245            250            255
Leu Gly Ile His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Ph Leu Ile Lys
260            265            270
Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu
275            280            285
Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Pro Leu Leu

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 Glu Gln Asn Val Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu Glu Arg Arg Pro Glu
 305 310 315 320
 Ser Met Leu Phe Leu Val Ile Ile Met
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<210> 377
 <211> 148
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
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 35 40 45
 Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu
 50 55 60
 Val Val Lys Leu Xaa Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Xaa Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp
 85 90 95
 Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro
 100 105 110
 Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Xaa Tyr Asn Glu Asp
 115 120 125
 Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser
 130 135 140
 Lys Asn Lys Val
 145

<210> 378
 <211> 1719
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 378
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 20 25 30
 Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
 35 40 45
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
 50 55 60
 Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn

[illegible]

Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp
 530 535 540
 Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln
 545 550 555 560
 Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val
 565 570 575
 Val Lys Leu Leu Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn
 580 585 590
 Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu
 595 600 605
 Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp
 610 615 620
 Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys
 625 630 635 640
 Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys
 645 650 655
 Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys
 660 665 670
 Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala
 675 680 685
 Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly
 690 695 700
 Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser
 705 710 715 720
 Ser Gln Asp Leu Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser
 725 730 735
 His His His Val Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln
 740 745 750
 Met Leu Lys Ile Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys
 755 760 765
 Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser
 770 775 780
 Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp
 785 790 795 800
 Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly
 805 810 815
 Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn
 820 825 830
 Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe
 835 840 845
 Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser
 850 855 860
 Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn
 865 870 875 880
 Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu
 885 890 895
 Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile
 900 905 910
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn
 915 920 925
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro
 930 935 940
 Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu
 945 950 955 960
 Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe

	965	970	975
Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His			
980	985	990	
Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser			
995	1000	1005	
Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu			
1010	1015	1020	
Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His			
1025	1030	1035	104
Gln Ser Gln Leu Pro Arg Thr His Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met			
1045	1050	1055	
Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met			
1060	1065	1070	
Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys			
1075	1080	1085	
Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr			
1090	1095	1100	
Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys			
1105	1110	1115	112
Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp			
1125	1130	1135	
Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His			
1140	1145	1150	
Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp			
1155	1160	1165	
Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg			
1170	1175	1180	
Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val			
1185	1190	1195	120
Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys			
1205	1210	1215	
Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly			
1220	1225	1230	
Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn			
1235	1240	1245	
Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys			
1250	1255	1260	
Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro			
1265	1270	1275	128
Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr			
1285	1290	1295	
Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp			
1300	1305	1310	
Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Gly Val			
1315	1320	1325	
His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala			
1330	1335	1340	
Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala			
1345	1350	1355	136
Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn			
1365	1370	1375	
Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr			
1380	1385	1390	
Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr			
1395	1400	1405	

Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu
 1410 1415 1420
 Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly
 1425 1430 1435 144
 Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn
 1445 1450 1455
 Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser
 1460 1465 1470
 Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly
 1475 1480 1485
 Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu
 1490 1495 1500
 Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys
 1505 1510 1515 152
 Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser
 1525 1530 1535
 Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu
 1540 1545 1550
 Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser
 1555 1560 1565
 Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe
 1570 1575 1580
 Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe
 1585 1590 1595 160
 Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly
 1605 1610 1615
 Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro
 1620 1625 1630
 Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln
 1635 1640 1645
 Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile
 1650 1655 1660
 Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser
 1665 1670 1675 168
 Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn
 1685 1690 1695
 Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr
 1700 1705 1710
 Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
 1715

<210> 379

<211> 656

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 379

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 Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe
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 Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
 35 40 45
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
 50 55 60

Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
 85 90 95
 Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
 100 105 110
 Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
 115 120 125
 Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
 130 135 140
 Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
 165 170 175
 Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
 180 185 190
 Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
 195 200 205
 Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
 210 215 220
 Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
 245 250 255
 Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
 260 265 270
 Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
 275 280 285
 Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
 290 295 300
 Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
 325 330 335
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val
 340 345 350
 Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
 355 360 365
 Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu
 370 375 380
 Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu
 405 410 415
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn
 420 425 430
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro
 435 440 445
 Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu
 450 455 460
 Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu
 465 470 475 480
 Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp
 485 490 495
 Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu

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      500                      505                      510
Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys
      515                      520                      525
Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly
      530                      535                      540
Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser
545                      550                      555                      560
Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr
      565                      570                      575
His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln
      580                      585                      590
Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln
      595                      600                      605
Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys
      610                      615                      620
Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile
625                      630                      635                      640
Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
      645                      650                      655

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<210> 380

<211> 671

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 380

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Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys
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Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe
      20                      25                      30
Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
      35                      40                      45
His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
      50                      55                      60
Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
65                      70                      75                      80
Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
      85                      90                      95
Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
      100                      105                      110
Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
      115                      120                      125
Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
      130                      135                      140
Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
145                      150                      155                      160
Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
      165                      170                      175
Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
      180                      185                      190
Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
      195                      200                      205
Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
      210                      215                      220
Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn

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225 230 235 240
 Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
 245 250 255
 Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
 260 265 270
 Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
 275 280 285
 Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
 290 295 300
 Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
 325 330 335
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val
 340 345 350
 Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
 355 360 365
 Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu
 370 375 380
 Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu
 405 410 415
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn
 420 425 430
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro
 435 440 445
 Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu
 450 455 460
 Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu
 465 470 475 480
 Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp
 485 490 495
 Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu
 500 505 510
 Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp
 515 520 525
 Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys
 530 535 540
 His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala
 545 550 555 560
 Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg
 565 570 575
 Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr His
 580 585 590
 Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn
 595 600 605
 Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile
 610 615 620
 Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys
 625 630 635 640
 Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala
 645 650 655
 Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
 660 665 670

<210> 381
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 381
 ggagaagcgt ctgctggggc aggaaggggt ttcctgccc tctcacctgt ccctcaccaa 60
 ggtaacatgc tccccctaag ggtatcccaa cccaggggcc tcaccatgac ctctgagggg 120
 ccaatatccc aggagaagca ttggggaggt gggggcaggt gaaggaccca ggactcacac 180
 atcctggggc tccaaggcag aggagaggggt cctcaagaag gtcaggagga aaatccgtaa 240
 caagcagtca g 251

<210> 382
 <211> 3279
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 382
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 atgctggagg gtgtcaggaa gtgacgggc tctggggcag ggaggagggg tggggagtgt 120
 cactgggagg ggacatcctg cagaaggtag gagtgagcaa acaccgctg caggggaggg 180
 gagagccctg cggcacctgg gggagcagag ggagcagcac ctgcccaggc ctgggaggag 240
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 cagggcgctg gatggcctca cacaggaag agagggcccc tctgcaggg cctcacctgg 360
 gccacaggag gacactgctt ttcctctgag gagttaggag ctgtgatgg tgctggacag 420
 aagaaggaca gggcctggct caggtgtcca gaggctgtcg ctggcttccc ttgggatca 480
 gactgcaggg agggagggcg gcagggttgt ggggggagtg acgatgagga tgacctgggg 540
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 gagccttgtt cctctgttg gactccctgc ccatattctt gtgggagtgg gttctggaga 960
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gcatatccga cagttattct ctccaagtgg agacttacgg acagcatata attctccctg 2220
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gtgccagggt tttttactgg gggtctgtag gacgagtatg gagtacttga ataattgacc 2340
tgaagtcttc agacctgagg ttccctagag ttcaaacaga tacagcatgg tccagagtcc 2400
cagatgtaca aaaacagggg ttcatcacia atccccatctt tagcatgaag ggtctggcat 2460
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gcagggtctc tgagtcaacc ttttattgta caggggatga gggaaagggg gaggatgagg 2640
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gttatgaaga tggttgaaca cccacacat agcaccggag atatgagatc aacagtttct 2880
tagccataga gattcacagc ccagagcagg aggacgctgc acaccatgca ggatgacatg 2940
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acaagacggt ggggcaaact ctgatttccg tgggggaatg tcatggtctt gctttactaa 3060
gttttgagac tggcaggtag tgaaactcat taggctgaga accttgtgga atgcagctga 3120
cccagctgat agaggaagta gccagggtggg agcctttccc agtgggtgtg ggacatatct 3180
ggcaagattt tgtggcactc ctgggttacag atactggggc agcaaataaa actgaatctt 3240
gttttcagac cttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaagttt 3279

```

<210> 383

<211> 155

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 383

```

Met Ala Gly Val Arg Asp Gln Gly Gln Gly Ala Arg Trp Pro His Thr
          5                      10                      15

```

```

Gly Lys Arg Gly Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Leu Thr Trp Ala Thr Gly Gly
          20                      25                      30

```

```

His Cys Phe Ser Ser Glu Glu Ser Gly Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Gly Gln
          35                      40                      45

```

```

Lys Lys Asp Arg Ala Trp Leu Arg Cys Pro Glu Ala Val Ala Gly Phe
          50                      55                      60

```

```

Pro Leu Gly Ser Asp Cys Arg Glu Gly Gly Arg Gln Gly Cys Gly Gly
          65                      70                      75                      80

```

```

Ser Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp Leu Gly Val Ala Pro Gly Leu Ala Pro Ala
          85                      90                      95

```

```

Trp Ala Leu Thr Gln Pro Pro Ser Gln Ser Pro Gly Pro Gln Ser Leu
          100                     105                     110

```

```

Pro Ser Thr Pro Ser Ser Ile Trp Pro Gln Trp Val Ile Leu Ile Thr
          115                     120                     125

```

```

Glu Leu Thr Ile Pro Ser Pro Ala His Gly Pro Pro Trp Leu Pro Asn
          130                     135                     140

```

```

Ala Leu Glu Arg Gly His Leu Val Arg Glu
          145                     150

```

<210> 384
<211> 557
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 384
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aaagatgtgt tttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgtggg tttccaacca 120
ggggaagggt cccttttgca ttgccaagt ccataaccat gagcactact ctaccatggg 180
tctgcctcct ggccaagcag gctggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg 240
acttaacctt gaaatggaaa gtcttgcaat ccatttgca ggatccgtct gtgcacatgc 300
ctctgtagag agcagcattc ccagggacct tggaaacagt tggcactgta aggtgcttgc 360
tccccaaagac acatccataa aggtgttgta atgggtgaaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgcc 420
ccttcttatt tatgtgaaca actgtttgtc tttttttgta tcttttttaa actgtaaagt 480
tcaattgtga aaatgaatat catgcaaata aattatgcga ttttttttcc aaagtaaaaa 540
aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 557

<210> 385
<211> 337
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 385
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gtttctctag cagcagatgg gttaggagga agtgacccaa gtggttgact cctatgtgca 120
tctcaaagcc atctgctgtc ttcgagtacg gacacatcaa cactcctgca ttgttgatca 180
aaacgtggag gtgcttttcc tcagctaaga agcccttagc aaaagctcga atagacttag 240
tatcagacag gtccagtttc cgcaccaaca cctgctggtt ccctgtcgtg gtctggatct 300
ctttggccac caattccccc ttttccacat cccggca 337

<210> 386
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 386
gggcccgtca ccggcccagg ccccgccctg cgagtcctcc tccccgggtg cctgcccgcga 60
gcccgtcgg cccagagggt gggcgcgggg ctgcctctac cggctggcgg ctgtaactca 120
gcgaccttg cccgaaggct ctagcaagga cccaccgacc ccagccgcgg cggcggcggc 180
gcggactttg cccggtgtgt ggggcggagc ggactgcgtg tccgcggacg ggcagcgaag 240
atgttagcct tcgctgccag gaccgtggac cgatcccagg gctgtggtgt aacctcagcc 300

<210> 387
<211> 537
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 387
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ccccctcctg tgccatcatg atcagcacct atgagttcgg caaaagcttc ttccagaggc 120
tgaaccagga ccggtctctg ggcggtgaa aggggcaagg aggcaggac cccgtctctc 180
ccacggatgg ggagagggca ggaggagacc cagccaagtg ccttttccctc agcactgagg 240
gaggggggctt gtttcccttc cctcccggcg acaagctcca gggcagggtt gtccctctgt 300

gcggcccagc acttctctcag acacaacttc ttctctgctgc tccagtcgtg gggatcatca 360
cttaccacc cccaagttc aagaccaaat cttccagctg ccccttcgt gtttcctgt 420
gtttgctgta gctgggcatg tctccaggaa ccaagaagcc ctcagcctgg tgtagctctc 480
ctgacccttg ttaattcctt aagtctaaag atgatgaact tcaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 537

<210> 388

<211> 520

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 388

aggataattt ttaaaccaat caaatgaaaa aaacaaacaa acaaaaaagg aaatgtcatg 60
tgagggttaa ccagtttgca tccccctaat gtggaaaaag taagaggact actcagcact 120
gtttgaagat tgctctctt acagcttctg agaattgtgt tatttcactt gccaaagtga 180
ggacccccct cccaacatgc ccagcccac cctaagcat ggctccctgt caccaggcaa 240
ccaggaaact gctacttggt gacctcacca gagaccagga ggggttggtt agctcacagg 300
acttccccca cccagaaga ttagcatccc atactagact cataactcaac tcaactaggc 360
tcatactcaa ttgatgggta ttagacaatt ccatttcttt ctgggttatta taaacagaaa 420
atctttcttc ttctcattac cagtaaaggc tcttggtatc tttctgttg aatgatttct 480
atgaacttgt cttattttaa tgggtgggtt ttttctggt 520

<210> 389

<211> 365

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 389

cgttgcccc gtttgacaga aggaaaggcg gagcttattc aaagtctaga gggagtggag 60
gagtttaaggc tggatttcag atctgcctgg ttccagccgc agtgtgccct ctgtccccc 120
aacgactttc caaataatct caccagcgcc ttccagctca ggcgtccctag aagcgtcttg 180
aagcctatgg ccagctgtct ttgtgttccc tctcaccgc ctgtccctcac agctgagact 240
cccaggaaac cttcagacta cttctctctg ctttcagcaa ggggcgttgc ccacattctc 300
tgagggtcag tggagaacc tagactccca ttgctagagg tagaaagggg aagggtgctg 360
gggag 365

<210> 390

<211> 221

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(221)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 390

tgctctcca tcttggeccc gacttctctg tcaggaaagt ggggatggac cccatctgca 60
tacacggnnt ctcatgggtg tggaacatct ctgcttgagg tttcaggaag gcctctggct 120
gctctangag tctgannga ntcgttgccc cantntgaca naaggaaagg cggagcttat 180
tcaaagtcta gagggagtgg aggagttaag gctggatttc a 221

<210> 391

<211> 325

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(325)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 391
tggagcaggt cccgaggcct ccctagagcc tggggccgac tctgtgncga tgcangcttt 60
ctctcgcgcc cagcctggag ctgctcctgg catctaccaa caatcagncg aggcgagcag 120
tagccagggc actgctgcca acagccagtc cnnataccat catgtnaccc ggtgngctct 180
naanttingat ntccanagcc ctacccatcn tagttctgct ctcccaccgg ntaccagccc 240
cactgcccag gaatcctaca gccagtaccc tgtcccgacg tctctaccta ccagtacgat 300
gagacctccg gctactacta tgacc 325

<210> 392
<211> 277
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(277)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 392
atattgttta actccttctt ttatatcttt taacattttc atggngaaag gttcacatct 60
agtctcactt nggcnagnn ctctacttg agtctcttcc ccggcctgnn ccagtnghaa 120
antaccanga accgncatgn cttaanaacn ncctgggttn tgggttnntc aatgactgca 180
tgcagtgcac caccctgtcc actacgtgat gctgtaggat taaagtctca cagtgggagg 240
ctgaggatac agcgcgcgct cctgtgtgtg tggggaa 277

<210> 393
<211> 566
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 393
actagtccag tgggttgga ttcgcggccg cgtcgacgga caggtcagct gtctggctca 60
gtgatctaca ttctgaagtt gtctgaaaat gtcttcatga ttaaattcag cctaaacggt 120
ttgccgggaa cactgcagag acaatgctgt gattttccaa ccttagccca tctgcgggca 180
gagaagggtct agtttgcca tcagcattat catgatata ggactgggta ctgggttaag 240
gaggggtcta ggagatctgt cccttttaga gacaccttac ttataatgaa gtatttgga 300
gggtgggttt caaaagtaga aatgtcctgt attccgatga tcatcctgta aacattttat 360
catttattaa tcatccctgc ctgtgtctat tattatattc atatctctac gctggaaact 420
ttctgcctca atgtttactg tgcctttggt tttgctagtt tgtgttggtg aaaaaaaaaa 480
cattctctgc ctgagtttta atttttgtcc aaagtatttt taatctatac aattaaaagc 540
ttttgcctat caaaaaaaaa aaaaaa, 566

<210> 394
<211> 384
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(384)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 394

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gaacatacat gtcccgccac ctgagctgca gtctgacatc atcgccatca cgggcctcgc 60
tgcaaattng gaccggggcca aggctggact gctggagcgt gtgaaggagc tacaggccna 120
gcaggaggac cgggctttta ggagttttta gctgagtgtc actgtagacc ccaaatacca 180
tcccaagatt atcgggagaa agggggcagt aattacccaa atccgggttg agcatgacgt 240
gaacatccag ttctctgata aggacgatgg gaaccagccc caggaccaa ttaccatcac 300
agggtacgaa aagaacacag aagctgccag ggatgctata ctgagaattg tgggtgaact 360
tgagcagatg gtttctgagg acgt 384
```

<210> 395

<211> 399

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 395

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ggcaaaactg tgtgacctca ataagacctc gcagatccaa ggtcaagtat cagaagtgc 60
tctgaccttg gactccaaga cctacatcaa cagcctggct atattagatg atgagccagt 120
tatcagaggt ttcattcttg cggaaattgt ggagtctaag gaaatcatgg cctctgaagt 180
attcacgtct ttccagtacc ctgagttctc tatagagttg cctaacacag gcagaattgg 240
ccagctactt gtctgcaatt gtatcttcaa gaataccctg gccatccctt tgactgacgt 300
caagttctct ttggaaagcc tgggcatctc ctactacag acctctgacc atgggacggt 360
gcagcctggt gagaccatcc aatcccaaat aaaatgcac 399
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<210> 396

<211> 403

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(403)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 396

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gacattttca acttctgctc cagctgctga taaaacaaat catgtgttta gcttgactcc 120
agacaaggac aacctgttcc ttcataactc tctagagaaa aaaaggagtt gttagtagat 180
actaaaaaaaa gtggatgaat aatctggata tttttcctaa aaagattcct tgaaacacat 240
taggaaaaatg gagggcctta tgatcagaat gctagaatta gtccattgtg ctgaagcagg 300
gtttagggga gggagtgagg gataaaagaa ggaaaaaaag aagagtgaga aaacctattt 360
atcaaagcag gtgctatcac tcaatgtagt gccctgctct ttt 403
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<210> 397

<211> 100

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(100)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 397

actagtncag tggggtggaa ttcgcgcccg cgtcgacctt naanccatct ctatagcaaa 60
tccatccccg ctccctggtg gtnacagaat gactgacaaa 100

<210> 398

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(278)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 398

gcggccgcgt cgacagcagt tccgccagcg ctgcgccctg ggtgggggatg tgctgcacgc 60
ccacctggac atctggaagt cagcgccctg gatgaaagag cggacctcac ctggggcgat 120
tcactactgt gcctcgacca gtgaggagag ctggaccgac agcgagggtg actcatcatg 180
ctccgggag cccatccacc tgtggcagtt cctcaaggag ttgctactca agccccacag 240
ctatggccgc ttcattangt ggctcaacaa ggagaagg 278

<210> 399

<211> 298

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(298)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 399

acggagggtg aggaagcgnc cctgggatcg anaggatggg tcctgncatt gaccncctcn 60
ggggtgccng catggagcgc atgggcgcgg gcctgggcca cggcatggat cgcgtgggct 120
ccgagatcga gcgcattggc ctggtcatgg accgcatggg ctccgtggag cgcattgggct 180
ccggcattga gcgcattggc ccgctgggcc tcgaccacat ggctccanc attgancgca 240
tgggccagac catggagcgc attggctctg gcgtggagcn catgggtgcc ggcatggg 298

<210> 400

<211> 548

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 400

acatcaacta ctctctcatt ttaagggtatg gcagttccct tcatccccctt ttcttgcctt 60
gtacatgtac atgtatgaaa ttctcttctc ttaccgaact ctctccacac atcacaagggt 120
caaagaacca cagccttaga agggtaagag ggcacctat gaaatgaaat ggtgatttct 180
tgagtctctt ttttccacgt ttaaggggcc atggcaggac ttagagttgc gaggtaagac 240
tgagaggggc tagagaatta tttcatacag gctttgaggc caccatgtc acttatcccg 300
tataccctct caccatcccc ttgtctactc tgatgccccc aagatgcaac tgggcagcta 360
gttggcccca taattctggg cctttgttgt ttgttttaat tacttgggca tcccaggaag 420
ctttccagtg atctctacc atgggccccc ctctgggat caagccccctc ccaggccctg 480
tcccagccc ctctgcccc agcccacccg cttgcccttg tgctcagccc tcccattggg 540
agcagggt 548

<210> 401
<211> 355
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(355)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 401
actgtttcca tgttatgttt ctacacattg ctacctcagt gctcctggaa acttagcttt 60
tgatgtctcc aagtagtcca ccttcattta actctttgaa actgtatcat ctttgccaag 120
taagagtggg ggctatttc agctgctttg acaaaatgac tggctcctga cttaacgttc 180
tataaatgaa tgtgtggaag caaagtgtcc atgggtggcg cgaagaagan aaagatgtgt 240
tttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgnggg tttccaacca ggggaagggt 300
cccttttgca ttgccaagtg ccataacat gagcactact ctaccatggn tctgc 355

<210> 402
<211> 407
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(407)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 402
atggggcaag ctggataaag aaccaagacc cactggagta tgctgtcttc aagaaaccca 60
tctcacatgc ggtggcatac ataggctcaa aataaaggaa tggagaaaaa tatttcaagc 120
aaatggaaaa cagaaaaaag caggtgttgc actcctactt tctgacaaaa cagactatgc 180
gaataaagat aaaaaagaga aggacattac aaaggtggtc ctgacctttg ataaatctca 240
ttgcttgata ccaacctggg ctgttttaat tgcccaaacc aaaaggataa ttgctgagg 300
ttgtggagct tctccctgc agagagctcc tgatctcca aaatttggt gagatgtaag 360
gntgattttg ctgacaactc cttttctgaa gttttactca tttccaa 407

<210> 403
<211> 303
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(303)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 403
cagtatttat agccnaactg aaaagctagt agcaggcaag tctcaaattc aggcaccaa 60
tcctaagcaa gagccatggc atgggtgaaa tgcaaaagga gactctggcc aatctacaaa 120
tagagaacaa gacctactca gtcataaaca aaaaggcaga caccaacatg gatctcatgg 180
gggattggat attgtaatta tagagcagga agatgacagt gatcgtcatt tggcacaaca 240
tcttaacaac gaccgaaacc cattatttac ataaacctcc attcggtaac catgttgaaa 300
gga 303

<210> 404
<211> 225
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 404
aagtgttaact tttaaaaatt tagtggattt tgaaaattct tagaggaaaag taaaggaaaa 60
attgttaatg cactcattta cctttacatg gtgaaagtgc tctcttgatc ctacaaacag 120
acattttcca ctctgtgttc catagtgtt aagtgtatca gatgtgttg gcatgtgaat 180
ctccaagtgc ctgtgtaata aataaagtat ctttatttca ttcac 225

<210> 405
<211> 334
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(334)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 405
gagctgttat actgtgagtt ctactaggaa atcatcaaatt ctgagggttg tctggaggac 60
ttcaatacac ctcccccat agtgaatcag cttccagggg gtccagtccc tctccttact 120
tcattcccat cccatgccaa aggaagaccc tccctccttg gctcacagcc tctctaggc 180
ttcccagtg ctccaggaca gagtgggtta tgttttcagc tccatccttg ctgtgagtg 240
ctgggtgcggg tgtgctcca gcttctgctc agtgcttcat ggacagtgtc cagcccatgt 300
cactctccac tctctcanng tggatccac ccct 334

<210> 406
<211> 216
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(216)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 406
tttcatacct aatgagggag ttganatnac atnnaaccag gaaatgcatg gatctcaang 60
gaaacaaaca cccaataaac tcggagtggc agactgacaa ctgtgagaca tgcacttgct 120
acnaaacaca aattttnatgt tgcacccttg tttctacacc tgtgggttat gacaaagaca 180
actgccaaag aatnttcaag aaggaggact gccant 216

<210> 407
<211> 413
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 407
gctgacttgc tagtatcatc tgcattcatt gaagcacaag aacttcatgc cttgactcat 60
gtaaatgcaa taggattaaa aaataaattt gatatcacat ggaaacagac aaaaaatatt 120
gtacaacatt gcacccagtg tcagattcta cacctggcca ctcaggaagc aagagttaat 180
cccagaggtc tatgtcctaa tgtgttatgg caaatggatg tcatgcacgt accttcattt 240

```

ggaaaaattgt catttggtcca tgtgacagtt gatacttatt cacatttcat atggggaacc 300
tgccagacag gagaaagtct tcccatgtta aaagacattt attatcttgt tttcctgtca 360
tgggagttcc agaaaaagtt aaaacagaca atggggccagg ttctgtagta aag          413

```

<210> 408

<211> 183

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(183)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 408

```

ggagctngcc ctcaattcct ccatntctat gttancatat ttaatgtctt ttgnnattaa 60
tnccttaacta gttaatcctt aaagggtan ntaatcctta actagtcctt ccattgtgag 120
cattatcctt scagtattcn ccttctnttt tatttactcc ttctgggcta cccatgtact 180
nct                                     183

```

<210> 409

<211> 250

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(250)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 409

```

cccacgcatg ataagctctt tatttctgta agtcctgcta ggaaatcatc aaatctgacg 60
gtggtttggg ggacctgaac aaacctcctg taattaatca gctttcagtt tctccccccta 120
gtccctcctt caacaacata ggaggatcct ccccttcttt ctgctcacgg ccttatctag 180
gcttccagcgt gccccagga cagcgtgggc tatgtttaca gcgntcctt gctggggggg 240
ggccn:atgc                                     250

```

<210> 410

<211> 306

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(306)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 410

```

ggctgggttg caagaatgaa atgaatgatt ctacagctag gacttaacct tgaaatggaa 60
agtcttgcaa tcccatctgc aggatccgtc tgtgcacatg cctctgtaga gaggcagatt 120
cccagggacc ttggaaacag ttggcactgt aagggtgctt ctccccaaga cacatcctaa 180
aagggtgttg aatgggtgaaa accgcttctt tctttattgc cccttcttat ttatgtgaac 240
nactgggttg ctttttttgn atctttttta aactggaaag ttcaattgng aaaatgaata 300
tcntgc                                     306

```

<210> 411
 <211> 261
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(261)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 411
 agagatattn cttaggtnaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
 ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
 tttaaatgtc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
 aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttaccat cagttccagc 240
 cttctctcaa ggngaggcaa a 261

<210> 412
 <211> 241
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(241)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 412
 gttcaatgtt acctgacatt tctacaacac ccactcacc gatgtattcg ttgcccagtg 60
 ggaacatacc agcctgaatt tggaaaaaat aattgtgttt ctgcccagg aaatactacg 120
 actgactttg atggctccac aaacataacc cagtgtaaaa acagaagatg tggaggggag 180
 ctgggagatt tctctgggta cattgaattc caaaactacc cangcaatta cccagccaac 240
 a 241

<210> 413
 <211> 231
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(231)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 413
 aactcttaca atccaagtga ctcatctgtg tgcttgaatc ctttccactg tctcatctcc 60
 ctcatccaag ttcttagtac cttctctttg ttgtgaagga taatcaaact gaacaacaaa 120
 aagtttactc tcctcatttg gaacctaaaa actctcttct tcctgggtct gagggctcca 180
 agaatccttg aatcanttct cagatcattg gggacaccan atcaggaacc t 231

<210> 414
 <211> 234
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 414

```
actgtccatg aagcactgag cagaagctgg aggcacaacg caccagacac tcacagcaag 60
gatggagctg aaaacataac ccactctgtc ctggaggcac tgggaagcct agagaaggct 120
gtgagccaag gagggagggt cttcctttgg catgggatgg ggatgaagta aggagaggga 180
ctggaccccc tggaagctga ttcactatgg ggggagggtg attgaagtcc tcca      234
```

<210> 415

<211> 217

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(217)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 415

```
gcataggatt aagactgagt atcttttcta cattctttta acttttctaag gggcacttct 60
caaaacacag accaggtagc aaatctccac tgctctaagg ntctcaccac cacttttctca 120
cacctagcaa tagtagaatt cagtcctact tctgaggcca gaagaatggg tcagaaaaat 180
antggattat aaaaaataac aattaagaaa aataatc      217
```

<210> 416

<211> 213

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(213)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 416

```
atgcatatnt aaagganact gcctcgcttt tagaagacat ctggnctgct ctctgcatga 60
ggcacagcag taaagctctt tgattcccag aatcaagaac tctccccttc agactattac 120
cgaatgcaag gtgggtaatt gaaggccact aattgatgct caaatagaag gatattgact 180
atattggaac agatggagtc tctactacaa aag      213
```

<210> 417

<211> 303

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(303)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 417

```
nagtcttcag gcccatcagg gaagttcaca ctggagagaa gtcatacata tgtactgtat 60
gtgggaaagg ctttactctg agttcaaadc ttcaagccca tcagagagtc cacactggag 120
agaagccata caaatgcaat gagtggtgga agagcttcag gagggattcc cattatcaag 180
ttcatctagt ggtccacaca ggagagaaaac cctataaatg tgagatatgt gggaagggtc 240
tcantcaaag ttcgtatctt caaatccatc ngaaggncca cagtatanan aaacctttta 300
agt      303
```


<210> 418
<211> 328
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(328)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 418
tttttggcgg tgggtggggca gggacgggac angagtctca ctctgttgcc caggctggag 60
tgcacaggca tgatctcggc tcactacaac ccctgcctcc catgtccaag cgattcttgt 120
gcctcagcct tccctgtagc tagaattaca ggcacatgcc accacacca gctagttttt 180
gtatttttag tagagacagg gtttcacat gttggccagg ctgggtctca actcctnacc 240
tcagnggtca ggctggtctc aaactcctga cctcaagtga tctgcccacc tcagcctccc 300
aaagtgctan gattacaggc cgtgagcc 328

<210> 419
<211> 389
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(389)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 419
ctcctcaag acggcctgtg gtccgcctcc cggcaaccaa gaagcctgca gtgccatatg 60
accctgagc catggactgg agcctgaaag gcagcgtaca ccctgctcct gatcttgctg 120
cttgtttctt ctctgtggct ccattcatag cacagttgtt gcactgaggc ttgtgcaggc 180
cgagcaaggc caagctggct caaagagcaa ccagtcaact ctgccacggc gtgccaggca 240
ccggttctcc agccaccaac ctcaactcgt cccgcaaatt gcacatcagt tcttctaccc 300
taaaggtagg accaaagggc atctgctttt ctgaagtcct ctgctctatc agccatcacg 360
tggcagccac tcnggctgtg tcgacggcg 389

<210> 420
<211> 408
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 420
gttcctccta actcctgcca gaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggtt tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgaccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg aagtgcctatg acaaacctgg caagcccg 408

<210> 421
<211> 352
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(352)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 421

```
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atnggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt acggaggcca 60
gaggagaatg aggcctggcc tgggagccct gtgcctacta naagcacatt agattatcca 120
ttcactgaca gaacaggctc tttttgggtc cttcttctcc accacnatac atttgcatgc 180
ctccttcttg aagattcttt ggcagttgtc tttgtcataa cccacagggtg tagaaacaag 240
ggtgcaacat gaaatttctg tttcgtagca agtgcattgc tcacaagttg gcangtctgc 300
cactccgagt ttattgggtg tttgtttcct ttgagatcca tgcatttctc gg 352
```

<210> 422

<211> 337

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 422

```
atgccaccat gctggcaatg cagcggggcg tcgaaggcct gcatatccag cccaagctgg 60
cgatgatcga cggcaaccgt tgcccgaagt tgccgatgcc agccgaagcg gtggtcaagg 120
gcgatagcaa ggtgccggcg atcgcggcgg cgtcaatcct ggccaagggtc agccgtgac 180
gtgaaatggc agctgtcgaa ttgatctacc cgggttatgg catcggcggg cataagggtc 240
atccgacacc ggtgcacctg gaagccttgc agcggctggg gccgacgccg attcaccgac 300
gttctcttcg ccggtacggc tggcctatga aaattat 337
```

<210> 423

<211> 310

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(310)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 423

```
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atatggcatg gctacacaat cattgactat tagaggccag 60
aggagaatga ggcctggcct gggagccctg tgccactan aagcncatta gattatccat 120
tcactgacag aacaggctct ttttgggtcc ttcttctcca ccacgatata cttgcagtcc 180
tccttcttga agattctttg gcagttgtct ttgtcataac ccacagggtg anaaacaagg 240
gtgcaacatg aaatttctgt ttcgtagcaa gtgcattgtc cacagttgtc aagtctgccc 300
tccgagtta 310
```

<210> 424

<211> 370

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(370)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 424

```
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg ataggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt agaggccaga 60
ggagaatgag gcctggcctg ggagccctgt gcctactaga agcacattag attatccatt 120
cactgacaga acaggtcttt ttgggtcct tcttctccac cacgatatac ttgcagtctt 180
ccttcttgaa gattctttgg cagttgtctt tgtcataacc cacaggtgta gaaacatcct 240
ggttgaatct cctggaactc cctcattagg tatgaaatag catgatgcat tgcataaagt 300
cacgaagggtg gcaaagatca caacgctgcc cagganaaca ttcattgtga taagcaggac 360
tccgtcgacg                                     370
```

<210> 425

<211> 216

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(216)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 425

```
aattgctatn ntattatttg ccactcaaaa taattaccaa aaaaaaaaaa tnttaaataga 60
taacaacnca acatcaaggn aaananaaca ggaatggntg acintgcata aatnggccga 120
anattatcca ttatnttaag ggttgacttc aggnntacagc acacagacaa acatgcccag 180
gaggntntca ggaccgctcg atgntntntg agggagg                                     216
```

<210> 426

<211> 596

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 426

```
cttccagtga ggataaccct gtgccccgg gccgagggtc tccattaggc tctgattgat 60
tggcagtcag tgatggaagg gtgttctgat cattccgact gcccgaaggg tgcgtggcca 120
gctctctgtt ttgctgagtt ggcagtagga cctaatttgt taattaagag tagatggtga 180
gctgtccttg tattttgatt aacctaatgg ccttcccagc acgactcgga ttcagctgga 240
gacatcacgg caacttttaa tgaaatgatt tgaagggcca ttaagaggca cttcccgtaa 300
ttaggcagtt catctgcact gataacttct tggcagctga gctggtcgga gctgtggccc 360
aaacgcacac ttggcttttg gttttgagat acaactctta atcttttagt catgcttgag 420
ggtaggatggc cttttcagct ttaaccceat ttgcaactgc ttggaagtgt agccaggaga 480
atacactcat atactcgtgg gcttagaggc cacagcagat gtcattggtc tactgcctga 540
gtcccgcctgg tcccatccca ggaccttcca tcggcgagta cctgggagcc cgtgct      596
```

<210> 427

<211> 107

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(107)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 427

```
gaagaattca agttaggttt attcaaaggg cttacngaga atcctanacc caggncccag 60
```

cccgggagca gccttanaga gctcctgttt gactgcccgg ctcagng 107

<210> 428
<211> 38
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(38)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 428
gaacttcena anaangactt tattcactat ttacatt 38

<210> 429
<211> 544
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 429
ctttgctgga cggaataaaa gtggacgcaa gcatgacctc ctgatgaggg cgctgcattt 60
attgaagagc ggctgcagcc ctgcggttca gattaaaatc cgagaattgt atagacgccg 120
atatccacga actcttgaag gactttctga tttatccaca atcaaatcat cgggttttcag 180
tttggtggtt ggctcatcac ctgtagaacc tgacttggcc gtggctggaa tccactcgtt 240
gccttcactc tcagttacac ctcactcacc atcctctcct gttgggttctg tgetgcttca 300
agataactaag cccacatttg agatgcagca gccatctccc ccaattcctc ctgtccatcc 360
tgatgtgcag ttaaaaaatc tgccctttta tgatgtcctt gatgttctca tcaagccac 420
gagtttagtt caaagcagta ttcagcgatt tcaagagaag ttttttatct ttgctttgac 480
acctcaacaa gttagagaga tatgcatatc cagggatttt ttgccagggtg gtaggagaga 540
ttat 544

<210> 430
<211> 507
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(507)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 430
cttatcncaa tggggctccc aaacttggct gtgcagtgga aactccgggg gaattttgaa 60
gaacactgac acccatcttc caccgcgaca ctctgattta attgggctgc agtgagaaca 120
gagcatcaat ttaaaaagct gcccagaatg ttntcctggg cagcgttgtg atctttgccn 180
ccttcgtgac tttatgcaat gcatcatgct atttcatacc taatgaggga gttccaggag 240
attcaaccag gatgtttcta cncctgtggg ttatgacaaa gacaactgcc aaagaatntt 300
caagaaggag gactgcaagt atatcgtggt ggagaagaag gacccaaaaa agacctgttc 360
tgtcagtgaa tggataatct aatgtgcttc tagtaggcac agggctccca ggccaggcct 420
cattctctctc tggcctctaa tagtcaatga ttgtgtagcc atgcctatca gtaaaaagat 480
ttttgagcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 507

<210> 431
<211> 392

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(392)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 431

```
gaaaattcag aatggataaa aacaaatgaa gtacaaaata ttccagattt acatagcgat 60
aaacaagaaa gcacttatca ggaggactta caaatggaag tacactctan aaccatcacc 120
tatcatggct aaatgtgaga ttagcacagc tgtattattt gtacattgca aacacctaga 180
aagagatggg aaacaaaatc ccaggagttt tgtgtgtgga gtccctgggtt ttccaacaga 240
catcattcca gcattctgag attagggnga ttggggatca ttctggagtt ggaatgttca 300
acaaaagtga tgtgttagg taaaatgtac aacttctgga tctatgcaga cattgaaggt 360
gcaatgagtc tggcttttac tctgctgttt ct 392
```

<210> 432

<211> 387

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(387)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 432

```
ggtatccnta cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattggngt agattaccac 60
aaatgcaagg caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg 120
ngtagtccaa gctctcgga gtccagccac tngaaacat gctcccttta gattaacctc 180
gtggacnctn ttgttgnatt gtctgaactg tagngccctg tattttgctt ctgctctnga 240
attctgttgc ttctggggca ttcccttng atgcagagga ccaccacaca gatgacagca 300
atctgaattg ntccaatcac agctgcgatt aagacatact gaaatcgtac aggaccggga 360
acaacgtata gaacactgga gtccctt 387
```

<210> 433

<211> 281

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(281)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 433

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ttcaactagc anagaanact gcttcagggn gtgtaaaatg aaaggcttcc acgcagttat 60
ctgattaaag aacactaaga gagggacaag gctagaagcc gcaggatgtc tacactatag 120
caggcnctat ttgggttggc tggaggagct gtggaaaaca tggagagatt ggcgctggag 180
atcgccgtgg ctattcctcn ttgntattac accagnagg ntctctgtnt gccactgggt 240
tnnaaaaccg ntatacaata atgatagaat aggacacaca t 281
```

<210> 434

<211> 484

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 434

```

ttttaaaata agcatttagt gctcagtcct tactgagtag tctttctctc cctctctctg 60
aatttaattc ttccaacttg caatttgcaa ggattacaca ttccactgtg atgtatatgt 120
tggtgcaaaa aaaaaaaagt gtctttgttt aaaattactt gggttgtaga tccatctctg 180
tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaacct atctctgaac tggtagaaaa acatctgaag 240
agctagtcta tcagcatctg acaggtgaat tggatgggtc tcagaacctt tccaccaga 300
cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca taacaaacct 360
tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt agtcagcacc cccaccaaac 420
tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataaag taccatgtc 480
ttta

```

484

<210> 435

<211> 424

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 435

```

gcgcccgtca gaggaggtca ctttctgcct tccacgtcct ccttcaagga agccccatgt 60
gggtagcttt caatatcgca gggtcttact cctctgcctc tataagctca aaccaccaa 120
cgatcgggca agtaaacccc ctccctcgcc gacttcggaa ctggcgagag ttcagcgag 180
atgggctgtt ggggaggggg caagatagat gagggggagc ggcattggtc ggggtgacc 240
cttgagagga ggaaaaggc cacaagaggg gctgccaccg cactaacgg agatggcct 300
ggtagagacc ttgggggtc tggaaacctt ggaactccca tgctctaact cccacactct 360
gctatcagaa acttaaaactt gaggattttc tctgtttttc actcgcaata aattcagagc 420
aaac

```

424

<210> 436

<211> 667

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(667)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 436

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accttgggaa nactctcaca atataaaggg tcgtagactt tactccaaat tccaaaaagg 60
tcctggccat gtaatcctga aagttttccc aaggtagcta taaaatcctt ataagggtgc 120
agcctcttct ggaattccct tgatttcaaa gtctcactct caagtctctg aaaacgaggg 180
cagttcctga aaggcaggta tagcaactga tcttcagaaa gaggaactgt gtgcaccggg 240
atgggctgcc agagtaggat aggattccag atgctgacac cttctggggg aaacagggct 300
gccaggtttg tcatagcact catcaaagtc cggtcacagt ctgtgcttcg aatataaacc 360
tgttcatgtt tataggactc attcaagaat tttctatctc tctttcttat atactctcca 420
agttcataat gctgtcccat gccagctggg gtgagttggc caaatccttg tggccatgag 480
gattccttta tggggtcagt gggaaagggt tcaatgggac ttcggtctcc atgccgaaac 540
accaaagtca caaacttcaa ctcttgggt agtacacttc ggtctagcca gaaaaaagg 600
agaaacaaga agccaaggct aaggcttgcg gccctgccag gaggaggggt gcagctctca 660
tgttgag

```

667

<210> 437

<211> 693

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 437

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ctacgtctca accctcattt ttaggtaagg aatcttaagt ccaaagatat taagtgactc 60
acacagccag gtaaggaaag ctggattggc acactaggac tctaccatac cgggttttgt 120
taaagctcag gttaggaggc tgataagctt ggaaggaact tcagacagct ttttcagatc 180
ataaaaagata attcttagcc catgttcttc tccagagcag acctgaaatg acagcacagc 240
aggtaactct ctattttcac cctcttgct tctactctct gccagtcaga cctgtgggag 300
gccatgggag aaagcagctc tctggatgtt tgtacagatc atggactatt ctctgtggac 360
catttctcca ggttacccta ggtgtcacta ttggggggac agccagcacc tttagctttc 420
atgtgagttt ctgtctgtct tcagtagagg aaacttttgc tcttcacact tcacatctga 480
acacctaaact gctgttgctc ctgaggtggg gaaagacaga tatagagctt acagtattta 540
tcctatttct aggcactgag ggctgtgggg taccttggtg tgccaaaaca gatcctgttt 600
taaggacatg ttgcttcaga gatgtctgta actatctggg ggctctgttg gctctttacc 660
ctgcatcatg tgctctcttg gctgaaaatg acc                                     693
```

<210> 438

<211> 360

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 438

```
ctgcttatca caatgaatgt tctcctgggc agcgttgtga tctttgccac ctctgtgact 60
ttatgcaatg catcatgcta ttctatacct aatgagggag ttccaggaga ttcaaccagg 120
atgtttctac acctgtgggt tatgacaaaag acaactgcc aagaatcttc aagaaggagg 180
actgcaagta tatctgggtg agaagaagga ccaaaaaaag acctgttctg tcagtgaatg 240
gataatctaa tgtgcttcta gtaggcacag ggctcccag ccaggcctca ttctcctctg 300
gcctctaata gtcaataatt gtgtagccat gcctatcagt aaaaagattt ttgagcaaac 360
```

<210> 439

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(431)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 439

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gttcctnnta actcctgcc aaaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggtt tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgacttttgt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacttttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcggccgcg 420
aatcttagtag t                                     431
```

<210> 440

<211> 523

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 440
agagataaag cttaggtcaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaatgtc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttacccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggagaggcaa agaaaggaga tacagtggag acatctggaa agttttctcc 300
actggaaaac tgctactatc tgtttttata tttctgttaa aatatatgag gctacagaac 360
taaaaaattaa aacctctttg tgctcccttg tcttggaaca tttatgttcc ttttaaagaa 420
acaaaaatca aactttacag aaagatttga tgtatgtaac acatatagca gctcttgaag 480
tatatatatc atagcaaata agtcatctga tgagaacaag cta 523

<210> 441
<211> 430
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 441
gttcctccta actcctgcc a gaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggtt tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccatgta cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtccata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag 430

<210> 442
<211> 362
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 442
ctaaggaatt agtagtggtc ccatcacttg tttggagtgt gctattctaa aagattttga 60
tttcctggaa tgacaattat attttaactt tgggtgggga aagagttata ggaccacagt 120
cttcacttct gatacttgta aattaatctt ttattgcact tgttttgacc attaagctat 180
atgttttagaa atggtcattt tacggaaaaa ttagaaaaat tctgataata gtgcagaata 240
aatgaattaa tgttttactt aatttatatt gaactgtcaa tgacaaataa aaattctttt 300
tgattatttt ttgttttcat ttaccagaat aaaaactaag aattaaaagt ttgattacag 360
tc 362

<210> 443
<211> 624
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(624)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 443
ttttttttt gcaacacaat atacatcaca gtgaaatgtg taatccttgc aaattgcaag 60
ttgaaagaat taaattcaga ggaggggaga gaaagagtac tcagtaggga ctgagcacta 120
aatgcttatt ttaaaagaaa tgtaaagagc agaaagcaat tcaggctacc ctgccttttg 180
tgctggctag tactccggtc ggtgtcagca gcacgtggca ttgaacattg caatgtggag 240

cccaaaccac agaaaatggg gtgaaattgg ccaactttct attaacttgg cttcctgttt 300
tataaaatat tgtgaataat atcacctact tcaaagggca gttatgaggc ttaaataaac 360
taacgcctac aaaacactta aacatagata acatagggtg aagtactatg tatctggtac 420
atggtaaaaca tccttattat taaagtcaac gctaaaatga atgtgtgtgc atatgctaata 480
agtacagaga gagggcactt aaaccaacta agggcctgga gggaagggtt cctggaaaaga 540
ngatgcttgt gctgggtcca aatcttggtc tactatgacc ttggccaaat tatttaaaact 600
ttgtccctat ctgctaaaca gatc 624

<210> 444

<211> 425

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(425)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 444

gcacatcatt nntcttgcatt tctttgagaa taagaagatc agtaaatagt tcagaagtgg 60
gaagctttgt ccaggcctgt gtgtgaaccc aatgttttgc ttagaaatag aacaagtaag 120
ttcattgcta tagcataaca caaaatttgc ataagtgttg gtcagcaaat ccttgaatgc 180
tgcttaatat gagagggttg taaaatcctt tgtgcaacac tctaactccc tgaatgtttt 240
gctgtgctgg gacctgtgca tgccagacaa ggccaagctg gctgaaagag caaccagcca 300
cctctgcaat ctgccacctc ctgctggcag gatttgtttt tgcatcctgt gaagagccaa 360
ggaggcacca gggcataagt gtagtagact atggtcgacg cggccgcgaa tttagtagta 420
gtaga 425

<210> 445

<211> 414

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(414)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 445

catgtttatg nttttggatt actttgggca cctagtgttt ctaaatcgtc tatcattctt 60
ttctgttttt caaaagcaga gatggccaga gtctcaacaa actgtatctt caagtctttg 120
tgaaattctt tgcattgtggc agattattgg atgtagtctt ctttaactag catataaatc 180
tgggtgtgttt cagataaatg aacagcaaaa tgtggtggaa ttaccatttg gaacattgtg 240
aatgaaaaat tgtgtctcta gattatgtaa caaataacta tttcctaacc attgatcttt 300
ggatttttat aatcctactc acaaatgact aggcctctcc tcttgtattt tgaagcagtg 360
tgggtgctgg attgataaaa aaaaaaaaaaag tcgacgcggc cgcaattta gtag 414

<210> 446

<211> 631

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(631)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 446

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acaaattaga anaaagtgcc agagaacacc acataccttg tccggaacat tacaatggct 60
tctgcatgca tgggaagtgt gagcattcta tcaatatgca ggagccatct tgcagggtgtg 120
atgctgggta tactggacaa cactgtgaaa aaaaggacta cagtgttcta tacgttggtc 180
ccggctcctgt acgatttcag tatgtcttaa tgcagctgt gattggaaca attcagattg 240
ctgtcatctg tgtggtggtc ctctgcatca caagggccaa actttaggta atagcattgg 300
actgagattt gtaaaccttc caaccttcca ggaaatgccc cagaagcaac agaattcaca 360
gacagaagca aaatacaggg cactacagtt cagacaatac aacaagagcg tccacgaggt 420
taatctaaag ggagcatgtt tcacagtggc tggactaccg agagcttgga ctacacaata 480
cagtattata gacaaaagaa taagacaaga gatctacaca tgttgccttg catttgtggt 540
aatctacacc aatgaaaaca tgtactacag ctatatttga ttatgtatgg atatatttga 600
aatagtatac attgtcttga tgttttttct g 631

```

<210> 447

<211> 585

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(585)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 447

```

ccttgggaaa antntcacia tataaagggt cgtagacttt actccaaatt caaaaaagg 60
cctggccatg taatcctgaa agttttccca aggtagctat aaaatcctta taagggtgca 120
gcctcttctg gaattcctct gatttcaaag tctcactctc aagtctctga aaacgagggc 180
agttcctgaa aggcaggtat agcaactgat cttcagaaaag aggaactgtg tgcacgggga 240
tgggctgcca gagtaggata ggattccaga tgctgacacc ttctggggga aacaggggtg 300
ccaggtttgt catagcactc atcaaagtcc ggtcaacgtc tgtgcttcga atataaacct 360
gttcattgtt ataggactca ttcaagaatt ttctatatct ctttcttata tactctccaa 420
gttcataatg ctgctccatg cccagctggg tgagttggcc aaatccttgt ggccatgagg 480
attcctttat ggggtcagtg ggaaagggtg caatgggact tcggtctcca tgccgaaaca 540
ccaaagtcac aaacttcaac tccttggcta gtacacttcg gtcta 585

```

<210> 448

<211> 93

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(93)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 448

```

tgctcgtggg tcattctgan ncccgaactg accntgccag ccctgccgan gggccnccat 60
ggctccctag tgccttggag agganggggc tag 93

```

<210> 449

<211> 706

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(706)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 449
 ccaagttcat gctntgtgct ggacgctgga caggggggcaa aagcnnttgc tcgtgggtca 60
 ttctgancac cgaactgacc atgccagccc tgccgatggt cctccatggc tccctagtgc 120
 cctggagagg aggtgtctag tcagagagta gtccctggaag gtggcctctg ngaggagcca 180
 cggggacagc atcctgcaga tggtcgggcg cgteccattc gccattcagg ctgcgcaact 240
 gttgggaagg gcgacgggtg cgggcctctt cgctattacg ccagctggcg aaagggggat 300
 gtgctgcaag gcgattaagt tgggtaacgc caggggtttc ccagtcncga cgttgtaaaa 360
 cgacggccag tgaattgaat ttaggtgacn ctatagaaga gctatgacgt cgcatgcacg 420
 cgtacgtaag cttggatect ctgagcggc cgctactac tactaaattc gcggcgcgct 480
 cgacgtggga tccnactga gagagtggag agtgacatgt gctggacnct gtccatgaag 540
 cactgagcag aagctggagg cacaacgcnc cagacactca cagctactca ggaggctgag 600
 aacaggttga acctgggagg tggaggttgc aatgagctga gatcaggccn ctgcncacca 660
 gcatggatga cagagtgaaa ctccatctta aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 706

<210> 450
 <211> 493
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 450
 gagacggagt gtcactctgt tggccaggct ggagtgcagc aagacactgt ctaagaaaaa 60
 acagttttta aaggtaaaac aacataaaaa gaaatatact atagtggaaa taagagagtc 120
 aaatgaggct gagaacttta caaagggatc ttacagacat gtgcgcaata tcaactgcag 180
 agcctaagta taagaacaac ctttggggag aaaccatcat ttgacagtga ggtacaattc 240
 caagtcaagt agtgaaatgg gtggaattaa actcaaatta atcctgccag ctgaaacgca 300
 agagacactg tcagagagtt aaaaagttag ttctatccat gaggatgatt cacagtcttc 360
 tcaagtcaac acatctgtga actcacagac caagttctta aaccactgtt caaactctgc 420
 tacacatcag aatcacctgg agagctttac aaactcccat tgccgagggt cgacgcggcc 480
 gcgaatttag tag 493

<210> 451
 <211> 501
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(501)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 451
 gggcgcgtcc cattcgccat tcaggctgcg caactgttgg gaagggcgat cggcgcgggc 60
 ctcttcgcta ttacgccagc tggcgaaagg gggatgtgct gcaaggcgat taagttgggt 120
 aacgccaggg ttttccagc cncgacgttg taaaacgacg gccagtgaat tgaatttagg 180
 tgacnctata gaagagctat gacgtcgcat gcacgcgtac gtaagcttgg atcctctaga 240
 gcggccgcct actactacta aattcgcggc cgctcgacg tgggatccnc actgagagag 300
 tggagagtga catgtgctgg acnctgtcca tgaagcactg agcagaagct ggaggcacia 360
 cgncacagac actcacagct actcaggagg ctgagaacag gttgaacctg ggaggtggag 420
 gttgcaatga gctgagatca ggcnctgcn ccccgacatg gatgacagag tgaaactcca 480

tcttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a

501

<210> 452

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(51)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 452

agacgggttc accnttacia cnccttttag gatgggnntt ggggagcaag c

51

<210> 453

<211> 317

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(317)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 453

tacatcttgc tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaaccc atctctgaac tggtagaaaa 60
 acatctgaag agctagtcta tcagcatctg gcaagtgaat tggatgggtc tcagaacat 120
 ttcaccana cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca 180
 taacaaaccc tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt antcagcacc 240
 cccaccaaac tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataagg 300
 taccatgtc tttatta 317

<210> 454

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 454

ttcgaggtag aatcaactct cagagtgtag tttccttcta tagatgagtc agcattaata 60
 taagccacgc cagctcttg aaggagtctt gaattctcct ctgctcactc agtagaacca 120
 agaagaccaa attcttctgc atccagctt gcaaacaaaa ttgttcttct aggtctccac 180
 ccttcctttt tcagtgttcc aaagctctc acaatttcat gaacaacagc t 231

<210> 455

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 455

taccaaagag ggcataataa tcagtctcac agtaggggtc accatcctcc aagtgaaaaa 60
 cattgttccg aatgggcttt ccacaggcta cacacacaaa acaggaaaca tgccaagttt 120
 gtttcaacgc attgatgact tctccaagga tcttcttttg gcatcgacca cattcagggg 180
 caaagaattt ctcatagcac agctcacaat acagggtctc tttctcctct a 231

<210> 456
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 456
ttggcaggta cccttacaaa gaagacacca taccttatgc gttattaggt ggaataatca 60
ttccattcag tattatcggt attattcttg gagaaaccct gtctgtttac tgtaaccttt 120
tgcaactcaaa ttcctttatc aggaataact acatagccac tatttcaaaa gccattggaa 180
cctttttatt tgggtgcagct gctagtcagt ccctgactga cattgccaag t 231

<210> 457
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(231)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 457
cgagggtaccc aggggtctga aaatctctnn tttantagtc gatagcaaaa ttgttcatca 60
gcattcctta atatgatctt gctataatta gatttttctc cattagagtt catacagttt 120
tatttgattt tattagcaat ctctttcaga agacccttga gatcattaag ctttgtatcc 180
agttgtctaa atcgatgcct catttctctt gaggtgtcgc tggcttttgc g 231

<210> 458
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 458
aggctctggt cccccactt ccactcccct ctactctctc taggactggg ctgggccaaag 60
agaagagggg tgggttaggga agccgttgag acctgaagcc ccacctctca ccttccttca 120
acaccctaac cttgggtaac agcatttgga attatcattt gggatgagta gaatttccaa 180
ggtcctgggt taggcatttt ggggggccag accccaggag aagaagattc t 231

<210> 459
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 459
ggtaccgagg ctcgctgaca cagagaaacc ccaacgcgag gaaaggaatg gccagccaca 60
ccttcgcgaa acctgtggtg gccaccagt cctaacggga caggacagag agacagagca 120
gccttgcact gttttccctc caccacagcc atcctgtccc tcattggctc tgtgctttcc 180
actatacaca gtcaccgtcc caatgagaaa caagaaggag caccctccac a 231

<210> 460
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 460

gcaggtataa catgctgcaa caacagatgt gactaggaac ggccggtgac atggggaggg 60
cctatcacc cttcttggg ggctgcttct tcacagtgat catgaagcct agcagcaa 120
cccacctccc cacacgcaca cggccagcct ggagcccaca gaagggtcct cctgcagcca 180
gtggagcttg gtccagcctc cagtccaccc ctaccaggct taaggataga a 231

<210> 461

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 461

cgaggtttga gaagctctaa tgtgcagggg agccgagaag caggcgccct agggagggtc 60
gcgtgtgctc cagaagagtg tgtgcatgcc agaggggaaa caggcgccctg tgtgtcctgg 120
gtggggttca gtgaggagtg ggaaatttgt tcagcagaac caagccgttg ggtgaataag 180
agggggattc catggcactg atagagccct atagtctcag agctgggaat t 231

<210> 462

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 462

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<210> 463

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 463

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catttgacag gtgtcttttc ctctggacct cgggtgtccc atctgagtga gaaaaggcag 180
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<210> 464

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 464

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cctgtctcag tgactgtgtg cctgtagtcc cagctactcg ggagtctgtg tgaggccagg 180
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<210> 465

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 465

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aggatggcac aatttttgc tgtgttcata atatactcag attagttcag ctccatcaga 180
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<210> 466

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 466

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<211> 311

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

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<211> 3112

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

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<210> 469

<211> 2229

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 469

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<210> 470

<211> 2426

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 470

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<210> 471

<211> 812

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 471

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<210> 472

<211> 515

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

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<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 472

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